

Michael P Bancks

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

41
papers

1,079
citations

471509
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h-index

434195
31
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42
all docs

42
docs citations

42
times ranked

1732
citing authors

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 1 | Association of Overactive Bladder With Hypertension and Blood Pressure Control: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). American Journal of Hypertension, 2022, 35, 22-30. | 2.0 | 7 |
| 2 | Racial/ethnic and socioeconomic disparities in the use of newer diabetes medications in the Look AHEAD study. The Lancet Regional Health Americas, 2022, 6, 100111. | 2.6 | 26 |
| 3 | Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Diabetes Care Among a North Carolina Patient Population. Clinical Diabetes, 2022, 40, 467-476. | 2.2 | 2 |
| 4 | Associations of Clinical and Social Risk Factors With Racial Differences in Premature Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation, 2022, 146, 201-210. | 1.6 | 27 |
| 5 | Racial differences in urinary incontinence prevalence and associated bother: the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology, 2021, 224, 80.e1-80.e9. | 1.3 | 7 |
| 6 | Association of Diabetes Subgroups With Race/Ethnicity, Risk Factor Burden and Complications: The MASALA and MESA Studies. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 106, e2106-e2115. | 3.6 | 32 |
| 7 | Spatially Weighted Coronary Artery Calcium Score and Coronary Heart Disease Events in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging, 2021, 14, e011981. | 2.6 | 16 |
| 8 | Racial Differences in Urinary Incontinence Prevalence, Overactive Bladder and Associated Bother among Men: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. Journal of Urology, 2021, 205, 524-531. | 0.4 | 10 |
| 9 | Type 2 Diabetes Subgroups, Risk for Complications, and Differential Effects Due to an Intensive Lifestyle Intervention. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 1203-1210. | 8.6 | 22 |
| 10 | Association of fasting glucose with lifetime risk of incident heart failure: the Lifetime Risk Pooling Project. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2021, 20, 66. | 6.8 | 26 |
| 11 | Serum Urate Trajectory in Young Adulthood and Incident Cardiovascular Disease Events by Middle Age: CARDIA Study. Hypertension, 2021, 78, 1211-1218. | 2.7 | 15 |
| 12 | Diabetes subgroups and risk for complications: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications, 2021, 35, 107915. | 2.3 | 7 |
| 13 | Trends in Prevalence of Diabetes and Control of Risk Factors in Diabetes Among US Adults, 1999-2018. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 326, 704. | 7.4 | 232 |
| 14 | Association of the extent of return to fasting state 2-hours after a glucose challenge with incident prediabetes and type 2 diabetes: The CARDIA study. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 180, 109004. | 2.8 | 3 |
| 15 | Characteristics associated with early- vs. later-onset adult diabetes: The CARDIA study. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 182, 109144. | 2.8 | 6 |
| 16 | Developing a Data Quality Standard Primer for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment from Electronic Health Record Data Using the DataGauge Process.. AMIA ... Annual Symposium proceedings, 2021, 2021, 388-397. | 0.2 | 0 |
| 17 | Sex differences in cardiovascular risk factors before and after the development of type 2 diabetes and risk for incident cardiovascular disease. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2020, 166, 108334. | 2.8 | 12 |
| 18 | Racial residential segregation, racial discrimination, and diabetes: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults study. Health and Place, 2020, 62, 102286. | 3.3 | 10 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Association of Blood Pressure Patterns in Young Adulthood With Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality in Middle Age. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2020, 5, 382. | 6.1 | 35 |
| 20 | Epidemiology of diabetes phenotypes and prevalent cardiovascular risk factors and diabetes complications in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2003–2014. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2019, 158, 107915. | 2.8 | 24 |
| 21 | Fasting glucose variability in young adulthood and incident diabetes, cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality. <i>Diabetologia</i> , 2019, 62, 1366-1374. | 6.3 | 25 |
| 22 | Temporal trends in cognitive function of older US adults associated with population changes in demographic and cardiovascular profiles. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2019, 73, 612-618. | 3.7 | 11 |
| 23 | Fasting glucose and insulin resistance trajectories during young adulthood and mid-life cardiac structure and function. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2019, 33, 356-362. | 2.3 | 6 |
| 24 | CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH AND SUCCESSFUL AGING: THE MULTI-ETHNIC STUDY OF ATHEROSCLEROSIS. <i>Innovation in Aging</i> , 2019, 3, S644-S645. | 0.1 | 0 |
| 25 | Long-term Absolute Risk for Cardiovascular Disease Stratified by Fasting Glucose Level. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2019, 42, 457-465. | 8.6 | 47 |
| 26 | Insulin resistance since early adulthood and appendicular lean mass in middle-aged adults without diabetes: 20 years of the CARDIA study. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2019, 33, 84-90. | 2.3 | 5 |
| 27 | Twenty-five-year trajectories of insulin resistance and pancreatic β -cell response and diabetes risk in nonalcoholic fatty liver disease. <i>Liver International</i> , 2018, 38, 2069-2081. | 3.9 | 11 |
| 28 | Duration of Diabetes and Prediabetes During Adulthood and Subclinical Atherosclerosis and Cardiac Dysfunction in Middle Age: The CARDIA Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2018, 41, 731-738. | 8.6 | 66 |
| 29 | Self-reported marijuana use over 25 years and abdominal adiposity: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2018, 113, 689-698. | 3.3 | 8 |
| 30 | Fasting Glucose Variability in Young Adulthood and Cognitive Function in Middle Age: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2018, 41, 2579-2585. | 8.6 | 34 |
| 31 | Reis et al. Respond. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2018, 108, e12-e12. | 2.7 | 2 |
| 32 | Quantifying the extent to which index event biases influence large genetic association studies. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2017, 26, ddw433. | 2.9 | 40 |
| 33 | Cumulative Lifetime Marijuana Use and Incident Cardiovascular Disease in Middle Age: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2017, 107, 601-606. | 2.7 | 81 |
| 34 | Visit-to-Visit Blood Pressure Variability in Young Adulthood and Hippocampal Volume and Integrity at Middle Age. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2017, 70, 1091-1098. | 2.7 | 30 |
| 35 | Cardiovascular health in young adulthood and structural brain MRI in midlife. <i>Neurology</i> , 2017, 89, 680-686. | 1.1 | 25 |
| 36 | Brain function and structure and risk for incident diabetes: The Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities Study. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia</i> , 2017, 13, 1345-1354. | 0.8 | 9 |

| # | ARTICLE | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|-----|-----------|
| 37 | Association of Modifiable Risk Factors in Young Adulthood With Racial Disparity in Incident Type 2 Diabetes During Middle Adulthood. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 318, 2457. | 7.4 | 84 |
| 38 | Circulating level of hepatocyte growth factor predicts incidence of type 2 diabetes mellitus: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental, 2016, 65, 64-72. | 3.4 | 21 |
| 39 | Marijuana use and risk of prediabetes and diabetes by middle adulthood: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study. Diabetologia, 2015, 58, 2736-2744. | 6.3 | 34 |
| 40 | Glycated Hemoglobin and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in Singaporean Chinese Adults: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0119884. | 2.5 | 6 |
| 41 | Glycated Hemoglobin and All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in Singaporean Chinese Without Diagnosed Diabetes: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 3180-3187. | 8.6 | 15 |