

Heinrich Kovar

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

55
papers

5,562
citations

32
h-index

61
g-index

61
ext. papers

6,501
ext. citations

10.8
avg, IF

5.26
L-index

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 55 | Mechanisms, Diagnosis and Treatment of Bone Metastases. <i>Cells</i> , 2021 , 10, | 7.9 | 7 |
| 54 | Ewing Sarcoma-Diagnosis, Treatment, Clinical Challenges and Future Perspectives. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2021 , 10, | 5.1 | 23 |
| 53 | YAP/TAZ inhibition reduces metastatic potential of Ewing sarcoma cells. <i>Oncogenesis</i> , 2021 , 10, 2 | 6.6 | 15 |
| 52 | The YAP/TAZ Pathway in Osteogenesis and Bone Sarcoma Pathogenesis. <i>Cells</i> , 2020 , 9, | 7.9 | 28 |
| 51 | Low-frequency variation near common germline susceptibility loci are associated with risk of Ewing sarcoma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0237792 | 3.7 | 2 |
| 50 | ETS Proteins Bind with Glucocorticoid Receptors: Relevance for Treatment of Ewing Sarcoma. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2019 , 29, 104-117.e4 | 10.6 | 7 |
| 49 | EWS-FLI1 modulated alternative splicing of ARID1A reveals novel oncogenic function through the BAF complex. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2019 , 47, 9619-9636 | 20.1 | 23 |
| 48 | Selective enhancer changes in osteosarcoma lung metastasis. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2018 , 24, 126-127 | 50.5 | 7 |
| 47 | Genome-wide association study identifies multiple new loci associated with Ewing sarcoma susceptibility. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018 , 9, 3184 | 17.4 | 25 |
| 46 | Identifying the druggable interactome of EWS-FLI1 reveals MCL-1 dependent differential sensitivities of Ewing sarcoma cells to apoptosis inducers. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2018 , 9, 31018-31031 | 3.3 | 3 |
| 45 | Ewing sarcoma. <i>Nature Reviews Disease Primers</i> , 2018 , 4, 5 | 51.1 | 255 |
| 44 | DNA methylation heterogeneity defines a disease spectrum in Ewing sarcoma. <i>Nature Medicine</i> , 2017 , 23, 386-395 | 50.5 | 128 |
| 43 | High-throughput RNAi screen in Ewing sarcoma cells identifies leucine rich repeats and WD repeat domain containing 1 (LRWD1) as a regulator of EWS-FLI1 driven cell viability. <i>Gene</i> , 2017 , 596, 137-146 | 3.8 | 11 |
| 42 | Combinatorial Drug Screening Identifies Ewing Sarcoma-specific Sensitivities. <i>Molecular Cancer Therapeutics</i> , 2017 , 16, 88-101 | 6.1 | 13 |
| 41 | Synthetic lethality between the cohesin subunits and in diverse cancer contexts. <i>ELife</i> , 2017 , 6, | 8.9 | 50 |
| 40 | The role of miR-17-92 in the miRegulatory landscape of Ewing sarcoma. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 10980-10993 | 3.3 | 12 |
| 39 | C/EBP β promotes transformation and chemoresistance in Ewing sarcoma cells. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 26013-26026 | 3.3 | 11 |

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| 38 | EWS-FLI1 confers exquisite sensitivity to NAMPT inhibition in Ewing sarcoma cells. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 24679-24693 | 3.3 | 18 |
| 37 | Combined experience of six independent laboratories attempting to create an Ewing sarcoma mouse model. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2017 , 8, 34141-34163 | 3.3 | 52 |
| 36 | Increased survival and cell cycle progression pathways are required for EWS/FLI1-induced malignant transformation. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2016 , 7, e2419 | 9.8 | 16 |
| 35 | The second European interdisciplinary Ewing sarcoma research summit--A joint effort to deconstructing the multiple layers of a complex disease. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2016 , 7, 8613-24 | 3.3 | 38 |
| 34 | EWS-FLI1 impairs aryl hydrocarbon receptor activation by blocking tryptophan breakdown via the kynurenine pathway. <i>FEBS Letters</i> , 2016 , 590, 2063-75 | 3.8 | 9 |
| 33 | Epigenome mapping reveals distinct modes of gene regulation and widespread enhancer reprogramming by the oncogenic fusion protein EWS-FLI1. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2015 , 10, 1082-95 | 10.6 | 129 |
| 32 | Ewing Sarcoma: Current Management and Future Approaches Through Collaboration. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2015 , 33, 3036-46 | 2.2 | 356 |
| 31 | EWS-FLI1 employs an E2F switch to drive target gene expression. <i>Nucleic Acids Research</i> , 2015 , 43, 2780-2801 | 9.1 | 32 |
| 30 | SLFN11: Achilles Heel or Troublemaker. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2015 , 21, 4033-4 | 12.9 | |
| 29 | YK-4-279 effectively antagonizes EWS-FLI1 induced leukemia in a transgenic mouse model. <i>Oncotarget</i> , 2015 , 6, 37678-94 | 3.3 | 21 |
| 28 | Blocking the road, stopping the engine or killing the driver? Advances in targeting EWS/FLI-1 fusion in Ewing sarcoma as novel therapy. <i>Expert Opinion on Therapeutic Targets</i> , 2014 , 18, 1315-28 | 6.4 | 40 |
| 27 | Overexpression of HOX genes is prevalent in Ewing sarcoma and is associated with altered epigenetic regulation of developmental transcription programs. <i>Epigenetics</i> , 2014 , 9, 1613-25 | 5.7 | 36 |
| 26 | Suppression of deacetylase SIRT1 mediates tumor-suppressive NOTCH response and offers a novel treatment option in metastatic Ewing sarcoma. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2014 , 74, 6578-88 | 10.1 | 50 |
| 25 | Oncogenic ETS fusions deregulate E2F3 target genes in Ewing sarcoma and prostate cancer. <i>Genome Research</i> , 2013 , 23, 1797-809 | 9.7 | 75 |
| 24 | Notch is active in Langerhans cell histiocytosis and confers pathognomonic features on dendritic cells. <i>Blood</i> , 2012 , 120, 5199-208 | 2.2 | 59 |
| 23 | Lysine-specific demethylase 1 (LSD1/KDM1A/AOF2/BHC110) is expressed and is an epigenetic drug target in chondrosarcoma, Ewing sarcoma, osteosarcoma, and rhabdomyosarcoma. <i>Human Pathology</i> , 2012 , 43, 1300-7 | 3.7 | 98 |
| 22 | Common variants near TARDBP and EGR2 are associated with susceptibility to Ewing sarcoma. <i>Nature Genetics</i> , 2012 , 44, 323-7 | 36.3 | 124 |
| 21 | Dr. Jekyll and Mr. Hyde: The Two Faces of the FUS/EWS/TAF15 Protein Family. <i>Sarcoma</i> , 2011 , 2011, 8374-74 | 3.74 | 81 |

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|----|---|------|-----|
| 20 | Notch signalling is off and is uncoupled from HES1 expression in Ewing's sarcoma. <i>Journal of Pathology</i> , 2011 , 225, 353-63 | 9.4 | 27 |
| 19 | Hypoxia modulates EWS-FLI1 transcriptional signature and enhances the malignant properties of Ewing's sarcoma cells in vitro. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2010 , 70, 4015-23 | 10.1 | 54 |
| 18 | Intercohort gene expression co-analysis reveals chemokine receptors as prognostic indicators in Ewing's sarcoma. <i>Clinical Cancer Research</i> , 2010 , 16, 3769-78 | 12.9 | 52 |
| 17 | Downstream EWS/FLI1 - upstream Ewing's sarcoma. <i>Genome Medicine</i> , 2010 , 2, 8 | 14.4 | 48 |
| 16 | AURKA inhibitors: right in time. <i>Pediatric Blood and Cancer</i> , 2010 , 55, 3-4 | 3 | 2 |
| 15 | EZH2 is a mediator of EWS/FLI1 driven tumor growth and metastasis blocking endothelial and neuro-ectodermal differentiation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2009 , 106, 5324-9 | 11.5 | 228 |
| 14 | A molecular function map of Ewing's sarcoma. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2009 , 4, e5415 | 3.7 | 135 |
| 13 | EWS-FLI1 suppresses NOTCH-activated p53 in Ewing's sarcoma. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2008 , 68, 7100-9 | 10.1 | 85 |
| 12 | Caveolin-1 (CAV1) is a target of EWS/FLI-1 and a key determinant of the oncogenic phenotype and tumorigenicity of Ewing's sarcoma cells. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2006 , 66, 9937-47 | 10.1 | 117 |
| 11 | Ewing's sarcoma family of tumors: current management. <i>Oncologist</i> , 2006 , 11, 503-19 | 5.7 | 361 |
| 10 | EWS-FLI1 target genes recovered from Ewing's sarcoma chromatin. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2005 , 24, 2512-24 | 9.2 | 69 |
| 9 | Context matters: the hen or egg problem in Ewing's sarcoma. <i>Seminars in Cancer Biology</i> , 2005 , 15, 189-96 | 6.7 | 71 |
| 8 | Interaction of the EWS NH2 terminus with BARD1 links the Ewing's sarcoma gene to a common tumor suppressor pathway. <i>Cancer Research</i> , 2002 , 62, 4583-7 | 10.1 | 38 |
| 7 | The Ewing family of tumors and the search for the Achilles' heel. <i>Current Opinion in Oncology</i> , 1999 , 11, 275-84 | 4.2 | 47 |
| 6 | Ewing's sarcoma and peripheral primitive neuroectodermal tumors after their genetic union. <i>Current Opinion in Oncology</i> , 1998 , 10, 334-42 | 4.2 | 76 |
| 5 | Among genes involved in the RB dependent cell cycle regulatory cascade, the p16 tumor suppressor gene is frequently lost in the Ewing family of tumors. <i>Oncogene</i> , 1997 , 15, 2225-32 | 9.2 | 126 |
| 4 | NPM/ALK gene fusion transcripts identify a distinct subgroup of null type Ki-1 positive anaplastic large cell lymphomas. <i>British Journal of Haematology</i> , 1996 , 92, 866-71 | 4.5 | 15 |
| 3 | Detection of tumour cells in peripheral blood and bone marrow from Ewing tumour patients by RT-PCR. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 1995 , 64, 135-9 | 7.5 | 72 |

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| 2 | Gene fusion with an ETS DNA-binding domain caused by chromosome translocation in human tumours. <i>Nature</i> , 1992 , 359, 162-5 | 50.4 | 1517 |
| 1 | MIC2 is a specific marker for Ewing's sarcoma and peripheral primitive neuroectodermal tumors. Evidence for a common histogenesis of Ewing's sarcoma and peripheral primitive neuroectodermal tumors from MIC2 expression and specific chromosome aberration. <i>Cancer</i> , 1991 , 67, 1886-93 | 6.4 | 568 |