

# Michael P Bancks

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

41  
papers

1,079  
citations

471061

17  
h-index

433756

31  
g-index

42  
all docs

42  
docs citations

42  
times ranked

1732  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Trends in Prevalence of Diabetes and Control of Risk Factors in Diabetes Among US Adults, 1999-2018. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2021, 326, 704.	3.8	232
2	Association of Modifiable Risk Factors in Young Adulthood With Racial Disparity in Incident Type 2 Diabetes During Middle Adulthood. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 318, 2457.	3.8	84
3	Cumulative Lifetime Marijuana Use and Incident Cardiovascular Disease in Middle Age: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. American Journal of Public Health, 2017, 107, 601-606.	1.5	81
4	Duration of Diabetes and Prediabetes During Adulthood and Subclinical Atherosclerosis and Cardiac Dysfunction in Middle Age: The CARDIA Study. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 731-738.	4.3	66
5	Long-term Absolute Risk for Cardiovascular Disease Stratified by Fasting Glucose Level. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 457-465.	4.3	47
6	Quantifying the extent to which index event biases influence large genetic association studies. Human Molecular Genetics, 2017, 26, ddw433.	1.4	40
7	Association of Blood Pressure Patterns in Young Adulthood With Cardiovascular Disease and Mortality in Middle Age. JAMA Cardiology, 2020, 5, 382.	3.0	35
8	Marijuana use and risk of prediabetes and diabetes by middle adulthood: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) study. Diabetologia, 2015, 58, 2736-2744.	2.9	34
9	Fasting Glucose Variability in Young Adulthood and Cognitive Function in Middle Age: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 2579-2585.	4.3	34
10	Association of Diabetes Subgroups With Race/Ethnicity, Risk Factor Burden and Complications: The MASALA and MESA Studies. Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism, 2021, 106, e2106-e2115.	1.8	32
11	Visit-to-Visit Blood Pressure Variability in Young Adulthood and Hippocampal Volume and Integrity at Middle Age. Hypertension, 2017, 70, 1091-1098.	1.3	30
12	Associations of Clinical and Social Risk Factors With Racial Differences in Premature Cardiovascular Disease. Circulation, 2022, 146, 201-210.	1.6	27
13	Association of fasting glucose with lifetime risk of incident heart failure: the Lifetime Risk Pooling Project. Cardiovascular Diabetology, 2021, 20, 66.	2.7	26
14	Racial/ethnic and socioeconomic disparities in the use of newer diabetes medications in the Look AHEAD study. The Lancet Regional Health Americas, 2022, 6, 100111.	1.5	26
15	Cardiovascular health in young adulthood and structural brain MRI in midlife. Neurology, 2017, 89, 680-686.	1.5	25
16	Fasting glucose variability in young adulthood and incident diabetes, cardiovascular disease and all-cause mortality. Diabetologia, 2019, 62, 1366-1374.	2.9	25
17	Epidemiology of diabetes phenotypes and prevalent cardiovascular risk factors and diabetes complications in the National Health and Nutrition Examination Survey 2003-2014. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2019, 158, 107915.	1.1	24
18	Type 2 Diabetes Subgroups, Risk for Complications, and Differential Effects Due to an Intensive Lifestyle Intervention. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 1203-1210.	4.3	22

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Circulating level of hepatocyte growth factor predicts incidence of type 2 diabetes mellitus: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). <i>Metabolism: Clinical and Experimental</i> , 2016, 65, 64-72.	1.5	21
20	Spatially Weighted Coronary Artery Calcium Score and Coronary Heart Disease Events in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Imaging</i> , 2021, 14, e011981.	1.3	16
21	Glycated Hemoglobin and All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in Singaporean Chinese Without Diagnosed Diabetes: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2014, 37, 3180-3187.	4.3	15
22	Serum Urate Trajectory in Young Adulthood and Incident Cardiovascular Disease Events by Middle Age: CARDIA Study. <i>Hypertension</i> , 2021, 78, 1211-1218.	1.3	15
23	Sex differences in cardiovascular risk factors before and after the development of type 2 diabetes and risk for incident cardiovascular disease. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2020, 166, 108334.	1.1	12
24	Twenty-five-year trajectories of insulin resistance and pancreatic $\beta$ -cell response and diabetes risk in nonalcoholic fatty liver disease. <i>Liver International</i> , 2018, 38, 2069-2081.	1.9	11
25	Temporal trends in cognitive function of older US adults associated with population changes in demographic and cardiovascular profiles. <i>Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health</i> , 2019, 73, 612-618.	2.0	11
26	Racial residential segregation, racial discrimination, and diabetes: The Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults study. <i>Health and Place</i> , 2020, 62, 102286.	1.5	10
27	Racial Differences in Urinary Incontinence Prevalence, Overactive Bladder and Associated Bother among Men: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. <i>Journal of Urology</i> , 2021, 205, 524-531.	0.2	10
28	Brain function and structure and risk for incident diabetes: The Atherosclerosis Risk in Communities Study. <i>Alzheimer's and Dementia</i> , 2017, 13, 1345-1354.	0.4	9
29	Self-reported marijuana use over 25 years and abdominal adiposity: the Coronary Artery Risk Development in Young Adults (CARDIA) Study. <i>Addiction</i> , 2018, 113, 689-698.	1.7	8
30	Racial differences in urinary incontinence prevalence and associated bother: the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis. <i>American Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology</i> , 2021, 224, 80.e1-80.e9.	0.7	7
31	Association of Overactive Bladder With Hypertension and Blood Pressure Control: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). <i>American Journal of Hypertension</i> , 2022, 35, 22-30.	1.0	7
32	Diabetes subgroups and risk for complications: The Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis (MESA). <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2021, 35, 107915.	1.2	7
33	Fasting glucose and insulin resistance trajectories during young adulthood and mid-life cardiac structure and function. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2019, 33, 356-362.	1.2	6
34	Glycated Hemoglobin and Incident Type 2 Diabetes in Singaporean Chinese Adults: The Singapore Chinese Health Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0119884.	1.1	6
35	Characteristics associated with early- vs. later-onset adult diabetes: The CARDIA study. <i>Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice</i> , 2021, 182, 109144.	1.1	6
36	Insulin resistance since early adulthood and appendicular lean mass in middle-aged adults without diabetes: 20 years of the CARDIA study. <i>Journal of Diabetes and Its Complications</i> , 2019, 33, 84-90.	1.2	5

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
37	Association of the extent of return to fasting state 2-hours after a glucose challenge with incident prediabetes and type 2 diabetes: The CARDIA study. Diabetes Research and Clinical Practice, 2021, 180, 109004.	1.1	3
38	Reis et al. Respond. American Journal of Public Health, 2018, 108, e12-e12.	1.5	2
39	Impact of the COVID-19 Pandemic on Diabetes Care Among a North Carolina Patient Population. Clinical Diabetes, 2022, 40, 467-476.	1.2	2
40	CARDIOVASCULAR HEALTH AND SUCCESSFUL AGING: THE MULTI-ETHNIC STUDY OF ATHEROSCLEROSIS. Innovation in Aging, 2019, 3, S644-S645.	0.0	0
41	Developing a Data Quality Standard Primer for Cardiovascular Risk Assessment from Electronic Health Record Data Using the DataGauge Process.. AMIA ... Annual Symposium proceedings, 2021, 2021, 388-397.	0.2	0