Colin B Begg

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

19,645 164 63 139 h-index g-index citations papers 6.54 21,694 6.9 185 avg, IF L-index ext. citations ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
164	Validation of a Population-Based Data Source to Examine National Cancer Clinical Trial Participation <i>JAMA Network Open</i> , 2022 , 5, e223687	10.4	O
163	Adapting an Undergraduate Summer Internship to a Virtual Format: Implementing a Mentored Cancer Research Experience to Meet Rising Demand for Flexible Learning Environments <i>Journal of Cancer Education</i> , 2022 , 1	1.8	
162	Association of Melanoma-Risk Variants with Primary Melanoma Tumor Prognostic Characteristics and Melanoma-Specific Survival in the GEM Study <i>Current Oncology</i> , 2021 , 28, 4756-4771	2.8	
161	Disease-Associated Risk Variants in Are Associated with Tumor-Infiltrating Lymphocyte Presence in Primary Melanomas in the Population-Based GEM Study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2021 , 30, 2309-2316	4	О
160	Mining mutation contexts across the cancer genome to map tumor site of origin. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2021 , 12, 3051	17.4	3
159	Testing tumors from different anatomic sites for clonal relatedness using somatic mutation data. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2021 , 77, 283-292	1.8	2
158	Validity of a method for identifying disease subtypes that are etiologically heterogeneous. <i>Statistical Methods in Medical Research</i> , 2021 , 30, 2045-2056	2.3	1
157	Comparison of community pathologists with expert dermatopathologists evaluating Breslow thickness and histopathologic subtype in a large international population-based study of melanoma. <i>JAAD International</i> , 2021 , 4, 25-27	0.9	О
156	Association of Known Melanoma Risk Factors with Primary Melanoma of the Scalp and Neck. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2020 , 29, 2203-2210	4	2
155	Human genes differ by their UV sensitivity estimated through analysis of UV-induced silent mutations in melanoma. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2020 , 41, 1751-1760	4.7	
154	Inherited Melanoma Risk Variants Associated with Histopathologically Amelanotic Melanoma. Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 2020 , 140, 918-922.e7	4.3	1
153	In Defense of Values. <i>JNCI Cancer Spectrum</i> , 2020 , 4, pkaa012	4.6	2
152	Using the "Hidden" genome to improve classification of cancer types. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2020 ,	1.8	3
151	Optimized variable selection via repeated data splitting. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2020 , 39, 2167-2184	2.3	1
150	Evidence for Etiologic Subtypes of Breast Cancer in the Carolina Breast Cancer Study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2019 , 28, 1784-1791	4	3
149	Testing clonal relatedness of two tumors from the same patient based on their mutational profiles: update of the Clonality R package. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2019 , 35, 4776-4778	7.2	2
148	MC1R variants in childhood and adolescent melanoma: a retrospective pooled analysis of a multicentre cohort. <i>The Lancet Child and Adolescent Health</i> , 2019 , 3, 332-342	14.5	8

(2016-2019)

147	Relationship of Chromosome Arm 10q Variants tolDccurrence of Multiple Primary Melanoma in the Population-Based Genes, Environment, and Melanoma (GEM) Study. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2019 , 139, 1410-1412	4.3	
146	An EM algorithm to improve the estimation of the probability of clonal relatedness of pairs of tumors in cancer patients. <i>BMC Bioinformatics</i> , 2019 , 20, 555	3.6	1
145	Using somatic variant richness to mine signals from rare variants in the cancer genome. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2019 , 10, 5506	17.4	4
144	RE: "A MULTINOMIAL REGRESSION APPROACH TO MODEL OUTCOME HETEROGENEITY". <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 187, 1129-1130	3.8	2
143	Estimating the probability of clonal relatedness of pairs of tumors in cancer patients. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2018 , 74, 321-330	1.8	6
142	The interaction between vitamin D receptor polymorphisms and sun exposure around time of diagnosis influences melanoma survival. <i>Pigment Cell and Melanoma Research</i> , 2018 , 31, 287-296	4.5	12
141	Contralateral breast cancers: Independent cancers or metastases?. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2018 , 142, 347-356	7.5	23
140	Inherited Genetic Variants Associated with Melanoma BRAF/NRAS Subtypes. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2018 , 138, 2398-2404	4.3	6
139	Defining Cancer Subtypes With Distinctive Etiologic Profiles: An Application to the Epidemiology of Melanoma. <i>Journal of the American Statistical Association</i> , 2017 , 112, 54-63	2.8	7
138	An efficient basket trial design. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2017 , 36, 1568-1579	2.3	53
137	No association between prediagnosis exercise and survival in patients with high-risk primary melanoma: A population-based study. <i>Pigment Cell and Melanoma Research</i> , 2017 , 30, 424-427	4.5	7
136	Examining the common aetiology of serous ovarian cancers and basal-like breast cancers using double primaries. <i>British Journal of Cancer</i> , 2017 , 116, 1088-1091	8.7	5
135	Associations of MC1R Genotype and Patient Phenotypes with BRAF and NRAS Mutations in Melanoma. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2017 , 137, 2588-2598	4.3	9
134	Association of Incident Amelanotic Melanoma With Phenotypic Characteristics, MC1R Status, and Prior Amelanotic Melanoma. <i>JAMA Dermatology</i> , 2017 , 153, 1026-1031	5.1	15
133	A comparison of statistical methods for the study of etiologic heterogeneity. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2017 , 36, 4050-4060	2.3	12
132	Variants in autophagy-related genes and clinical characteristics in melanoma: a population-based study. <i>Cancer Medicine</i> , 2016 , 5, 3336-3345	4.8	17
131	Patterns and sources of information about family melanoma risk among melanoma survivors. <i>Melanoma Management</i> , 2016 , 3, 105-111	2.1	
130	Association of Interferon Regulatory Factor-4 Polymorphism rs12203592 With Divergent Melanoma Pathways. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2016 , 108,	9.7	23

129	Vitamin D receptor polymorphisms and survival in patients with cutaneous melanoma: a population-based study. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2016 , 37, 30-8	4.6	42
128	Nevus count associations with pigmentary phenotype, histopathological melanoma characteristics and survival from melanoma. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2016 , 139, 1217-22	7.5	6
127	Clonal relationships between lobular carcinoma in situ and other breast malignancies. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2016 , 18, 66	8.3	26
126	Using the Lorenz Curve to Characterize Risk Predictiveness and Etiologic Heterogeneity. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2016 , 27, 531-7	3.1	20
125	Inherited genetic variants associated with occurrence of multiple primary melanoma. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2015 , 24, 992-7	4	31
124	Identifying Etiologically Distinct Sub-Types of Cancer: A Demonstration Project Involving Breast Cancer. <i>Cancer Medicine</i> , 2015 , 4, 1432-9	4.8	14
123	Inherited variation at MC1R and ASIP and association with melanoma-specific survival. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2015 , 136, 2659-67	7.5	20
122	USING SOMATIC MUTATION DATA TO TEST TUMORS FOR CLONAL RELATEDNESS. <i>Annals of Applied Statistics</i> , 2015 , 9, 1533-1548	2.1	18
121	Inherited variation at MC1R and histological characteristics of primary melanoma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0119920	3.7	18
120	Association Between NRAS and BRAF Mutational Status and Melanoma-Specific Survival Among Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68	13.4	123
120		13.4	123
	Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68 Sun exposure and melanoma survival: a GEM study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> ,		
119	Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68 Sun exposure and melanoma survival: a GEM study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 2145-52 Genomic investigation of etiologic heterogeneity: methodologic challenges. <i>BMC Medical Research</i>	4	18
119	Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68 Sun exposure and melanoma survival: a GEM study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 2145-52 Genomic investigation of etiologic heterogeneity: methodologic challenges. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2014 , 14, 138 Comparison of clinicopathologic features and survival of histopathologically amelanotic and	4 4.7	18
119 118	Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68 Sun exposure and melanoma survival: a GEM study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 2145-52 Genomic investigation of etiologic heterogeneity: methodologic challenges. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2014 , 14, 138 Comparison of clinicopathologic features and survival of histopathologically amelanotic and pigmented melanomas: a population-based study. <i>JAMA Dermatology</i> , 2014 , 150, 1306-314 Breast cancer after chest radiation therapy for childhood cancer. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014 ,	4 4.7 5.1	18 11 101
119 118 117	Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68 Sun exposure and melanoma survival: a GEM study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 2145-52 Genomic investigation of etiologic heterogeneity: methodologic challenges. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2014 , 14, 138 Comparison of clinicopathologic features and survival of histopathologically amelanotic and pigmented melanomas: a population-based study. <i>JAMA Dermatology</i> , 2014 , 150, 1306-314 Breast cancer after chest radiation therapy for childhood cancer. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014 , 32, 2217-23 MITF E318KR effect on melanoma risk independent of, but modified by, other risk factors. <i>Pigment</i>	4 4.7 5.1 2.2	18 11 101 160
119 118 117 116	Patients With Higher-Risk Primary Melanoma. <i>JAMA Oncology</i> , 2015 , 1, 359-68 Sun exposure and melanoma survival: a GEM study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2014 , 23, 2145-52 Genomic investigation of etiologic heterogeneity: methodologic challenges. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2014 , 14, 138 Comparison of clinicopathologic features and survival of histopathologically amelanotic and pigmented melanomas: a population-based study. <i>JAMA Dermatology</i> , 2014 , 150, 1306-314 Breast cancer after chest radiation therapy for childhood cancer. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2014 , 32, 2217-23 MITF E318KB effect on melanoma risk independent of, but modified by, other risk factors. <i>Pigment Cell and Melanoma Research</i> , 2014 , 27, 485-8 A conceptual and methodological framework for investigating etiologic heterogeneity. <i>Statistics in</i>	4 4.7 5.1 2.2 4.5	18 11 101 160 25

(2010-2013)

111	Comparing ROC curves derived from regression models. Statistics in Medicine, 2013, 32, 1483-93	2.3	51
110	Testing the incremental predictive accuracy of new markers. <i>Clinical Trials</i> , 2013 , 10, 690-2	2.2	6
109	Risk of asynchronous contralateral breast cancer in noncarriers of BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutations with a family history of breast cancer: a report from the Womenß Environmental Cancer and Radiation Epidemiology Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2013 , 31, 433-9	2.2	85
108	Rare germline mutations in PALB2 and breast cancer risk: a population-based study. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2012 , 33, 674-80	4.7	63
107	Vitamin D receptor polymorphisms in patients with cutaneous melanoma. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2012 , 130, 405-18	7·5	52
106	Clonal relatedness between lobular carcinoma in situ and synchronous malignant lesions. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2012 , 14, R103	8.3	32
105	Clinicopathologic features of incident and subsequent tumors in patients with multiple primary cutaneous melanomas. <i>Annals of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2012 , 19, 1024-33	3.1	42
104	Detecting and exploiting etiologic heterogeneity in epidemiologic studies. <i>American Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2012 , 176, 512-8	3.8	17
103	Comment on "the predictive capacity of personal genome sequencing". <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2012 , 4, 135le3; author reply 135lr3	17.5	3
102	Risk of non-melanoma cancers in first-degree relatives of CDKN2A mutation carriers. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2012 , 104, 953-6	9.7	37
101	Sun exposure, vitamin D receptor polymorphisms Fokl and BsmI and risk of multiple primary melanoma. <i>Cancer Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 35, e105-10	2.8	22
100	Hierarchical modeling for estimating relative risks of rare genetic variants: properties of the pseudo-likelihood method. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2011 , 67, 371-80	1.8	19
99	Assessment of rare BRCA1 and BRCA2 variants of unknown significance using hierarchical modeling. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 35, 389-97	2.6	13
98	A strategy for distinguishing optimal cancer subtypes. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011 , 129, 931-7	7.5	19
97	Clonality: an R package for testing clonal relatedness of two tumors from the same patient based on their genomic profiles. <i>Bioinformatics</i> , 2011 , 27, 1698-9	7.2	34
96	Interaction of CDKN2A and sun exposure in the etiology of melanoma in the general population. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2011 , 131, 2500-3	4.3	5
95	Associations of cumulative sun exposure and phenotypic characteristics with histologic solar elastosis. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2010 , 19, 2932-41	4	37
94	Testing clonal relatedness of tumors using array comparative genomic hybridization: a statistical challenge. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2010 , 16, 1358-67	12.9	14

93	Population-based study of the risk of second primary contralateral breast cancer associated with carrying a mutation in BRCA1 or BRCA2. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2010 , 28, 2404-10	2.2	137
92	Relationship between germline MC1R variants and BRAF-mutant melanoma in a North Carolina population-based study. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2010 , 130, 1463-5	4.3	28
91	Evaluating cancer epidemiologic risk factors using multiple primary malignancies. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2010 , 21, 366-72	3.1	15
90	Physician visits prior to treatment for clinically localized prostate cancer. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2010 , 170, 440-50		117
89	Adjuvant systemic therapy for breast cancer in BRCA1/BRCA2 mutation carriers in a population-based study of risk of contralateral breast cancer. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2010 , 123, 491-8	4.4	50
88	Reproductive factors and risk of contralateral breast cancer by BRCA1 and BRCA2 mutation status: results from the WECARE study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2010 , 21, 839-46	2.8	11
87	MC1R genotype may modify the effect of sun exposure on melanoma risk in the GEM study. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2010 , 21, 2137-47	2.8	9
86	Characterization of BRCA1 and BRCA2 deleterious mutations and variants of unknown clinical significance in unilateral and bilateral breast cancer: the WECARE study. <i>Human Mutation</i> , 2010 , 31, E12	.00 ^Z 40	80
85	A metastasis or a second independent cancer? Evaluating the clonal origin of tumors using array copy number data. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2010 , 29, 1608-21	2.3	38
84	Genomic and mutational profiling to assess clonal relationships between multiple non-small cell lung cancers. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2009 , 15, 5184-90	12.9	115
83	Sun protection and skin self-examination in melanoma survivors. <i>Psycho-Oncology</i> , 2009 , 18, 1106-15	3.9	63
82	Evaluation of the clonal origin of multiple primary melanomas using molecular profiling. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2009 , 129, 1972-82	4.3	23
81	Meta-analysis methods for diagnostic accuracy. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2008 , 61, 1081-2; discussion 1083-4	5.7	8
80	Disenrollment from Medicare managed care among beneficiaries with and without a cancer diagnosis. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2008 , 100, 1013-21	9.7	8
79	DNA damage and repair capacity in patients with lung cancer: prediction of multiple primary tumors. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2008 , 26, 3560-6	2.2	47
78	Variation of breast cancer risk among BRCA1/2 carriers. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2008 , 299, 194-201	27.4	213
77	The use of hierarchical models for estimating relative risks of individual genetic variants: an application to a study of melanoma. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2008 , 27, 1973-92	2.3	20
76	Comparison of properties of tests for assessing tumor clonality. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2008 , 64, 1018-22	1.8	10

(2004-2007)

Properties of analysis methods that account for clustering in volume-outcome studies when the primary predictor is cluster size. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2007 , 26, 2017-35	2.3	37
CDKN2A germline mutations in individuals with cutaneous malignant melanoma. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2007 , 127, 1234-43	4.3	47
Statistical tests for clonality. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2007 , 63, 522-30	1.8	25
Letter to the editor of Biometrics. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2007 , 63, 964-5; author reply 965-6	1.8	1
Ambient UV, personal sun exposure and risk of multiple primary melanomas. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2007 , 18, 295-304	2.8	87
Number of nevi and early-life ambient UV exposure are associated with BRAF-mutant melanoma. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 991-7	4	163
Computed tomography screening and lung cancer outcomes. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2007 , 297, 953-61	27.4	394
Population-based study of natural variation in the melanocortin-1 receptor gene and melanoma. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2006 , 66, 9330-7	10.1	102
A design for cancer case-control studies using only incident cases: experience with the GEM study of melanoma. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2006 , 35, 756-64	7.8	63
The prevalence of CDKN2A germ-line mutations and relative risk for cutaneous malignant melanoma: an international population-based study. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2006 , 15, 1520-5	4	93
Polymorphisms in nucleotide excision repair genes and risk of multiple primary melanoma: the Genes Environment and Melanoma Study. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2006 , 27, 610-8	4.6	85
Cancer survivorshipgenetic susceptibility and second primary cancers: research strategies and recommendations. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2006 , 98, 15-25	9.7	233
Variations among high volume surgeons in the rate of complications after radical prostatectomy: further evidence that technique matters. <i>Journal of Urology</i> , 2005 , 173, 2099-103	2.5	151
Systematic reviews of diagnostic accuracy studies require study by study examination: first for heterogeneity, and then for sources of heterogeneity. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2005 , 58, 865-6	5.7	15
Cystectomy for muscle-invasive bladder cancer: patterns and outcomes of care in the Medicare population. <i>Urology</i> , 2005 , 65, 1118-25	1.6	78
HER2 codon 655 polymorphism and breast cancer: results from kin-cohort and case-control analyses. <i>Breast Cancer Research and Treatment</i> , 2005 , 89, 309-12	4.4	15
Lifetime risk of melanoma in CDKN2A mutation carriers in a population-based sample. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2005 , 97, 1507-15	9.7	173
Resurrecting treatment histories of dead patients: a study design that should be laid to rest. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2004 , 292, 2765-70	27.4	188
	primary predictor is cluster size. Statistics in Medicine, 2007, 26, 2017-35 CDKN2A germline mutations in individuals with cutaneous malignant melanoma. Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 2007, 127, 1234-43 Statistical tests for clonality. Biometrics, 2007, 63, 522-30 Letter to the editor of Biometrics. Biometrics, 2007, 63, 964-5; author reply 965-6 Ambient UV, personal sun exposure and risk of multiple primary melanomas. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 295-304 Number of nevi and early-life ambient UV exposure are associated with BRAF-mutant melanoma. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 991-7 Computed tomography screening and lung cancer outcomes. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 297, 953-61 Population-based study of natural variation in the melanocortin-1 receptor gene and melanoma. Cancer Research, 2006, 66, 9330-7 A design for cancer case-control studies using only incident cases: experience with the GEM study of melanoma. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 756-64 The prevalence of CDKN2A germ-line mutations and relative risk for cutaneous malignant melanoma: an international population-based study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1520-5 Polymorphisms in nucleotide excision repair genes and risk of multiple primary melanoma: the Genes Environment and Melanoma Study. Cancer institute, 2006, 98, 15-25 Variations among high volume surgeons in the rate of complications after radical prostatectomy: further evidence that technique matters. Journal of Urology, 2005, 173, 1209-103 Systematic reviews of diagnostic accuracy studies require study by study examination: first for heterogeneity, and then for sources of heterogeneity. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2005, 58, 865-6 Cystectomy for muscle-invasive bladder cancer: patterns and outcomes of care in the Medicare population. Urology, 2005, 65, 1118-25 HERZ codon 655 polymorphism and breast cancer: results from kin-cohort and case-control analyses. Breast	primary predictor is cluster size. Statistics in Medicine, 2007, 26, 2017-35 CDKN2A germline mutations in individuals with cutaneous malignant melanoma. Journal of Investigative Dermatology, 2007, 127, 1234-43 Statistical tests for clonality. Biometrics, 2007, 63, 522-30 1.8 Letter to the editor of Biometrics. Biometrics, 2007, 63, 964-5; author reply 965-6 1.8 Ambient UV, personal sun exposure and risk of multiple primary melanomas. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 295-304 Number of nevi and early-life ambient UV exposure are associated with BRAF-mutant melanoma. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2007, 16, 991-7 Computed tomography screening and lung cancer outcomes. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2007, 297, 953-61 Population-based study of natural variation in the melanocortin-1 receptor gene and melanoma. Cancer Research, 2006, 66, 9330-7 A design for cancer case-control studies using only incident cases: experience with the GEM study of melanoma. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 35, 756-64 The prevalence of CDKN2A germ-line mutations and relative risk for cutaneous malignant melanoma an international population-based study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1520-5 Polymorphisms in nucleotide excision repair genes and risk of multiple primary melanoma: the Genes Environment and Melanoma Study. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 27, 610-8 Cancer survivorship-genetic susceptibility and second primary cancers: research strategies and recommendations. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2006, 98, 15-25 Variations among high volume surgeons in the rate of complications after radical prostatectomy: further evidence that technique matters. Journal of Urology, 2005, 173, 2099-103 25 Systematic reviews of diagnostic accuracy studies require study by study examination: first for heterogeneity, and then for sources of heterogeneity. Journal of Clinical Epidemiology, 2005, 58, 865-6 For Cystectomy for muscle-invasive bladder cancer: patte

57	Two-stage designs for gene-disease association studies with sample size constraints. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2004 , 60, 589-97	1.8	103
56	Familial aggregation of melanoma risks in a large population-based sample of melanoma cases. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2004 , 15, 957-965	2.8	43
55	Familial aggregation of melanoma risks in a large population-based sample of melanoma cases. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2004 , 15, 957-65	2.8	24
54	Adherence to surveillance among patients with superficial bladder cancer. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2003 , 95, 588-97	9.7	103
53	Variation of serum prostate-specific antigen levels: an evaluation of year-to-year fluctuations. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2003, 289, 2695-700	27.4	167
52	The effect of clustering of outcomes on the association of procedure volume and surgical outcomes. <i>Annals of Internal Medicine</i> , 2003 , 139, 658-65	8	251
51	Kin-cohort evaluation of relative risks of genetic variants. <i>Genetic Epidemiology</i> , 2003 , 24, 220-9	2.6	12
50	Surgeon volume compared to hospital volume as a predictor of outcome following primary colon cancer resection. <i>Journal of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2003 , 83, 68-78; discussion 78-9	2.8	174
49	Variations among individual surgeons in the rate of positive surgical margins in radical prostatectomy specimens. <i>Journal of Urology</i> , 2003 , 170, 2292-5	2.5	275
48	Variations in lung cancer risk among smokers. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2003 , 95, 470-8	9.7	443
47	Two-stage designs for gene-disease association studies. <i>Biometrics</i> , 2002 , 58, 163-70	1.8	94
46	Adjuvant chemotherapy use for Medicare beneficiaries with stage II colon cancer. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2002 , 20, 3999-4005	2.2	192
45	The mammography controversy. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2002 , 7, 174-6	5.7	10
44	Variations in morbidity after radical prostatectomy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2002, 346, 1138-4	44 59.2	679
43	Attribution of deaths following cancer treatment. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2002, 94, 104	44 9.5	70
42	On the use of familial aggregation in population-based case probands for calculating penetrance. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2002 , 94, 1221-6	9.7	152
41	Reporting participation in case-control studies. <i>Epidemiology</i> , 2002 , 13, 123-6	3.1	49
40	Measuring complications of cancer treatment using the SEER-Medicare data. <i>Medical Care</i> , 2002 , 40, IV-62-8	3.1	66

(1994-2002)

39	Hospital and surgeon procedure volume as predictors of outcome following rectal cancer resection. <i>Annals of Surgery</i> , 2002 , 236, 583-92	7.8	259
38	Survival of blacks and whites after a cancer diagnosis. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2002 , 287, 2106-13	27.4	371
37	Age and adjuvant chemotherapy use after surgery for stage III colon cancer. <i>Journal of the National Cancer Institute</i> , 2001 , 93, 850-7	9.7	416
36	The influence of hospital volume on survival after resection for lung cancer. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2001 , 345, 181-8	59.2	543
35	Who gets adjuvant treatment for stage II and III rectal cancer? Insight from surveillance, epidemiology, and end resultsMedicare. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2001 , 19, 3712-8	2.2	136
34	Comparing tumour staging and grading systems: a case study and a review of the issues, using thymoma as a model. <i>Statistics in Medicine</i> , 2000 , 19, 1997-2014	2.3	84
33	Phase III multicenter randomized trial of the Dartmouth regimen versus dacarbazine in patients with metastatic melanoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 1999 , 17, 2745-51	2.2	607
32	Properties of a nonparametric test for early comparison of treatments in clinical trials in the presence of surrogate endpoints. <i>Biometrics</i> , 1999 , 55, 1171-6	1.8	8
31	Racial differences in the treatment of early-stage lung cancer. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 1999 , 341, 1198-205	59.2	795
30	A New Strategy for Evaluating the Impact of Epidemiologic Risk Factors for Cancer with Application to Melanoma. <i>Journal of the American Statistical Association</i> , 1998 , 93, 415-426	2.8	8
29	Impact of hospital volume on operative mortality for major cancer surgery. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 1998 , 280, 1747-51	27.4	1224
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2.4 1823

An Assessment of Publication Bias Using a Sample of Published Clinical Trials

20

Random Effects Models for Combining Results from Controlled and Uncontrolled Studies in a Meta-Analysis