

Tonie E Roche

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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86
papers

2,173
citations

201674

27
h-index

276875

41
g-index

91
all docs

91
docs citations

91
times ranked

1359
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Assessing Monkeypox Virus Prevalence in Small Mammals at the Human–Animal Interface in the Democratic Republic of the Congo. <i>Viruses</i> , 2017, 9, 283.	3.3	134
2	Enzootic Plague Reduces Black-Footed Ferret (<i>Mustela nigripes</i>) Survival in Montana. <i>Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases</i> , 2010, 10, 27-35.	1.5	113
3	Characterization of Monkeypox virus infection in African rope squirrels (<i>Funisciurus</i> sp.). <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0005809.	3.0	69
4	EFFECTS OF LEAD SHOT INGESTION ON SELECTED CELLS OF THE MALLARD IMMUNE SYSTEM. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1991, 27, 1-9.	0.8	68
5	Comparison of Monkeypox Viruses Pathogenesis in Mice by In Vivo Imaging. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009, 4, e6592.	2.5	63
6	Protection of Black-Tailed Prairie Dogs (<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>) against Plague after Voluntary Consumption of Baits Containing Recombinant Raccoon Poxvirus Vaccine. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2004, 72, 5502-5505.	2.2	60
7	Laboratory Investigations of African Pouched Rats (<i>Cricetomys gambianus</i>) as a Potential Reservoir Host Species for Monkeypox Virus. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004013.	3.0	56
8	Sylvatic Plague Vaccine Partially Protects Prairie Dogs (<i>Cynomys</i> spp.) in Field Trials. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2017, 14, 438-450.	2.0	53
9	Further Assessment of Monkeypox Virus Infection in Gambian Pouched Rats (<i>Cricetomys gambianus</i>) Using In Vivo Bioluminescent Imaging. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2015, 9, e0004130.	3.0	50
10	PRELIMINARY EVALUATION OF A SIMPLE <i>IN VITRO</i> TEST FOR THE DIAGNOSIS OF TYPE C BOTULISM IN WILD BIRDS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1998, 34, 744-751.	0.8	49
11	IMMUNIZATION OF BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOG AGAINST PLAGUE THROUGH CONSUMPTION OF VACCINE-LADEN BAITS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2008, 44, 930-937.	0.8	45
12	Consumption of Baits Containing Raccoon Pox-Based Plague Vaccines Protects Black-Tailed Prairie Dogs (<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>). <i>Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases</i> , 2010, 10, 53-58.	1.5	45
13	Burrow Dusting or Oral Vaccination Prevents Plague-Associated Prairie Dog Colony Collapse. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2017, 14, 451-462.	2.0	45
14	Virally-vectored vaccine candidates against white-nose syndrome induce anti-fungal immune response in little brown bats (<i>Myotis lucifugus</i>). <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 6788.	3.3	45
15	Water and Sediment Characteristics Associated with Avian Botulism Outbreaks in Wetlands. <i>Journal of Wildlife Management</i> , 1999, 63, 1249.	1.8	44
16	Sylvatic Plague Vaccine: A New Tool for Conservation of Threatened and Endangered Species?. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2012, 9, 243-250.	2.0	43
17	Fluorescent biomarkers demonstrate prospects for spreadable vaccines to control disease transmission in wild bats. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 3, 1697-1704.	7.8	42
18	Degradation of the Disease-Associated Prion Protein by a Serine Protease from Lichens. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e19836.	2.5	40

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19	In Situ Detection of the <i>Clostridium botulinum</i> Type C Toxin Gene in Wetland Sediments with a Nested PCR Assay. <i>Applied and Environmental Microbiology</i> , 1999, 65, 3240-3243.	3.1	39
20	Recombinant raccoon pox vaccine protects mice against lethal plague. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2003, 21, 1232-1238.	3.8	38
21	Determination of the Median Toxic Dose of Type C Botulinum Toxin in Lactating Dairy Cows. <i>Journal of Veterinary Diagnostic Investigation</i> , 2003, 15, 523-526.	1.1	38
22	Protection of bats (<i>Eptesicus fuscus</i>) against rabies following topical or oronasal exposure to a recombinant raccoon poxvirus vaccine. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2017, 11, e0005958.	3.0	38
23	Environmental Characteristics Associated with the Occurrence of Avian Botulism in Wetlands of a Northern California Refuge. <i>Journal of Wildlife Management</i> , 1999, 63, 358.	1.8	32
24	EVALUATION OF MONKEYPOX VIRUS INFECTION OF BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOGS (<i>CYNOMYS</i>) 524-536.	0.8	32
25	VACCINATION WITH F1-V FUSION PROTEIN PROTECTS BLACK-FOOTED FERRETS (<i>MUSTELA NIGRIPES</i>) AGAINST PLAGUE UPON ORAL CHALLENGE WITH <i>YERSINIA PESTIS</i> . <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2008, 44, 1-7.	0.8	31
26	SEASONAL PREVALENCE OF <i>CLOSTRIDIUM BOTULINUM</i> TYPE C IN SEDIMENTS OF A NORTHERN CALIFORNIA WETLAND. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1993, 29, 533-539.	0.8	28
27	EPIZOOTIOLOGIC STUDIES OF AVIAN VACUOLAR MEYLINOPATHY IN WATERBIRDS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2002, 38, 678-684.	0.8	28
28	Resistance to Plague Among Black-Tailed Prairie Dog Populations. <i>Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases</i> , 2012, 12, 111-116.	1.5	28
29	Attenuation of monkeypox virus by deletion of genomic regions. <i>Virology</i> , 2015, 475, 129-138.	2.4	28
30	The Impact of Disease in the American White Pelican in North America. <i>Waterbirds</i> , 2005, 28, 87-94.	0.3	27
31	Infectivity of attenuated poxvirus vaccine vectors and immunogenicity of a raccoonpox vectored rabies vaccine in the Brazilian Free-tailed bat (<i>Tadarida brasiliensis</i>). <i>Vaccine</i> , 2016, 34, 5352-5358.	3.8	27
32	Local factors associated with host flea distributions on prairie dog colonies. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2018, 8, 8951-8972.	1.9	27
33	RECOMBINANT F1-V FUSION PROTEIN PROTECTS BLACK-FOOTED FERRETS (<i>MUSTELA NIGRIPES</i>) AGAINST VIRULENT <i>YERSINIA PESTIS</i> INFECTION. <i>Journal of Zoo and Wildlife Medicine</i> , 2004, 35, 142-146.	0.6	26
34	A Recombinant Raccoon Poxvirus Vaccine Expressing both <i>Yersinia pestis</i> F1 and Truncated V Antigens Protects Animals against Lethal Plague. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2014, 2, 772-784.	4.4	26
35	Evaluation of <i>Yersinia pestis</i> Transmission Pathways for Sylvatic Plague in Prairie Dog Populations in the Western U.S.. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2016, 13, 415-427.	2.0	26
36	Use of Rhodamine B as a Biomarker for Oral Plague Vaccination of Prairie Dogs. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2011, 47, 765-768.	0.8	24

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37	A BAITING SYSTEM FOR DELIVERY OF AN ORAL PLAGUE VACCINE TO BLACK-TAILED PRAIRIE DOGS. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2002, 38, 32-39.	0.8	22
38	Clinical features of avian vacuolar myelinopathy in American coots. Journal of the American Veterinary Medical Association, 2002, 221, 80-85.	0.5	22
39	Mapping Monkeypox Transmission Risk through Time and Space in the Congo Basin. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e74816.	2.5	22
40	Toxicoinfectious Botulism in Commercial Caponized Chickens. Avian Diseases, 2005, 49, 301-303.	1.0	21
41	Vacuolar Myelinopathy in Waterfowl from a North Carolina Impoundment. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2003, 39, 412-417.	0.8	20
42	APPARENT FIELD SAFETY OF A RACCOON POXVIRUS-VECTORED PLAGUE VACCINE IN FREE-RANGING PRAIRIE DOGS (<i>CYNOMYS</i> SPP.), COLORADO, USA. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2015, 51, 401-410.	0.8	20
43	Site-Specific Lead Exposure from Lead Pellet Ingestion in Sentinel Mallards. Journal of Wildlife Management, 1997, 61, 228.	1.8	19
44	EFFICACY OF A TYPE C BOTULISM VACCINE IN GREEN-WINGED TEAL. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2000, 36, 489-493.	0.8	18
45	Desert Bighorn Sheep Mortality Due to Presumptive Type C Botulism in California. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2000, 36, 184-189.	0.8	18
46	SEASON AND APPLICATION RATES AFFECT VACCINE BAIT CONSUMPTION BY PRAIRIE DOGS IN COLORADO AND UTAH, USA. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2014, 50, 224-234.	0.8	18
47	Age at Vaccination May Influence Response to Sylvatic Plague Vaccine (SPV) in Gunnison's Prairie Dogs (<i>Cynomys gunnisoni</i>). EcoHealth, 2015, 12, 278-287.	2.0	17
48	Clinical Presentation and Serologic Response during a Rabies Epizootic in Captive Common Vampire Bats (<i>Desmodus rotundus</i>). Tropical Medicine and Infectious Disease, 2020, 5, 34.	2.3	17
49	Possible importance of algal toxins in the Salton Sea, California. Hydrobiologia, 2002, 473, 275-292.	2.0	16
50	The Inhibition of Clostridium Botulinum Type C by Other Bacteria in Wetland Sediments. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 1998, 34, 830-833.	0.8	14
51	Title is missing!. Hydrobiologia, 2001, 466, 177-185.	2.0	14
52	Limited infection upon human exposure to a recombinant raccoon pox vaccine vector. Vaccine, 2004, 22, 2757-2760.	3.8	14
53	THE INNATE IMMUNE RESPONSE MAY BE IMPORTANT FOR SURVIVING PLAGUE IN WILD GUNNISON'S PRAIRIE DOGS. Journal of Wildlife Diseases, 2013, 49, 920-931.	0.8	14
54	Microbial Infections in a Declining Wild Turkey Population in Texas. Journal of Wildlife Management, 1987, 51, 778.	1.8	13

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55	Further development of raccoon poxvirus-vectored vaccines against plague (<i>Yersinia pestis</i>). <i>Vaccine</i> , 2009, 28, 338-344.	3.8	13
56	Population Differences in Host Immune Factors May Influence Survival of Gunnison's Prairie Dogs (<i>Cynomys gunnisoni</i>) during Plague Outbreaks. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2011, 47, 968-973.	0.8	13
57	A Rapid Field Test for Sylvatic Plague Exposure in Wild Animals. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2014, 50, 384-388.	0.8	13
58	ATTEMPTS TO IDENTIFY THE SOURCE OF AVIAN VACUOLAR MYELINOPATHY FOR WATERBIRDS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2005, 41, 163-170.	0.8	12
59	Differential plague susceptibility in species and populations of prairie dogs. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2019, 9, 11962-11971.	1.9	12
60	Enzootic plague reduces survival of Mexican woodrats (<i>Neotoma mexicana</i>) in Colorado. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2021, 12, e03371.	2.2	12
61	USE OF SENTINEL MALLARDS FOR EPIZOOTIOLOGIC STUDIES OF AVIAN BOTULISM. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1994, 30, 514-522.	0.8	11
62	Joining Forces to Improve Our World. <i>Conservation Biology</i> , 2002, 16, 1432-1434.	4.7	10
63	FLEA PARASITISM AND HOST SURVIVAL IN A PLAGUE-RELEVANT SYSTEM: THEORETICAL AND CONSERVATION IMPLICATIONS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2020, 56, 378.	0.8	10
64	Failure to Transmit Avian Vacuolar Myelinopathy to Mallard Ducks. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2003, 39, 707-711.	0.8	8
65	Factors Influencing Uptake of Sylvatic Plague Vaccine Baits by Prairie Dogs. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2018, 15, 12-22.	2.0	8
66	Impact of Sylvatic Plague Vaccine on Non-target Small Rodents in Grassland Ecosystems. <i>EcoHealth</i> , 2018, 15, 555-565.	2.0	8
67	Identification of <i>In Vivo</i> -Induced Conserved Sequences from <i>Yersinia pestis</i> During Experimental Plague Infection in the Rabbit. <i>Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases</i> , 2010, 10, 749-756.	1.5	7
68	Evaluation of Serologic Tests for <i>Mycoplasma gallisepticum</i> in Wild Turkeys. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1985, 21, 58-61.	0.8	6
69	EXPERIMENTAL MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM INFECTIONS IN CAPTIVE-REARED WILD TURKEYS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1988, 24, 528-532.	0.8	6
70	Proposed link between paralytic syndrome and thiamine deficiency in Swedish gulls not substantiated. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2010, 107, E14.	7.1	6
71	Genetic variation at the MHC DRB1 locus is similar across Gunnison's prairie dog (<i>Cynomys gunnisoni</i>) colonies regardless of plague history. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 2624-2651.	1.9	6
72	Space matters: host spatial structure and the dynamics of plague transmission. <i>Ecological Modelling</i> , 2021, 443, 109450.	2.5	6

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73	HEMATOZOAN PARASITES OF RIO GRANDE WILD TURKEYS FROM SOUTHERN TEXAS. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1988, 24, 88-96.	0.8	5
74	SEROLOGIC RESPONSE OF RIO GRANDE WILD TURKEYS TO EXPERIMENTAL INFECTIONS OF MYCOPLASMA GALLISEPTICUM. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1988, 24, 668-671.	0.8	5
75	A Serotype-Specific Polymerase Chain Reaction for Identification of <i>Pasteurella multocida</i> Serotype 1. <i>Avian Diseases</i> , 2002, 46, 370-377.	1.0	5
76	Plague-Positive Mouse Fleas on Mice Before Plague Induced Die-Offs in Black-Tailed and White-Tailed Prairie Dogs. <i>Vector-Borne and Zoonotic Diseases</i> , 2019, 19, 486-493.	1.5	5
77	Impacts of environmental conditions on fleas in black-tailed prairie dog burrows. <i>Journal of Vector Ecology</i> , 2020, 45, 356-365.	1.0	4
78	Characterizing patterns of genomic variation in the threatened Utah prairie dog: Implications for conservation and management. <i>Evolutionary Applications</i> , 2021, 14, 1036-1051.	3.1	4
79	Could blackbird mortality from avicide DRC-1339 contribute to avian botulism outbreaks in North Dakota?. <i>Wildlife Society Bulletin</i> , 2004, 32, 870-880.	1.6	4
80	Brain Acetylcholinesterase Activity in Botulism-Intoxicated Mallards. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 1991, 27, 317-319.	0.8	3
81	ASSESSMENT OF A RECOMBINANT F1-V FUSION PROTEIN VACCINE INTENDED TO PROTECT CANADA LYNX (LYNX CANADENSIS) FROM PLAGUE. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2011, 47, 888-892.	0.8	2
82	Responses of Juvenile Black-tailed Prairie Dogs (<i>Cynomys ludovicianus</i>) to a Commercially Produced Oral Plague Vaccine Delivered at Two Doses. <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2017, 53, 916.	0.8	2
83	Moderate Susceptibility to Subcutaneous Plague (<i>Yersinia pestis</i>) Challenge in Vaccine-Treated and Untreated Sonoran Deer Mice (<i>Peromyscus maniculatus sonoriensis</i>) and Northern Grasshopper Mice (<i>Onychomys leucogaster</i>). <i>Journal of Wildlife Diseases</i> , 2021, 57, 632-636.	0.8	2
84	Managing Prairie Dogs by Managing Plague: A Vaccine for the Future?. <i>Proceedings of the Vertebrate Pest Conference</i> , 2014, 26, .	0.1	1
85	VNTR diversity in <i>Yersinia pestis</i> isolates from an animal challenge study reveals the potential for in vitro mutations during laboratory cultivation. <i>Infection, Genetics and Evolution</i> , 2016, 45, 297-302.	2.3	1
86	Impact of Molecular Modifications on the Immunogenicity and Efficacy of Recombinant Raccoon Poxvirus-Vectored Rabies Vaccine Candidates in Mice. <i>Vaccines</i> , 2021, 9, 1436.	4.4	1