

# Cecilia Björkelund

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

87  
papers

2,764  
citations

257450

24  
h-index

206112

48  
g-index

88  
all docs

88  
docs citations

88  
times ranked

4174  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Increased use of analgesics in midlife women but no association with mental stress: observations from the Prospective Population Study of Women in Gothenburg. <i>BMC Women's Health</i> , 2022, 22, 34.	2.0	1
2	Forty-four-year longitudinal study of stroke incidence and risk factors – the Prospective Population Study of Women in Gothenburg. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2022, , 1-9.	1.5	3
3	Associations between alcohol and liver enzymes are modified by coffee, cigarettes, and overweight in a Swedish female population. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Gastroenterology</i> , 2022, 57, 319-324.	1.5	3
4	How can a care manager at the primary care centre support foreign-born female patients suffering from common mental disorders? – An interview study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Caring Sciences</i> , 2022, 36, 456-467.	2.1	2
5	Long-term effect of a care manager on work ability for patients with depression – the PRIM-CARE RCT. <i>Work</i> , 2022, 72, 601-609.	1.1	1
6	Outcomes of psychiatric interviews and self-rated symptom scales in people on sick leave for common mental disorders: an observational study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e057745.	1.9	2
7	Symptom patterns in patients newly sick listed for common mental disorders and associations with work-related and socioeconomic factors: a cross-sectional study in Swedish primary care. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022, 12, e054250.	1.9	1
8	Experiences of patients with common mental disorders concerning team-based primary care and a person-centered dialogue meeting: An intervention to promote return to work. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022, 17, e0271180.	2.5	1
9	How can we estimate QALYs based on PHQ-9 scores? Equipercentile linking analysis of PHQ-9 and EQ-5D. <i>Evidence-Based Mental Health</i> , 2021, 24, 97-101.	4.5	11
10	Implementation of a care manager organisation and its association with antidepressant medication patterns: a register-based study of primary care centres in Sweden. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e044959.	1.9	2
11	Internet-Based Cognitive Behavioral Therapy for Depression. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 78, 361.	11.0	398
12	Associations between antidepressant therapy, work ability, and sick leave for patients with common mental disorders within a two-year perspective – A longitudinal observational cohort study in Swedish primary care. <i>Heliyon</i> , 2021, 7, e071116.	3.2	0
13	Dismantling, optimising, and personalising internet cognitive behavioural therapy for depression: a systematic review and component network meta-analysis using individual participant data. <i>Lancet Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 8, 500-511.	7.4	105
14	Effectiveness of collaborative care in reducing suicidal ideation: An individual participant data meta-analysis. <i>General Hospital Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 71, 27-35.	2.4	8
15	Loss of height predicts total and cardiovascular mortality: a cohort study of northern European women. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021, 11, e049122.	1.9	9
16	Cost-effectiveness of a care manager collaborative care programme for patients with depression in primary care: 12-month economic evaluation of a pragmatic randomised controlled trial. <i>Cost Effectiveness and Resource Allocation</i> , 2021, 19, 52.	1.5	4
17	The care manager meeting the patients' unique needs using the care manager model – A qualitative study of experienced care managers. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2021, 22, 175.	2.9	2
18	Implementation of a Care Manager Organization and Its Association with Health Care Contacts and Psychotherapy: A Register-Based Study of Real-Life Outcomes at Primary Health Care Centers in Sweden. <i>International Journal of General Medicine</i> , 2021, Volume 14, 5621-5630.	1.8	0

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19	&lt;p&gt;Correspondence Between the Neuropsychiatric Interview M.I.N.I. and the BDI-II and MADRS-S Self-Rating Instruments as Diagnostic Tools in Primary Care Patients with Depression&lt;/p&gt;. International Journal of General Medicine, 2020, Volume 13, 177-183.	1.8	8
20	Implementation of care managers for patients with depression: a cross-sectional study in Swedish primary care. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e035629.	1.9	3
21	Is it possible to investigate menopausal age? A comparative cross-sectional study of five cohorts between 1968 and 2017 from the Population Study of Women in Gothenburg, Sweden. Menopause, 2020, 27, 430-436.	2.0	6
22	Cholesterol and triglyceride levels in midlife and risk of heart failure in women, a longitudinal study: the prospective population study of women in Gothenburg. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e036709.	1.9	14
23	Regular versus episodic drinking in Swedish women: Reporting of regular drinking may be less biased by social desirability. Alcohol, 2020, 86, 57-63.	1.7	5
24	Impact of changes in physical activity or BMI on risk of heart failure in women â€“ the prospective population study of women in Gothenburg. Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, 2020, 38, 56-65.	1.5	4
25	The experiences of care managers and rehabilitation coordinators of a primary care intervention to promote return to work for patients with common mental disorders: a qualitative study. BMC Family Practice, 2020, 21, 272.	2.9	7
26	An interview study of the care manager functionâ€”Opening the door to continuity of care for patients with depression in primary care. Nursing Open, 2019, 6, 974-982.	2.4	10
27	Care managers can be useful for patients with depression but their role must be clear: a qualitative study of GPsâ€™ experiences. Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, 2019, 37, 273-282.	1.5	9
28	Rationale for a Swedish cohort consortium. Upsala Journal of Medical Sciences, 2019, 124, 21-28.	0.9	3
29	Influence of antidepressant therapy on sick leave in primary care: ADAS, a comparative observational study. Heliyon, 2019, 5, e01101.	3.2	7
30	Newly educated care managersâ€™ experiences of providing care for persons with stress-related mental disorders in the clinical primary care context. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0224929.	2.5	5
31	Equalization of four cardiovascular risk algorithms after systematic recalibration: individual-participant meta-analysis of 86 prospective studies. European Heart Journal, 2019, 40, 621-631.	2.2	97
32	Waist-to-hip ratio but not body mass index predicts liver cirrhosis in women. Scandinavian Journal of Gastroenterology, 2018, 53, 212-217.	1.5	18
33	Clinical effectiveness of care managers in collaborative care for patients with depression in Swedish primary health care: a pragmatic cluster randomized controlled trial. BMC Family Practice, 2018, 19, 28.	2.9	46
34	Cost-effectiveness analysis of internet-mediated cognitive behavioural therapy for depression in the primary care setting: results based on a controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e019716.	1.9	18
35	Socioeconomic disparities in physical activity among Swedish women and trends over time â€“ the population study of women in Gothenburg. Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, 2018, 36, 363-371.	1.5	8
36	Creating a safety net for patients with depression in primary care; a qualitative study of care managersâ€™ experiences. Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care, 2018, 36, 355-362.	1.5	13

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37	Cost-effectiveness of a care manager collaborative care programme for patients with depression in primary care: economic evaluation of a pragmatic randomised controlled study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018, 8, e024741.	1.9	14
38	Low fasting serum insulin and dementia in nondiabetic women followed for 34 years. <i>Neurology</i> , 2018, 91, e427-e435.	1.1	17
39	Do guided internet-based interventions result in clinically relevant changes for patients with depression? An individual participant data meta-analysis. <i>Clinical Psychology Review</i> , 2018, 63, 80-92.	11.4	239
40	Long-term effects of Internet-delivered cognitive behavioral therapy for depression in primary care – the PRIM-NET controlled trial. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2017, 35, 126-136.	1.5	33
41	Obesity in Middle Age Increases Risk of Later Heart Failure in Women – Results From the Prospective Population Study of Women and H70 Studies in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Journal of Cardiac Failure</i> , 2017, 23, 363-369.	1.7	12
42	Differences in medical services in Nordic general practice: a comparative survey from the QUALICOPC study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2017, , 1-10.	1.5	6
43	Patients' experiences of a computerised self-help program for treating depression – a qualitative study of Internet mediated cognitive behavioural therapy in primary care. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2017, 35, 46-53.	1.5	53
44	Differences in medical services in Nordic general practice: a comparative survey from the QUALICOPC study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2017, 35, 153-161.	1.5	23
45	Use of a self-rating scale to monitor depression severity in recurrent GP consultations in primary care – does it really make a difference? A randomised controlled study. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2017, 18, 6.	2.9	13
46	Relation between osteoporosis and radiographic and clinical signs of osteoarthritis/arthrosis in the temporomandibular joint: a population-based, cross-sectional study in an older Swedish population. <i>Gerodontology</i> , 2017, 34, 187-194.	2.0	16
47	A primary care lifestyle programme suitable for socioeconomically vulnerable groups – an observational study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2016, 34, 352-359.	1.5	8
48	Patients' perspectives on the use of the Montgomery-Asberg depression rating scale self-assessment version in primary care. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2016, 34, 434-442.	1.5	10
49	Is the quality of primary healthcare services influenced by the healthcare centre's type of ownership? – An observational study of patient perceived quality, prescription rates and follow-up routines in privately and publicly owned primary care centres. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2015, 15, 417.	2.2	16
50	Increase in waist circumference over 6 years predicts subsequent cardiovascular disease and total mortality in nordic women. <i>Obesity</i> , 2015, 23, 2123-2130.	3.0	22
51	Monitoring the impact of cow's milk allergy on children and their families with the FLIP questionnaire – a six-month follow-up study. <i>Pediatric Allergy and Immunology</i> , 2015, 26, 409-415.	2.6	12
52	Experiences of staff members participating in primary care research activities: a qualitative study. <i>International Journal of General Medicine</i> , 2015, 8, 143.	1.8	13
53	Quality Assessment of 25(OH)D, Insulin, Total Cholesterol, Triglycerides, and Potassium in 40-Year-Old Frozen Serum. <i>Epidemiology Research International</i> , 2015, 2015, 1-8.	0.2	4
54	Diagnoses have the greatest impact on variation in sick-leave certification rate among primary-care patients in Sweden: A multilevel analysis including patient, physician and primary health-care centre levels. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2015, 43, 704-712.	2.3	11

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55	Person-centred care after acute coronary syndrome, from hospital to primary care – A randomised controlled trial. <i>International Journal of Cardiology</i> , 2015, 187, 693-699.	1.7	114
56	Prevalence of perceived stress and associations to symptoms of exhaustion, depression and anxiety in a working age population seeking primary care - an observational study. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2015, 16, 38.	2.9	141
57	A 32-year longitudinal study of alcohol consumption in Swedish women: Reduced risk of myocardial infarction but increased risk of cancer. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2015, 33, 153-162.	1.5	7
58	Comparison Between the Montgomery-Asberg Depression Rating Scale – Self and the Beck Depression Inventory II in Primary Care. <i>primary care companion for CNS disorders, The</i> , 2015, 17, .	0.6	17
59	Age-related differences in recommended anthropometric cut-off point validity to identify cardiovascular risk factors in ostensibly healthy women. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2014, 42, 827-833.	2.3	5
60	GP and patient predictions of sick-listing duration: How well do they correspond? A prospective observational study. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2014, 32, 73-77.	1.5	8
61	Stroke incidence and association with risk factors in women: a 32-year follow-up of the Prospective Population Study of Women in Gothenburg. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e005173.	1.9	34
62	Physical Activity, Weight Status, Diabetes and Dementia: A 34-Year Follow-Up of the Population Study of Women in Gothenburg. <i>Neuroepidemiology</i> , 2014, 42, 252-259.	2.3	39
63	Internet-Based Therapy for Mild to Moderate Depression in Swedish Primary Care: Short Term Results from the PRIM-NET Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Cognitive Behaviour Therapy</i> , 2014, 43, 289-298.	3.5	76
64	Trends in tooth loss in relation to socio-economic status among Swedish women, aged 38 and 50 Åyears: repeated cross-sectional surveys 1968-2004. <i>BMC Oral Health</i> , 2013, 13, 63.	2.3	47
65	Mercury in serum predicts low risk of death and myocardial infarction in Gothenburg women. <i>International Archives of Occupational and Environmental Health</i> , 2013, 86, 71-77.	2.3	16
66	Perceived mental stress in women associated with psychosomatic symptoms, but not mortality: observations from the Population Study of Women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>International Journal of General Medicine</i> , 2013, 6, 307.	1.8	21
67	Impact of continuity on quality of primary care: from the perspective of citizens' preferences and multimorbidity - position paper of the European Forum for Primary Care. <i>Quality in Primary Care</i> , 2013, 21, 193-204.	0.8	17
68	No physician gender difference in prescription of sick-leave certification: A retrospective study of the Skaraborg Primary Care Database. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2012, 30, 48-54.	1.5	9
69	Implementation of a low-budget, lifestyle-improvement method in an ordinary primary healthcare setting: a stepwise intervention study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2012, 2, e001154.	1.9	9
70	Reasons for encounters, investigations, referrals, diagnoses and treatments in general practice in Sweden – a multicentre pilot study using electronic patient records. <i>European Journal of General Practice</i> , 2011, 17, 87-94.	2.0	27
71	Associations between women – s subjective perceptions of daily occupations and life satisfaction, and the role of perceived control. <i>Australian Occupational Therapy Journal</i> , 2011, 58, 397-404.	1.1	39
72	Women's perceived frequency of disturbing interruptions and its relationship to self – rated health and satisfaction with life as a whole. <i>Stress and Health</i> , 2010, 26, 225-232.	2.6	15

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73	Daily activities mediate the relationship between personality and quality of life in middle-aged women. <i>Quality of Life Research</i> , 2010, 19, 1477-1486.	3.1	13
74	Thirty-six-year secular trends in sleep duration and sleep satisfaction, and associations with mental stress and socioeconomic factors - results of the Population Study of Women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Journal of Sleep Research</i> , 2010, 19, 496-503.	3.2	63
75	Cohort differences in personality in middle-aged women during a 36-year period. Results from the Population Study of Women in Gothenburg. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2010, 38, 457-464.	2.3	20
76	Engagement in patterns of daily occupations and perceived health among women of working age. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Occupational Therapy</i> , 2009, 16, 110-117.	1.7	57
77	The prevalence of work-related stress, and its association with self-perceived health and sick-leave, in a population of employed Swedish women. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2009, 9, 73.	2.9	66
78	Diet, obesity and obesogenic trends in two generations of Swedish women. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2008, 47, 424-431.	3.9	26
79	Secular trends in cardiovascular risk factors with a 36-year perspective: Observations from 38- and 50-year-olds in the Population Study of Women in Gothenburg. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2008, 26, 140-146.	1.5	45
80	Midlife respiratory function and Incidence of Alzheimer's disease: A 29-year longitudinal study in women. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2007, 28, 343-350.	3.1	86
81	Alcohol Intake Among Women and Its Relationship to Diabetes Incidence and All-Cause Mortality: The 32-year follow-up of a population study of women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2005, 28, 2230-2235.	8.6	22
82	Sleep Disturbances in Midlife Unrelated to 32-Year Diabetes Incidence. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2005, 28, 2739-2744.	8.6	137
83	Collection and retrieval of structured clinical data from electronic patient records in general practice A first-phase study to create a health care database for research and quality assessment. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2004, 22, 6-10.	1.5	16
84	Participation bias in longitudinal studies: experience from the population study of women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2003, 21, 242-247.	1.5	71
85	Women's Sleep: Longitudinal Changes and Secular Trends in a 24-year Perspective. Results of The Population Study of Women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Sleep</i> , 2002, 25, 53-55.	1.1	16
86	Women's sleep: longitudinal changes and secular trends in a 24-year perspective. Results of the population study of women in Gothenburg, Sweden. <i>Sleep</i> , 2002, 25, 894-6.	1.1	6
87	The Prospective Population Study of Women in Gothenburg, Sweden, 1968-69 to 1992-93 A 24-year follow-up study with special reference to participation, representativeness, and mortality. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 1997, 15, 214-219.	1.5	123