

Kai-Wei Liao

List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

25
papers

340
citations

12
h-index

18
g-index

26
ext. papers

466
ext. citations

7.5
avg. IF

3.36
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
25	The effects of phthalate and nonylphenol exposure on body size and secondary sexual characteristics during puberty. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2015 , 218, 603-15	6.9	41
24	Increased risk of phthalates exposure for recurrent pregnancy loss in reproductive-aged women. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2018 , 241, 969-977	9.3	33
23	Longitudinal assessment of prenatal phthalate exposure on serum and cord thyroid hormones homeostasis during pregnancy - Tainan birth cohort study (TBCS). <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 619-620, 1058-1065	10.2	28
22	Neonatal outcomes of intrauterine nonylphenol exposure--a longitudinal cohort study in Taiwan. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2013 , 458-460, 367-73	10.2	26
21	The critical fetal stage for maternal manganese exposure. <i>Environmental Research</i> , 2015 , 137, 215-21	7.9	26
20	The association between maternal nonylphenol exposure and parity on neonatal birth weight: a cohort study in Taiwan. <i>Chemosphere</i> , 2013 , 93, 1145-52	8.4	24
19	Characterization of phthalates exposure and risk for cosmetics and perfume sales clerks. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2018 , 233, 577-587	9.3	24
18	Relationship between risk factors for infertility in women and lead, cadmium, and arsenic blood levels: a cross-sectional study from Taiwan. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2015 , 15, 1220	4.1	23
17	Evidence of high di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate (DEHP) exposure due to tainted food intake in Taiwanese pregnant women and the health effects on birth outcomes. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 618, 635-644	10.2	19
16	Associations between urinary total arsenic levels, fetal development, and neonatal birth outcomes: A cohort study in Taiwan. <i>Science of the Total Environment</i> , 2018 , 612, 1373-1379	10.2	17
15	Levels and temporal variations of urinary lead, cadmium, cobalt, and copper exposure in the general population of Taiwan. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2019 , 26, 6048-6064	5.1	16
14	Association between urinary thiodiglycolic acid level and hepatic function or fibrosis index in school-aged children living near a petrochemical complex. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2019 , 244, 648-656	9.3	12
13	Urinary thiodiglycolic acid is associated with increased risk of non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in children living near a petrochemical complex. <i>Environment International</i> , 2019 , 131, 104978	12.9	11
12	Attention Deficit/Hyperactivity Disorder and Urinary Nonylphenol Levels: A Case-Control Study in Taiwanese Children. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0149558	3.7	9
11	Characterization of phthalate exposure in relation to serum thyroid and growth hormones, and estimated daily intake levels in children exposed to phthalate-tainted products: A longitudinal cohort study. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2020 , 264, 114648	9.3	7
10	The association between nonylphenols and sexual hormones levels among pregnant women: a cohort study in Taiwan. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e104245	3.7	7
9	Phthalate exposure increased the risk of early renal impairment in Taiwanese without type 2 diabetes mellitus. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2020 , 224, 113414	6.9	6

8	Cumulative risk assessment of phthalates exposure for recurrent pregnancy loss in reproductive-aged women population using multiple hazard indices approaches. <i>Environment International</i> , 2021 , 154, 106657	12.9	4
7	Do the Levels of Maternal Plasma Trace Elements Affect Fetal Nuchal Translucency Thickness?. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0138145	3.7	3
6	Human biomonitoring reference values and characteristics of Phthalate exposure in the general population of Taiwan: Taiwan Environmental Survey for Toxicants 2013-2016. <i>International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health</i> , 2021 , 235, 113769	6.9	2
5	Associating acrylamide internal exposure with dietary pattern and health risk in the general population of Taiwan.. <i>Food Chemistry</i> , 2021 , 374, 131653	8.5	1
4	Effects of soil lead exposure and land use characteristics on neurodevelopment among children under 3 years of age in northern Taiwan. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2021 , 286, 117288	9.3	1
3	Associations among prenatal and postnatal arsenic, lead, and cadmium exposures and motor development in 3-year-old children: a longitudinal birth cohort study in Taiwan.. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2022 , 1	5.1	0
2	Sex-specific differences in early renal impairment associated with arsenic, lead, and cadmium exposure among young adults in Taiwan.. <i>Environmental Science and Pollution Research</i> , 2022 , 1	5.1	0
1	Predictive Model for Oral Status in Elderly People in a Taiwanese Nursing Home Using a High-Protein Black Soybean Koji Food.. <i>Frontiers in Nutrition</i> , 2022 , 9, 814315	6.2	