Charles A Scanga

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56 3,710 27 53 h-index g-index citations papers 4,265 8.7 56 4.77 L-index avg, IF ext. citations ext. papers

| # | Paper | IF | Citations |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 53 | TLR9 regulates Th1 responses and cooperates with TLR2 in mediating optimal resistance to Mycobacterium tuberculosis. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2005 , 202, 1715-24 | 16.6 | 475 |
| 52 | Effects of tumor necrosis factor alpha on host immune response in chronic persistent tuberculosis: possible role for limiting pathology. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2001 , 69, 1847-55 | 3.7 | 396 |
| 51 | Depletion of CD4(+) T cells causes reactivation of murine persistent tuberculosis despite continued expression of interferon gamma and nitric oxide synthase 2. <i>Journal of Experimental Medicine</i> , 2000 , 192, 347-58 | 16.6 | 260 |
| 50 | Prevention of tuberculosis in macaques after intravenous BCG immunization. <i>Nature</i> , 2020 , 577, 95-102 | 50.4 | 204 |
| 49 | Host control of Mycobacterium tuberculosis is regulated by 5-lipoxygenase-dependent lipoxin production. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2005 , 115, 1601-6 | 15.9 | 175 |
| 48 | Reactivation of latent tuberculosis: variations on the Cornell murine model. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 1999 , 67, 4531-8 | 3.7 | 172 |
| 47 | Mice lacking myeloid differentiation factor 88 display profound defects in host resistance and immune responses to Mycobacterium avium infection not exhibited by Toll-like receptor 2 (TLR2)-and TLR4-deficient animals. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2003 , 171, 4758-64 | 5.3 | 170 |
| 46 | MyD88-deficient mice display a profound loss in resistance to Mycobacterium tuberculosis associated with partially impaired Th1 cytokine and nitric oxide synthase 2 expression. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2004 , 72, 2400-4 | 3.7 | 163 |
| 45 | Radiologic Responses in Cynomolgus Macaques for Assessing Tuberculosis Chemotherapy Regimens. <i>Antimicrobial Agents and Chemotherapy</i> , 2013 , 57, 4237-4244 | 5.9 | 130 |
| 44 | The inducible nitric oxide synthase locus confers protection against aerogenic challenge of both clinical and laboratory strains of Mycobacterium tuberculosis in mice. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2001 , 69, 7711-7 | 3.7 | 127 |
| 43 | Novel recombinant BCG expressing perfringolysin O and the over-expression of key immunodominant antigens; pre-clinical characterization, safety and protection against challenge with Mycobacterium tuberculosis. <i>Vaccine</i> , 2009 , 27, 4412-23 | 4.1 | 122 |
| 42 | CD8+ CTL from lungs of Mycobacterium tuberculosis-infected mice express perforin in vivo and lyse infected macrophages. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2000 , 165, 353-63 | 5.3 | 122 |
| 41 | CD40, but not CD40L, is required for the optimal priming of T cells and control of aerosol M. tuberculosis infection. <i>Immunity</i> , 2003 , 19, 823-35 | 32.3 | 102 |
| 40 | Maintenance of pulmonary Th1 effector function in chronic tuberculosis requires persistent IL-12 production. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2005 , 174, 4185-92 | 5.3 | 100 |
| 39 | PET/CT imaging reveals a therapeutic response to oxazolidinones in macaques and humans with tuberculosis. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2014 , 6, 265ra167 | 17.5 | 99 |
| 38 | Modeling tuberculosis in nonhuman primates. <i>Cold Spring Harbor Perspectives in Medicine</i> , 2014 , 4, a018 | 5564 | 86 |
| 37 | Influence of coinfecting pathogens on HIV expression: evidence for a role of Toll-like receptors. Journal of Immunology, 2004 , 172, 7229-34 | 5.3 | 82 |

(2007-2014)

| 36 | Aerosol vaccination with AERAS-402 elicits robust cellular immune responses in the lungs of rhesus macaques but fails to protect against high-dose Mycobacterium tuberculosis challenge. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2014 , 193, 1799-811 | 5.3 | 74 | |
|----|--|---------------|----------------|--|
| 35 | rBCG induces strong antigen-specific T cell responses in rhesus macaques in a prime-boost setting with an adenovirus 35 tuberculosis vaccine vector. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2008 , 3, e3790 | 3.7 | 7 ² | |
| 34 | SARS-CoV-2 infection of African green monkeys results in mild respiratory disease discernible by PET/CT imaging and shedding of infectious virus from both respiratory and gastrointestinal tracts. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2020 , 16, e1008903 | 7.6 | 72 | |
| 33 | TLR2 synergizes with both TLR4 and TLR9 for induction of the MyD88-dependent splenic cytokine and chemokine response to Streptococcus pneumoniae. <i>Cellular Immunology</i> , 2007 , 245, 103-10 | 4.4 | 67 | |
| 32 | Rhesus Macaques Are More Susceptible to Progressive Tuberculosis than Cynomolgus Macaques: a Quantitative Comparison. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2018 , 86, | 3.7 | 61 | |
| 31 | Cutting edge: in vivo induction of integrated HIV-1 expression by mycobacteria is critically dependent on Toll-like receptor 2. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2003 , 171, 1123-7 | 5.3 | 51 | |
| 30 | Analysis of 18FDG PET/CT Imaging as a Tool for Studying Mycobacterium tuberculosis Infection and Treatment in Non-human Primates. <i>Journal of Visualized Experiments</i> , 2017 , | 1.6 | 41 | |
| 29 | Positron Emission Tomography Imaging of Macaques with Tuberculosis Identifies Temporal Changes in Granuloma Glucose Metabolism and Integrin 41-Expressing Immune Cells. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2017 , 199, 806-815 | 5.3 | 35 | |
| 28 | Prime-boost vaccination with rBCG/rAd35 enhances CD8+ cytolytic T-cell responses in lesions from Mycobacterium tuberculosis-infected primates. <i>Molecular Medicine</i> , 2012 , 18, 647-58 | 6.2 | 34 | |
| 27 | Widespread Virus Replication in Alveoli Drives Acute Respiratory Distress Syndrome in Aerosolized H5N1 Influenza Infection of Macaques. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2017 , 198, 1616-1626 | 5.3 | 29 | |
| 26 | Boosting BCG with proteins or rAd5 does not enhance protection against tuberculosis in rhesus macaques. <i>Npj Vaccines</i> , 2019 , 4, 21 | 9.5 | 27 | |
| 25 | A new method to evaluate macaque health using exhaled breath: A case study of in a BSL-3 setting. Journal of Applied Physiology, 2017 , 122, 695-701 | 3.7 | 23 | |
| 24 | Induction of Heme Oxygenase-1 Expression Is Dependent on Oxidative Stress and Reflects Treatment Outcomes. <i>Frontiers in Immunology</i> , 2017 , 8, 542 | 8.4 | 23 | |
| 23 | Identification of Mycobacterium tuberculosis using volatile biomarkers in culture and exhaled breath. <i>Journal of Breath Research</i> , 2018 , 13, 016004 | 3.1 | 14 | |
| 22 | MAIT cells are functionally impaired in a Mauritian cynomolgus macaque model of SIV and Mtb co-infection. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2020 , 16, e1008585 | 7.6 | 12 | |
| 21 | SARS-CoV-2 infection of African green monkeys results in mild respiratory disease discernible by PET/CT imaging and prolonged shedding of infectious virus from both respiratory and gastrointestinal tracts | | 12 | |
| 20 | In vivo imaging in an ABSL-3 regional biocontainment laboratory. <i>Pathogens and Disease</i> , 2014 , 71, 207- | 1 2 .2 | 9 | |
| 19 | Viral gene expression in HIV transgenic mice is activated by Mycobacterium tuberculosis and suppressed after antimycobacterial chemotherapy. <i>Journal of Infectious Diseases</i> , 2007 , 195, 246-54 | 7 | 9 | |

| 18 | Preexisting Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Infection Increases Susceptibility to Tuberculosis in Mauritian Cynomolgus Macaques. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2018 , 86, | 3.7 | 9 |
|----|---|------|---|
| 17 | A tuberculosis ontology for host systems biology. <i>Tuberculosis</i> , 2015 , 95, 570-4 | 2.6 | 8 |
| 16 | Lack of IL-1 Receptor-Associated Kinase-4 Leads to Defective Th1 Cell Responses and Renders Mice Susceptible to Mycobacterial Infection. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2016 , 197, 1852-63 | 5.3 | 8 |
| 15 | Characterization of T Cells Specific for CFP-10 and ESAT-6 in Mycobacterium tuberculosis-Infected Mauritian Cynomolgus Macaques. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2017 , 85, | 3.7 | 7 |
| 14 | Multimodal profiling of lung granulomas in macaques reveals cellular correlates of tuberculosis control <i>Immunity</i> , 2022 , | 32.3 | 7 |
| 13 | Pharmacokinetics of tedizolid, sutezolid, and sutezolid-M1 in non-human primates. <i>European Journal of Pharmaceutical Sciences</i> , 2020 , 151, 105421 | 5.1 | 4 |
| 12 | Medical imaging of pulmonary disease in SARS-CoV-2-exposed non-human primates <i>Trends in Molecular Medicine</i> , 2021 , | 11.5 | 4 |
| 11 | Multimodal profiling of lung granulomas reveals cellular correlates of tuberculosis control | | 4 |
| 10 | Mycobacterial infections and the inflammatory seesaw. Cell Host and Microbe, 2010, 7, 177-9 | 23.4 | 3 |
| 9 | Pre-existing Simian Immunodeficiency Virus Infection Increases Expression of T Cell Markers Associated with Activation during Early Coinfection and Impairs TNF Responses in Granulomas. <i>Journal of Immunology</i> , 2021 , | 5.3 | 3 |
| 8 | Retention of Cu-FLFLF, a Formyl Peptide Receptor 1-Specific PET Probe, Correlates with Macrophage and Neutrophil Abundance in Lung Granulomas from Cynomolgus Macaques. <i>ACS Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021 , 7, 2264-2276 | 5.5 | 2 |
| 7 | MAIT cells are minimally responsive to Mycobacterium tuberculosis within granulomas, but are functionally impaired by SIV in a macaque model of SIV and Mtb co-infection | | 1 |
| 6 | Evaluating the effect of clofazimine against Mycobacterium tuberculosis when given alone or in combination with pretomanid, bedaquiline or linezolid <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2021 , 59, 106509 | 14.3 | 0 |
| 5 | Spontaneous Control of SIV Replication Does Not Prevent T Cell Dysregulation and Bacterial Dissemination in Animals Co-Infected with M. tuberculosis <i>Microbiology Spectrum</i> , 2022 , e0172421 | 8.9 | O |
| 4 | MAIT cells are functionally impaired in a Mauritian cynomolgus macaque model of SIV and Mtb co-infection 2020 , 16, e1008585 | | |
| 3 | MAIT cells are functionally impaired in a Mauritian cynomolgus macaque model of SIV and Mtb co-infection 2020 , 16, e1008585 | | |
| 2 | MAIT cells are functionally impaired in a Mauritian cynomolgus macaque model of SIV and Mtb co-infection 2020 , 16, e1008585 | | |
| 1 | MAIT cells are functionally impaired in a Mauritian cynomolgus macaque model of SIV and Mtb co-infection 2020 , 16, e1008585 | | |