

# Nitin Uttam Kamble

## List of Publications by Citations

**Source:** <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/9030538/nitin-uttam-kamble-publications-by-citations.pdf>

**Version:** 2024-04-19

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

15  
papers

334  
citations

9  
h-index

16  
g-index

16  
ext. papers

460  
ext. citations

5.5  
avg, IF

3.53  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
15	Differentially expressed seed aging responsive heat shock protein OshSP18.2 implicates in seed vigor, longevity and improves germination and seedling establishment under abiotic stress. <i>Frontiers in Plant Science</i> , <b>2015</b> , 6, 713	6.2	72
14	Differentially expressed galactinol synthase(s) in chickpea are implicated in seed vigor and longevity by limiting the age induced ROS accumulation. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , <b>2016</b> , 6, 35088	4.9	47
13	Differentially expressed myo-inositol monophosphatase gene (CaIMP) in chickpea ( <i>Cicer arietinum</i> L.) encodes a lithium-sensitive phosphatase enzyme with broad substrate specificity and improves seed germination and seedling growth under abiotic stresses. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , <b>2013</b> , 64, 5433-39	7	44
12	Rice PROTEIN L-ISOASPARTYL METHYLTRANSFERASE isoforms differentially accumulate during seed maturation to restrict deleterious isoAsp and reactive oxygen species accumulation and are implicated in seed vigor and longevity. <i>New Phytologist</i> , <b>2016</b> , 211, 627-45	9.8	44
11	Stress-Inducible Galactinol Synthase of Chickpea (CaGols) is Implicated in Heat and Oxidative Stress Tolerance Through Reducing Stress-Induced Excessive Reactive Oxygen Species Accumulation. <i>Plant and Cell Physiology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 59, 155-166	4.9	41
10	Arabidopsis SKP1-like protein13 (ASK13) positively regulates seed germination and seedling growth under abiotic stress. <i>Journal of Experimental Botany</i> , <b>2018</b> , 69, 3899-3915	7	18
9	Ectopic overexpression of cytosolic ascorbate peroxidase gene (Apx1) improves salinity stress tolerance in <i>Brassica juncea</i> by strengthening antioxidative defense mechanism. <i>Acta Physiologiae Plantarum</i> , <b>2020</b> , 42, 1	2.6	17
8	Ectopic over-expression of ABA-responsive Chickpea galactinol synthase (CaGols) gene results in improved tolerance to dehydration stress by modulating ROS scavenging. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , <b>2020</b> , 171, 103957	5.9	17
7	protein L-ISOASPARTYL METHYLTRANSFERASE repairs isoaspartyl damage to antioxidant enzymes and increases heat and oxidative stress tolerance. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2020</b> , 295, 783-799	5.4	10
6	Arabidopsis protein L-ISOASPARTYL METHYLTRANSFERASE repairs isoaspartyl damage to antioxidant enzymes and increases heat and oxidative stress tolerance. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , <b>2020</b> , 295, 783-799	5.4	8
5	A protein repairing enzyme, PROTEIN L- ISOASPARTYL METHYLTRANSFERASE is involved in salinity stress tolerance by increasing efficiency of ROS-scavenging enzymes. <i>Environmental and Experimental Botany</i> , <b>2020</b> , 180, 104266	5.9	5
4	PROTEIN L-ISOASPARTYL METHYLTRANSFERASE (PIMT) in plants: regulations and functions. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , <b>2020</b> , 477, 4453-4471	3.8	3
3	ABI transcription factors and PROTEIN L-ISOASPARTYL METHYLTRANSFERASE module mediate seed desiccation tolerance and longevity in <i>Oryza sativa</i> . <i>Development (Cambridge)</i> , <b>2022</b> , 149,	6.6	3
2	Deciphering the structural basis of the broad substrate specificity of myo-inositol monophosphatase (IMP) from <i>Cicer arietinum</i> . <i>International Journal of Biological Macromolecules</i> , <b>2020</b> , 151, 967-975	7.9	2
1	A conserved NAG motif is critical to the catalytic activity of galactinol synthase, a key regulatory enzyme of RFO biosynthesis. <i>Biochemical Journal</i> , <b>2021</b> , 478, 3939-3955	3.8	1