## Suzanne C Dixon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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758635 794141 24 391 12 19 h-index citations g-index papers 25 25 25 873 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	lF	Citations
1	Adult body mass index and risk of ovarian cancer by subtype: a Mendelian randomization study. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 884-895.	0.9	71
2	A comprehensive re-assessment of the association between vitamin D and cancer susceptibility using Mendelian randomization. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 246.	5.8	39
3	Hysterectomy with and without oophorectomy and all-cause and cause-specific mortality. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2020, 223, 723.e1-723.e16.	0.7	34
4	Common medications and survival in women with ovarian cancer: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Gynecologic Oncology, 2020, 157, 678-685.	0.6	29
5	â€~As many options as there are, there are just not enough for me': Contraceptive use and barriers to access among Australian women. European Journal of Contraception and Reproductive Health Care, 2014, 19, 340-351.	0.6	27
6	Dietary folate and related micronutrients, folate-metabolising genes, and ovarian cancer survival. Gynecologic Oncology, 2014, 132, 566-572.	0.6	25
7	Assessing the genetic architecture of epithelial ovarian cancer histological subtypes. Human Genetics, 2016, 135, 741-756.	1.8	19
8	Linking Physical Activity to Breast Cancer via Sex Steroid Hormones, Part 2: The Effect of Sex Steroid Hormones on Breast Cancer Risk. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2022, 31, 28-37.	1.1	19
9	The Association Between Hysterectomy and Ovarian Cancer Risk: A Population-Based Record-Linkage Study. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 1097-1103.	3.0	17
10	Adult height is associated with increased risk of ovarian cancer: a Mendelian randomisation study. British Journal of Cancer, 2018, 118, 1123-1129.	2.9	15
11	Physical activity and sedentary behaviour over adulthood in relation to all-cause and cause-specific mortality: a systematic review of analytic strategies and study findings. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, 641-667.	0.9	14
12	Use of common analgesic medications and ovarian cancer survival: results from a pooled analysis in the Ovarian Cancer Association Consortium. British Journal of Cancer, 2017, 116, 1223-1228.	2.9	13
13	Statin use and survival among women with ovarian cancer: an Australian national data-linkage study. British Journal of Cancer, 2021, 125, 766-771.	2.9	13
14	Linking Physical Activity to Breast Cancer via Sex Hormones, Part 1: The Effect of Physical Activity on Sex Steroid Hormones. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2022, 31, 16-27.	1.1	12
15	Hysterectomy and Risk of Breast, Colorectal, Thyroid, and Kidney Cancer – an Australian Data Linkage Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 904-911.	1.1	9
16	Demographic and lifestyle risk factors for gastroesophageal reflux disease and Barrett's esophagus in Australia. Ecological Management and Restoration, 2022, 35, .	0.2	9
17	Diet and risk of gastro-oesophageal reflux disease in the Melbourne Collaborative Cohort Study. Public Health Nutrition, 2021, 24, 5034-5046.	1.1	8
18	Approaches to Improve Causal Inference in Physical Activity Epidemiology. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2020, 17, 80-84.	1.0	8

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
19	Lymphadenectomy in Early-Stage Intermediate-/High-Risk Endometrioid Endometrial Cancer: Clinical Characteristics and Outcomes in an Australian Cohort. International Journal of Gynecological Cancer, 2017, 27, 1379-1386.	1.2	5
20	Is there sufficient evidence to recommend women diagnosed with endometrial cancer take a statin: Results from an Australian record-linkage study. Gynecologic Oncology, 2021, 161, 858-863.	0.6	3
21	Mechanisms for the Sex-Specific Effect of <i>H. Pylori </i> on Risk of Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease and Barrett's Esophagus. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2022, 31, 1630-1637.	1.1	2
22	Response to van Diest, Zweemer, and Piek. Journal of the National Cancer Institute, 2019, 111, 1362-1362.	3.0	0
23	Abstract 881: Association of adult body mass index and height with risk of ovarian cancer in 39,000 women: Results of a Mendelian randomization study. , 2015, , .		O
24	Abstract 4637: The effect of height, BMI and serum lipid levels on ovarian cancer prognosis in over 12,000 women: a Mendelian randomization study. , 2015, , .		0