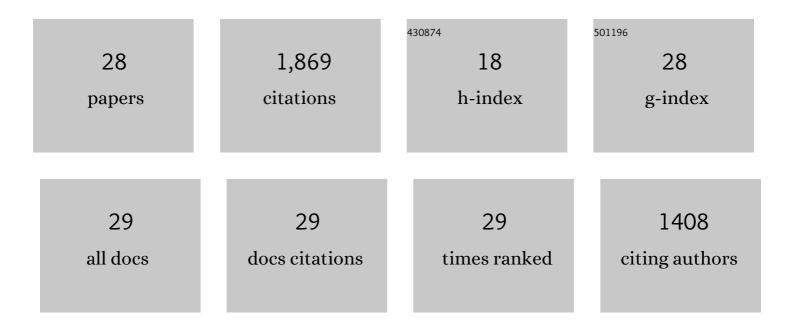
Gian Garriga

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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CIAN CARRICA

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|---|------|-----------|
| 1 | A genetic pathway for the development of the Caenorhabditis elegans HSN motor neurons. Nature, 1988, 336, 638-646. | 27.8 | 466 |
| 2 | Genes necessary for directed axonal elongation or fasciculation in C. elegans. Neuron, 1992, 8, 307-322. | 8.1 | 250 |
| 3 | A C. elegans Ror receptor tyrosine kinase regulates cell motility and asymmetric cell division. Nature, 1999, 400, 881-885. | 27.8 | 151 |
| 4 | Multiple Wnts and Frizzled Receptors Regulate Anteriorly Directed Cell and Growth Cone Migrations in Caenorhabditis elegans. Developmental Cell, 2006, 10, 367-377. | 7.0 | 151 |
| 5 | Caenorhabditis elegans WASP and Ena/VASP Proteins Play Compensatory Roles in Morphogenesis and Neuronal Cell Migration. Genetics, 2004, 167, 1165-1176. | 2.9 | 99 |
| 6 | The C. elegans MELK ortholog PIG-1 regulates cell size asymmetry and daughter cell fate in asymmetric neuroblast divisions. Development (Cambridge), 2006, 133, 2747-2756. | 2.5 | 96 |
| 7 | Identification of Caenorhabditis elegans Genes Required for Neuronal Differentiation and Migration. Genetics, 1998, 148, 151-165. | 2.9 | 94 |
| 8 | vab-8 Is a Key Regulator of Posteriorly Directed Migrations in C. elegans and Encodes a Novel Protein with Kinesin Motor Similarity. Neuron, 1998, 20, 655-666. | 8.1 | 69 |
| 9 | The Caenorhabditis elegans Ror RTK CAM-1 Inhibits EGL-20/Wnt Signaling in Cell Migration. Genetics, 2004, 168, 1951-1962. | 2.9 | 67 |
| 10 | Abl Kinase Inhibits the Engulfment of Apopotic Cells in Caenorhabditis elegans. PLoS Biology, 2009, 7, e1000099. | 5.6 | 43 |
| 11 | HLH-14 is a C. elegans Achaete-Scute protein that promotes neurogenesis through asymmetric cell division. Development (Cambridge), 2003, 130, 6507-6518. | 2.5 | 38 |
| 12 | The Immunoglobulin Super Family Protein RIG-3 Prevents Synaptic Potentiation and Regulates Wnt Signaling. Neuron, 2011, 71, 103-116. | 8.1 | 38 |
| 13 | C. elegans HAM-1 positions the cleavage plane and regulates apoptosis in asymmetric neuroblast divisions. Developmental Biology, 2005, 284, 301-310. | 2.0 | 34 |
| 14 | <i>C. elegans</i> CARMIL negatively regulates UNC-73/Trio function during neuronal development. Development (Cambridge), 2009, 136, 1201-1210. | 2.5 | 34 |
| 15 | The role of C. elegans Ena/VASP homolog UNC-34 in neuronal polarity and motility. Developmental Biology, 2010, 344, 94-106. | 2.0 | 34 |
| 16 | MOM-5 Frizzled regulates the distribution of DSH-2 to control C. elegans asymmetric neuroblast divisions. Developmental Biology, 2005, 284, 246-259. | 2.0 | 30 |
| 17 | <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> PIG-1/MELK Acts in a Conserved PAR-4/LKB1 Polarity Pathway to Promote Asymmetric Neuroblast Divisions. Genetics, 2013, 193, 897-909. | 2.9 | 30 |
| 18 | The short coiled-coil domain-containing protein UNC-69 cooperates with UNC-76 to regulate axonal outgrowth and normal presynaptic organization in Caenorhabditis elegans. Journal of Biology, 2006, 5, 9. | 2.7 | 28 |

GIAN GARRIGA

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|-----|-----------|
| 19 | Asymmetric Neuroblast Divisions Producing Apoptotic Cells Require the Cytohesin GRP-1 in Caenorhabditis elegans. Genetics, 2014, 198, 229-247. | 2.9 | 21 |
| 20 | MIG-15 and ERM-1 promote growth cone directional migration in parallel to UNC-116 and WVE-1. Development (Cambridge), 2011, 138, 4475-4485. | 2.5 | 20 |
| 21 | The Arf GAP CNT-2 Regulates the Apoptotic Fate in C.Âelegans Asymmetric Neuroblast Divisions. Current Biology, 2011, 21, 948-954. | 3.9 | 19 |
| 22 | Genetic Analysis of a Novel Tubulin Mutation That Redirects Synaptic Vesicle Targeting and Causes Neurite Degeneration in C. elegans. PLoS Genetics, 2014, 10, e1004715. | 3.5 | 14 |
| 23 | The DEP domain-containing protein TOE-2 promotes apoptosis in the Q lineage of C. elegans through two distinct mechanisms. Development (Cambridge), 2014, 141, 2724-2734. | 2.5 | 13 |
| 24 | Autonomous and nonautonomous regulation of Wnt-mediated neuronal polarity by the C. elegans Ror kinase CAM-1. Developmental Biology, 2015, 404, 55-65. | 2.0 | 13 |
| 25 | Size Matters: How C. elegans Asymmetric Divisions Regulate Apoptosis. Results and Problems in Cell Differentiation, 2017, 61, 141-163. | 0.7 | 6 |
| 26 | The Caenorhabditis elegans gene ham-1 regulates daughter cell size asymmetry primarily in divisions that produce a small anterior daughter cell. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0195855. | 2.5 | 5 |
| 27 | The Enigmatic Canal-Associated Neurons Regulate <i>Caenorhabditis elegans</i> Larval Development Through a cAMP Signaling Pathway. Genetics, 2019, 213, 1465-1478. | 2.9 | 3 |
| 28 | The two faces of TOE-2. Worm, 2015, 4, e979697. | 1.0 | 2 |