

Sophia Kwon

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

47
papers

716
citations

516561

16
h-index

580701

25
g-index

51
all docs

51
docs citations

51
times ranked

687
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Dietary phenotype and advanced glycation end-products predict WTC-obstructive airways disease: a longitudinal observational study. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2021, 22, 19.	1.4	4
2	COVID-19 Myocarditis. <i>Infectious Diseases in Clinical Practice</i> , 2021, 29, e414-e417.	0.1	0
3	PEDF, a pleiotropic WTC-LI biomarker: Machine learning biomarker identification and validation. <i>PLoS Computational Biology</i> , 2021, 17, e1009144.	1.5	7
4	Dynamic Metabolic Risk Profiling of World Trade Center Lung Disease: A Longitudinal Cohort Study. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2021, 204, 1035-1047.	2.5	6
5	Twenty-Year Reflection on the Impact of World Trade Center Exposure on Pulmonary Outcomes in Fire Department of the City of New York (FDNY) Rescue and Recovery Workers. <i>Lung</i> , 2021, 199, 569-578.	1.4	14
6	How low can you go? Severe hyponatremia with a sodium of 94 mg/dL corrected with proactive strategy. <i>Journal of Community Hospital Internal Medicine Perspectives</i> , 2020, 10, 460-461.	0.4	1
7	Food Intake REstriction for Health OUtcome Support and Education (FIREHOUSE) Protocol: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 6569.	1.2	4
8	4088 Longitudinal Assessment of Metabolic Syndrome as a Modifiable Risk factor of World Trade Center Particulate Matter Exposure Associated Lung Disease. <i>Journal of Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2020, 4, 49-50.	0.3	1
9	Multiomics of World Trade Center Particulate Matter-induced Persistent Airway Hyperreactivity. Role of Receptor for Advanced Glycation End Products. <i>American Journal of Respiratory Cell and Molecular Biology</i> , 2020, 63, 219-233.	1.4	9
10	Synergistic Effect of WTC-Particulate Matter and Lysophosphatidic Acid Exposure and the Role of RAGE: In-Vitro and Translational Assessment. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2020, 17, 4318.	1.2	5
11	World Trade Center-Cardiorespiratory and Vascular Dysfunction: Assessing the Phenotype and Metabolome of a Murine Particulate Matter Exposure Model. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 3130.	1.6	7
12	Quantitative lung morphology: A semi-automated measurement of mean linear intercept. <i>BMC Pulmonary Medicine</i> , 2019, 19, 206.	0.8	64
13	Genomics of Particulate Matter Exposure Associated Cardiopulmonary Disease: A Narrative Review. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019, 16, 4335.	1.2	7
14	A CLASSIC VIEW OF AMIODARONE PULMONARY TOXICITY. <i>Chest</i> , 2019, 156, A2131.	0.4	2
15	Assessing the Protective Metabolome Using Machine Learning in World Trade Center Particulate Exposed Firefighters at Risk for Lung Injury. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2019, 9, 11939.	1.6	11
16	Metabolic Syndrome Biomarkers of World Trade Center Airway Hyperreactivity: A 16-Year Prospective Cohort Study. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2019, 16, 1486.	1.2	17
17	FOOD INTAKE RESTRICTION FOR HEALTH OUTCOME SUPPORT AND EDUCATION (FIREHOUSE) TRIAL: STUDY DESIGN. <i>Chest</i> , 2019, 155, 227A.	0.4	1
18	Receptor for advanced glycation end-products and environmental exposure related obstructive airways disease: a systematic review. <i>European Respiratory Review</i> , 2019, 28, 180096.	3.0	15

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19	Validation of Predictive Metabolic Syndrome Biomarkers of World Trade Center Lung Injury. <i>Chest</i> , 2019, 156, 486-496.	0.4	18
20	Metabolic Syndrome and Air Pollution: A Narrative Review of Their Cardiopulmonary Effects. <i>Toxics</i> , 2019, 7, 6.	1.6	30
21	CHRONIC EOSINOPHILIC PNEUMONIA ASSOCIATED WITH MONTELUKAST. <i>Chest</i> , 2019, 156, A1338.	0.4	1
22	Predictive Biomarkers of Gastroesophageal Reflux Disease and Barrett's Esophagus in World Trade Center Exposed Firefighters: a 15 Year Longitudinal Study. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 3106.	1.6	21
23	Metabolomics of World Trade Center-Lung Injury: a machine learning approach. <i>BMJ Open Respiratory Research</i> , 2018, 5, e000274.	1.2	20
24	Zika Virus-Associated Guillain-Barré Syndrome in a Returning US Traveler. <i>Infectious Diseases in Clinical Practice</i> , 2018, 26, e80-e84.	0.1	9
25	Factors associated with combined do-not-resuscitate and do-not-intubate orders: A retrospective chart review at an urban tertiary care center. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2018, 130, 1-5.	1.3	18
26	Non-Cardiac Chest Pain: A Review of Environmental Exposure-Associated Comorbidities and Biomarkers. <i>European Medical Journal Gastroenterology</i> , 2018, 7, 103-112.	0.0	0
27	Fluid resuscitation-associated increased mortality and inflammatory cytokine expression in murine polymicrobial sepsis. <i>Journal of Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2017, 1, 265-266.	0.3	1
28	2346. <i>Journal of Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2017, 1, 7-8.	0.3	0
29	Receptor for advanced glycation end-products and World Trade Center particulate induced lung function loss: A case-cohort study and murine model of acute particulate exposure. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017, 12, e0184331.	1.1	27
30	2372. <i>Journal of Clinical and Translational Science</i> , 2017, 1, 63-64.	0.3	0
31	Nephroprotective strategies in septic shock: the VANISH trial. <i>Journal of Thoracic Disease</i> , 2016, 8, E1508-E1510.	0.6	2
32	Receptor for Advanced Glycation End Products (RAGE) Contributes to World Trade Center Particulate Matter (WTC-PM)-Associated Lung Function Loss. <i>Chest</i> , 2016, 149, A408.	0.4	1
33	Blood Eosinophils and World Trade Center Exposure Predict Surgery in Chronic Rhinosinusitis. A 13.5-Year Longitudinal Study. <i>Annals of the American Thoracic Society</i> , 2016, 13, 1253-1261.	1.5	14
34	Receptor for advanced glycation end products contributes to particulate induced lung function loss and hyperreactivity: Mitigating the effects of a single intense particulate exposure. , 2016, , .		2
35	Predictors of Acute Hemodynamic Decompensation in Early Sepsis: An Observational Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine Research</i> , 2016, 8, 575-581.	0.6	6
36	Biomarkers of World Trade Center Particulate Matter Exposure: Physiology of Distal Airway and Blood Biomarkers that Predict FEV1 Decline. <i>Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2015, 36, 323-333.	0.8	32

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37	YKL-40 is a Protective Biomarker for Fatty Liver in World Trade Center Particulate Matter-Exposed Firefighters. <i>Journal of Molecular Biomarkers & Diagnosis</i> , 2014, 05, .	0.4	9
38	Enlarged pulmonary artery is predicted by vascular injury biomarkers and is associated with WTC-Lung Injury in exposed fire fighters: a case-control study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2014, 4, e005575-e005575.	0.8	16
39	MMP-2 and TIMP-1 predict healing of WTC-lung injury in New York City firefighters. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2014, 15, 5.	1.4	15
40	Lysophosphatidic acid and apolipoprotein A1 predict increased risk of developing World Trade Center-lung injury: a nested case-control study. <i>Biomarkers</i> , 2014, 19, 159-165.	0.9	20
41	One airway: Biomarkers of protection from upper and lower airway injury after World Trade Center exposure. <i>Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2014, 108, 162-170.	1.3	14
42	Chitotriosidase is a Biomarker for the Resistance to World Trade Center Lung Injury in New York City Firefighters. <i>Journal of Clinical Immunology</i> , 2013, 33, 1134-1142.	2.0	23
43	Cardiovascular biomarkers predict susceptibility to lung injury in World Trade Center dust-exposed firefighters. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2013, 41, 1023-1030.	3.1	47
44	Early Elevation of Serum MMP-3 and MMP-12 Predicts Protection from World Trade Center-Lung Injury in New York City Firefighters: A Nested Case-Control Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e76099.	1.1	18
45	Metabolic Syndrome Biomarkers Predict Lung Function Impairment. <i>American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2012, 185, 392-399.	2.5	84
46	Inflammatory Biomarkers Predict Airflow Obstruction After Exposure to World Trade Center Dust. <i>Chest</i> , 2012, 142, 412-418.	0.4	67
47	Comparison of WTC Dust Size on Macrophage Inflammatory Cytokine Release In vivo and In vitro. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012, 7, e40016.	1.1	25