

Cameron J Mitchell

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

72
papers

3,646
citations

172386

29
h-index

133188

59
g-index

72
all docs

72
docs citations

72
times ranked

3935
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Ribosome biogenesis and degradation regulate translational capacity during muscle disuse and reloading. <i>Journal of Cachexia, Sarcopenia and Muscle</i> , 2021, 12, 130-143.	2.9	32
2	Daily protein supplementation attenuates immobilization-induced blunting of postabsorptive muscle mTORC1 activation in middle-aged men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2021, 320, C591-C601.	2.1	5
3	Responsiveness of one-carbon metabolites to a high-protein diet in older men: Results from a 10-wk randomized controlled trial. <i>Nutrition</i> , 2021, 89, 111231.	1.1	2
4	MOTS-c is an exercise-induced mitochondrial-encoded regulator of age-dependent physical decline and muscle homeostasis. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021, 12, 470.	5.8	97
5	The Effect of Elevated Protein Intake on DNA Damage in Older People: Comparative Secondary Analysis of Two Randomized Controlled Trials. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021, 13, 3479.	1.7	4
6	Molecular Transducers of Human Skeletal Muscle Remodeling under Different Loading States. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2020, 32, 107980.	2.9	30
7	MitoQ and CoQ10 supplementation mildly suppresses skeletal muscle mitochondrial hydrogen peroxide levels without impacting mitochondrial function in middle-aged men. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2020, 120, 1657-1669.	1.2	30
8	Tracking the Fate of Milk Proteins: Better in Whole or in Part?. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020, 150, 2001-2002.	1.3	1
9	High-intensity interval exercise increases humanin, a mitochondrial encoded peptide, in the plasma and muscle of men. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2020, 128, 1346-1354.	1.2	34
10	Analysis of Human Faecal Host Proteins: Responsiveness to 10-Week Dietary Intervention Modifying Dietary Protein Intake in Elderly Males. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2020, 7, 595905.	1.6	3
11	Increased expression of the mitochondrial derived peptide, MOTS-c, in skeletal muscle of healthy aging men is associated with myofiber composition. <i>Aging</i> , 2020, 12, 5244-5258.	1.4	33
12	Protein Intake at Twice the RDA in Older Men Increases Circulatory Concentrations of the Microbiome Metabolite Trimethylamine-N-Oxide (TMAO). <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019, 11, 2207.	1.7	28
13	The Degree of Aminoacidemia after Dairy Protein Ingestion Does Not Modulate the Postexercise Anabolic Response in Young Men: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2019, 149, 1511-1522.	1.3	21
14	Whey Protein Supplementation Post Resistance Exercise in Elderly Men Induces Changes in Muscle miRNA's Compared to Resistance Exercise Alone. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2019, 6, 91.	1.6	11
15	Comprehensive Profiling of the Circulatory miRNAome Response to a High Protein Diet in Elderly Men: A Potential Role in Inflammatory Response Modulation. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2019, 63, 1800811.	1.5	9
16	Regulation of Amino Acid Transporters and Sensors in Response to a High protein Diet: A Randomized Controlled Trial in Elderly Men. <i>Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging</i> , 2019, 23, 354-363.	1.5	5
17	Impact of a High Protein Intake on the Plasma Metabolome in Elderly Males: 10 Week Randomized Dietary Intervention. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2019, 6, 180.	1.6	7
18	Circulatory microRNAs are not effective biomarkers of muscle size and function in middle-aged men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2019, 316, C293-C298.	2.1	7

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19	Peripheral blood mononuclear cells do not reflect skeletal muscle mitochondrial function or adaptation to high-intensity interval training in healthy young men. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2019, 126, 454-461.	1.2	41
20	Dairy Protein Supplementation Modulates the Human Skeletal Muscle microRNA Response to Lower Limb Immobilization. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2018, 62, e1701028.	1.5	15
21	The putative leucine sensor Sestrin2 is hyperphosphorylated by acute resistance exercise but not protein ingestion in human skeletal muscle. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2018, 118, 1241-1253.	1.2	9
22	Effect of resistance training and protein intake pattern on myofibrillar protein synthesis and proteome kinetics in older men in energy restriction. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2018, 596, 2091-2120.	1.3	42
23	Impact of Preterm Birth on Glucocorticoid Variability in Human Milk. <i>Journal of Human Lactation</i> , 2018, 34, 130-136.	0.8	8
24	Arachidonic acid supplementation modulates blood and skeletal muscle lipid profile with no effect on basal inflammation in resistance exercise trained men. <i>Prostaglandins Leukotrienes and Essential Fatty Acids</i> , 2018, 128, 74-86.	1.0	29
25	Impact of dairy protein during limb immobilization and recovery on muscle size and protein synthesis; a randomized controlled trial. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2018, 124, 717-728.	1.2	35
26	Sestrins are differentially expressed with age in the skeletal muscle of men: A cross-sectional analysis. <i>Experimental Gerontology</i> , 2018, 110, 23-34.	1.2	30
27	Arachidonic acid supplementation transiently augments the acute inflammatory response to resistance exercise in trained men. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2018, 125, 271-286.	1.2	14
28	Divergent effects of cold water immersion versus active recovery on skeletal muscle fiber type and angiogenesis in young men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2018, 314, R824-R833.	0.9	16
29	Circulatory exosomal miRNA following intense exercise is unrelated to muscle and plasma miRNA abundances. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2018, 315, E723-E733.	1.8	83
30	Identification of human skeletal muscle miRNA related to strength by high-throughput sequencing. <i>Physiological Genomics</i> , 2018, 50, 416-424.	1.0	27
31	Effect of dietary arachidonic acid supplementation on acute muscle adaptive responses to resistance exercise in trained men: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2018, 124, 1080-1091.	1.2	11
32	Exercise recovery increases skeletal muscle H ₂ O ₂ emission and mitochondrial respiratory capacity following two-weeks of limb immobilization. <i>Free Radical Biology and Medicine</i> , 2018, 124, 241-248.	1.3	8
33	Variation of Human Milk Glucocorticoids over 24-Hour Period. <i>Journal of Mammary Gland Biology and Neoplasia</i> , 2017, 22, 85-92.	1.0	54
34	Short communication: Muscle protein synthetic response to microparticulated whey protein in middle-aged men. <i>Journal of Dairy Science</i> , 2017, 100, 4230-4234.	1.4	7
35	Minimal dose of milk protein concentrate to enhance the anabolic signalling response to a single bout of resistance exercise; a randomised controlled trial. <i>Journal of the International Society of Sports Nutrition</i> , 2017, 14, 17.	1.7	15
36	Altered muscle satellite cell activation following 16 wk of resistance training in young men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology</i> , 2017, 312, R85-R92.	0.9	45

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37	The effects of dietary protein intake on appendicular lean mass and muscle function in elderly men: a 10-wk randomized controlled trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2017, 106, 1375-1383.	2.2	106
38	Acute resistance exercise induces Sestrin2 phosphorylation and p62 dephosphorylation in human skeletal muscle. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2017, 5, e13526.	0.7	30
39	MicroRNAs in Muscle: Characterizing the Powerlifter Phenotype. <i>Frontiers in Physiology</i> , 2017, 8, 383.	1.3	45
40	Acute resistance exercise modulates microRNA expression profiles: Combined tissue and circulatory targeted analyses. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0181594.	1.1	65
41	Understanding the sensitivity of muscle protein synthesis to dairy protein in middle-aged men. <i>International Dairy Journal</i> , 2016, 63, 35-41.	1.5	13
42	Self-Myofascial Release: No Improvement of Functional Outcomes in "Tight" Hamstrings. <i>International Journal of Sports Physiology and Performance</i> , 2016, 11, 658-663.	1.1	12
43	Higher compared with lower dietary protein during an energy deficit combined with intense exercise promotes greater lean mass gain and fat mass loss: a randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2016, 103, 738-746.	2.2	168
44	Retirees, rest, respiration and ROS: does age or inactivity drive mitochondrial dysfunction?. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2015, 593, 5037-5038.	1.3	0
45	Consumption of Milk Protein or Whey Protein Results in a Similar Increase in Muscle Protein Synthesis in Middle Aged Men. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2015, 7, 8685-8699.	1.7	66
46	Last Word on Viewpoint: What is the relationship between the acute muscle protein synthetic response and changes in muscle mass?. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2015, 118, 503-503.	1.2	8
47	Daily chocolate milk consumption does not enhance the effect of resistance training in young and old men: a randomized controlled trial. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2015, 40, 199-202.	0.9	19
48	Soy protein ingestion results in less prolonged p70S6 kinase phosphorylation compared to whey protein after resistance exercise in older men. <i>Journal of the International Society of Sports Nutrition</i> , 2015, 12, 6.	1.7	32
49	Hypoenergetic diet-induced reductions in myofibrillar protein synthesis are restored with resistance training and balanced daily protein ingestion in older men. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2015, 308, E734-E743.	1.8	93
50	Older adults have delayed amino acid absorption after a high protein mixed breakfast meal. <i>Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging</i> , 2015, 19, 839-845.	1.5	47
51	What is the relationship between the acute muscle protein synthesis response and changes in muscle mass?. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2015, 118, 495-497.	1.2	48
52	Acute Post-Exercise Myofibrillar Protein Synthesis Is Not Correlated with Resistance Training-Induced Muscle Hypertrophy in Young Men. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e89431.	1.1	167
53	Muscle p70S6K phosphorylation in response to soy and dairy rich meals in middle aged men with metabolic syndrome: a randomised crossover trial. <i>Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 11, 46.	1.3	15
54	IGF-1 colocalizes with muscle satellite cells following acute exercise in humans. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 39, 514-518.	0.9	18

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55	Dose-dependent increases in p70S6K phosphorylation and intramuscular branched-chain amino acids in older men following resistance exercise and protein intake. <i>Physiological Reports</i> , 2014, 2, e12112.	0.7	34
56	Leucine supplementation of a low-protein mixed macronutrient beverage enhances myofibrillar protein synthesis in young men: a double-blind, randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2014, 99, 276-286.	2.2	234
57	Citrulline does not enhance blood flow, microvascular circulation, or myofibrillar protein synthesis in elderly men at rest or following exercise. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2014, 307, E71-E83.	1.8	51
58	The Acute Satellite Cell Response and Skeletal Muscle Hypertrophy following Resistance Training. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e109739.	1.1	115
59	Childâ€‘adult differences in the kinetics of torque development. <i>Journal of Sports Sciences</i> , 2013, 31, 945-953.	1.0	24
60	Explosive sport training and torque kinetics in children. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2013, 38, 740-745.	0.9	16
61	Big claims for big weights but with little evidence. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2013, 113, 267-268.	1.2	24
62	Resistance exercise order does not determine postexercise delivery of testosterone, growth hormone, and IGF-1 to skeletal muscle. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2013, 38, 220-226.	0.9	9
63	Muscular and Systemic Correlates of Resistance Training-Induced Muscle Hypertrophy. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e78636.	1.1	134
64	Childâ€‘Adult Differences in Muscle Activation â€‘ A Review. <i>Pediatric Exercise Science</i> , 2012, 24, 2-21.	0.5	155
65	Bigger weights may not beget bigger muscles: evidence from acute muscle protein synthetic responses after resistance exercise. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2012, 37, 551-554.	0.9	69
66	Resistance exercise load does not determine training-mediated hypertrophic gains in young men. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2012, 113, 71-77.	1.2	490
67	Supplementation of a suboptimal protein dose with leucine or essential amino acids: effects on myofibrillar protein synthesis at rest and following resistance exercise in men. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2012, 590, 2751-2765.	1.3	241
68	Sex-based comparisons of myofibrillar protein synthesis after resistance exercise in the fed state. <i>Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2012, 112, 1805-1813.	1.2	99
69	Rate of Muscle Activation in Power-and Endurance-Trained Boys. <i>International Journal of Sports Physiology and Performance</i> , 2011, 6, 94-105.	1.1	28
70	Enhancement of jump performance after a 5-RM squat is associated with postactivation potentiation. <i>European Journal of Applied Physiology</i> , 2011, 111, 1957-1963.	1.2	88
71	Growing collagen, not muscle, with weightlifting and â€‘growthâ€™™ hormone. <i>Journal of Physiology</i> , 2010, 588, 395-396.	1.3	4
72	Do neuromuscular adaptations occur in endurance-trained boys and men?. <i>Applied Physiology, Nutrition and Metabolism</i> , 2010, 35, 471-479.	0.9	31