Hilary M Schwandt

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9076972/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

28 papers	543 citations	933447 10 h-index	22 g-index
33	33	33	741
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Comparing Couples' and Individual Voluntary Counseling and Testing for HIV at Antenatal Clinics in Tanzania: A Randomized Trial. AIDS and Behavior, 2010, 14, 558-566.	2.7	136
2	Structural determinants of adolescent girls' vulnerability to HIV: Views from community members in Botswana, Malawi, and Mozambique. Social Science and Medicine, 2011, 73, 343-350.	3.8	78
3	Contraceptive service provider imposed restrictions to contraceptive access in urban Nigeria. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, 268.	2.2	50
4	Pathways to unsafe abortion in Ghana: the role of male partners, women and health care providers. Contraception, 2013, 88, 509-517.	1.5	44
5	Marital Status, Hypertension, Coronary Heart Disease, Diabetes, and Death Among African American Women and Men: Incidence and Prevalence in the Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities (ARIC) Study Participants. Journal of Family Issues, 2010, 31, 1211-1229.	1.6	35
6	"Family planning in Rwanda is not seen as population control, but rather as a way to empower the people― examining Rwanda's success in family planning from the perspective of public and private stakeholders. Contraception and Reproductive Medicine, 2018, 3, 18.	1.9	22
7	A comparison of women with induced abortion, spontaneous abortion and ectopic pregnancy in Ghana. Contraception, 2011, 84, 87-93.	1.5	20
8	Transitions to adulthood: Examining the influence of initiation rites on the HIV risk of adolescent girls in Mangochi and Thyolo districts of Malawi. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2013, 25, 296-301.	1.2	14
9	Assessing girls' HIV vulnerability: evidence from Botswana, Malawi and Mozambique. Health Policy and Planning, 2016, 31, 729-735.	2.7	14
10	Making a difference in adult–child relationships: Evidence from an adult–child communication intervention in Botswana, Malawi, and Mozambique. Journal of Adolescence, 2013, 36, 1177-1186.	2.4	12
11	Engaging school personnel in making schools safe for girls in Botswana, Malawi, and Mozambique. International Journal of Educational Development, 2016, 46, 53-58.	2.7	12
12	Group versus individual family planning counseling in Ghana: a randomized, noninferiority trial. Contraception, 2013, 88, 281-288.	1.5	10
13	Family planning demand generation in Rwanda: Government efforts at the national and community level impact interpersonal communication and family norms. PLoS ONE, 2022, 17, e0266520.	2.5	9
14	" Doctors are in the best position to know …― The perceived medicalization of contraceptive method choice in Ibadan and Kaduna, Nigeria. Patient Education and Counseling, 2016, 99, 1400-1405.	2.2	8
15	Inadequate birth spacing is perceived as riskier than all family planning methods, except sterilization and abortion, in a qualitative study among urban Nigerians. BMC Women's Health, 2017, 17, 80.	2.0	8
16	An examination of the barriers to and benefits from collaborative couple contraceptive use in Rwanda. Reproductive Health, 2021, 18, 82.	3.1	8
17	Family planning providers and contraceptive users in Rwanda employ strategies to prevent discontinuation. BMC Women's Health, 2021, 21, 361.	2.0	8
18	Perceived Risks Associated with Contraceptive Method Use among Men and Women in Ibadan and Kaduna, Nigeria. African Journal of Reproductive Health, 2015, 19, 31-40.	1.1	8

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Knowledge about emergency contraception among familyâ€planning providers in urban Ghana. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2011, 114, 64-68.	2.3	7
20	Community Support and Adolescent Girls' Vulnerability to HIV/AIDS. International Quarterly of Community Health Education, 2015, 35, 317-334.	0.9	7
21	Contraceptive service provider imposed restrictions to contraceptive access in Urban Nigeria. BMC Health Services Research, 2017, 17, .	2.2	7
22	The Integrated Gateway Model: A catalytic approach to behavior change. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2015, 130, E62-8.	2.3	6
23	Ambiguities in Washington State hospital policies, irrespective of Catholic affiliation, regarding abortion and contraception service provision. Reproductive Health, 2018, 15, 178.	3.1	5
24	"…we have to think first what we are going to feed our children before we have them …†Rwandan women use family planning to provide a better life for their children. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0246132.	2.5	5
25	"… the way we welcome them is how we will lead them to love family planning.†family planning providers in Rwanda foster compassionate relationships with clients despite workplace challenges. BMC Health Services Research, 2021, 21, 293.	2.2	4
26	"…the availability of contraceptives is everywhere.â€! coordinated and integrated public family planning service delivery in Rwanda. Reproductive Health, 2022, 19, 22.	3.1	3
27	Multi-level Responses to Multi-level Vulnerabilities: Creating an Enabling Environment for HIV Prevention for Girls in Botswana, Malawi, and Mozambique. Social Aspects of HIV, 2018, , 115-130.	0.1	2
28	Couple years protection lost, a new tool for family planning programs to prioritize stockout interventions. International Journal of Gynecology and Obstetrics, 2015, 130, 223-225.	2.3	1