

# Steven De Peuter

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9162307/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

49  
papers

1,933  
citations

270111

25  
h-index

286692

43  
g-index

50  
all docs

50  
docs citations

50  
times ranked

1758  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	The modified lottery: Formalizing the intrinsic randomness of research funding. <i>Accountability in Research</i> , 2022, 29, 324-345.	1.6	7
2	Interoceptive cues predicting exteroceptive events. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2016, 109, 100-106.	0.5	5
3	The Reduction of Fear of Movement-related Pain. <i>Clinical Journal of Pain</i> , 2015, 31, 933-945.	0.8	17
4	Avoidance behavior in chronic pain research: A cold case revisited. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2015, 64, 31-37.	1.6	70
5	Learning to fear obstructed breathing: Comparing interoceptive and exteroceptive cues. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2013, 92, 36-42.	1.1	41
6	Predicting Asthma Treatment Outcome at Diagnosis: The Role of Symptom Perception during a Histamine Challenge Test. <i>Journal of Asthma</i> , 2012, 49, 230-236.	0.9	10
7	The Gap Between Attitudes and Use in Prediction of Effect of an Online Smoking Cessation Program. <i>Journal of Health Communication</i> , 2012, 17, 946-959.	1.2	7
8	Psychophysiological responses to CO2 inhalation. <i>International Journal of Psychophysiology</i> , 2012, 84, 45-50.	0.5	24
9	Safety behavior can hamper the extinction of fear of movement-related pain: An experimental investigation in healthy participants. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2012, 50, 735-746.	1.6	50
10	Understanding fear of pain in chronic pain: Interoceptive fear conditioning as a novel approach. <i>European Journal of Pain</i> , 2011, 15, 889-894.	1.4	92
11	The influence of fear of symptoms and perceived control on asthma symptom perception. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2011, 71, 154-159.	1.2	10
12	Sigh rate and respiratory variability during mental load and sustained attention. <i>Psychophysiology</i> , 2011, 48, 117-120.	1.2	111
13	Dyspnea-related anxiety: The Dutch version of the Breathlessness Beliefs Questionnaire. <i>Chronic Respiratory Disease</i> , 2011, 8, 11-19.	1.0	34
14	Dyspnea Perception in COPD. <i>Chest</i> , 2011, 140, 618-625.	0.4	105
15	Feeling Lightheaded: The Role of Cerebral Blood Flow. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2010, 72, 672-680.	1.3	16
16	Distorted symptom perception in patients with medically unexplained symptoms.. <i>Journal of Abnormal Psychology</i> , 2010, 119, 226-234.	2.0	77
17	Breathtaking! About the comparison of the subjective sensations of pain and dyspnea. <i>Pain</i> , 2010, 149, 411-412.	2.0	2
18	Negative affective pictures can elicit physical symptoms in high habitual symptom reporters. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2010, 25, 685-698.	1.2	52

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Resistance to extinction in an odorâ€”20% CO2 inhalation paradigm: Further evidence for a symptom learning account of multiple chemical sensitivity. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2010, 68, 47-56.	1.2	18
20	Response to â€œMultiple chemical sensitivity is a response to chemicals acting as toxicants via excessive NMDA activityâ€. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2010, 69, 328-330.	1.2	1
21	Defense reactions to interoceptive threats: A comparison between loaded breathing and aversive picture viewing. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2010, 84, 98-103.	1.1	32
22	The Nature and Treatment of Pain-Related Fear in Chronic Musculoskeletal Pain. <i>Journal of Cognitive Psychotherapy</i> , 2009, 23, 85-103.	0.2	20
23	Why do you sigh? Sigh rate during induced stress and relief. <i>Psychophysiology</i> , 2009, 46, 1005-1013.	1.2	46
24	Inaccurate perception of asthma symptoms: A cognitiveâ€”affective framework and implications for asthma treatment. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2009, 29, 317-327.	6.0	131
25	Repeated Breathlessness Experiences Induced by Hypercapnia. <i>Chest</i> , 2009, 135, 455-461.	0.4	28
26	Autobiographical memory specificity and affect regulation: coping with a negative life event. <i>Depression and Anxiety</i> , 2008, 25, 787-792.	2.0	53
27	High symptom reporters are less interoceptively accurate in a symptom-related context. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2008, 65, 417-424.	1.2	92
28	Breathlessness rating type influences respiratory behavior during hypercapnia in the rebreathing test. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2008, 65, 501-504.	1.2	0
29	Repeated experiences of air hunger and ventilatory behavior in response to hypercapnia in the standardized rebreathing test: Effects of anxiety. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2008, 77, 223-232.	1.1	28
30	To inhale or not to inhale: Conditioned avoidance in breathing behavior in an odorâ€”20% CO2 paradigm. <i>Biological Psychology</i> , 2008, 78, 87-92.	1.1	24
31	Illness-specific catastrophic thinking and overperception in asthma.. <i>Health Psychology</i> , 2008, 27, 93-99.	1.3	60
32	Context-evoked overperception in asthma. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2007, 22, 737-748.	1.2	26
33	Reply to Aalbers and van der Woude. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2007, 101, 873-874.	1.3	0
34	Differentiation between the sensory and affective aspects of histamine-induced bronchoconstriction in asthma. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2007, 101, 925-932.	1.3	25
35	Hyperventilation in patients with chronic fatigue syndrome: The role of coping strategies. <i>Behaviour Research and Therapy</i> , 2007, 45, 2679-2690.	1.6	14
36	US-inflation in a differential odor-conditioning paradigm is not robust: Relevance for medically unexplained symptoms. <i>Journal of Behavior Therapy and Experimental Psychiatry</i> , 2006, 37, 314-332.	0.6	6

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Effects of long-acting bronchodilators and placebo on histamine-induced asthma symptoms and mild bronchusobstruction. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2006, 100, 348-353.	1.3	12
38	Air hunger and ventilation in response to hypercapnia: Effects of repetition and anxiety. <i>Physiology and Behavior</i> , 2006, 88, 47-54.	1.0	39
39	Acquired Lightheadedness in Response to Odors After Hyperventilation. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2006, 68, 340-347.	1.3	20
40	Can Subjective Asthma Symptoms Be Learned?. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2005, 67, 454-461.	1.3	59
41	Imagined Risk of Suffocation as a Trigger for Hyperventilation. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2005, 67, 813-819.	1.3	26
42	Negative affectivity and enhanced symptom reports: Differentiating between symptoms in men and women. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2005, 61, 1835-1845.	1.8	72
43	Understanding Participation in an Asthma Self-Management Program. <i>Chest</i> , 2005, 128, 3133-3139.	0.4	23
44	Accuracy of respiratory symptom perception in different affective contexts. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2005, 58, 537-543.	1.2	102
45	Accuracy of respiratory symptom perception in persons with high and low negative affectivity. <i>Psychology and Health</i> , 2004, 19, 213-222.	1.2	48
46	Perceived relation between odors and a negative event determines learning of symptoms in response to chemicals. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2004, 77, 200-204.	1.1	20
47	Dyspnea: The role of psychological processes. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2004, 24, 557-581.	6.0	103
48	Negative affectivity and the influence of suggestion on asthma symptoms. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Research</i> , 2004, 57, 249-255.	1.2	59
49	Resting End-Tidal CO <sub>2</sub> and Negative Affectivity. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2003, 65, 976-983.	1.3	15