

# Louise Birkedal Glenthj

## List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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**Version:** 2024-04-28

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

30  
papers

340  
citations

11  
h-index

17  
g-index

31  
ext. papers

532  
ext. citations

4.9  
avg, IF

3.61  
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
30	Association of Structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging Measures With Psychosis Onset in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Developing Psychosis: An ENIGMA Working Group Mega-analysis. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , <b>2021</b> , 78, 753-766	14.5	17
29	Predictors of remission from the ultra-high risk state for psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , <b>2021</b> , 15, 104-112	3.3	5
28	EPA guidance on treatment of negative symptoms in schizophrenia. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , <b>2021</b> , 64, e21	6	22
27	Obsessive-Compulsive Symptoms and Other Symptoms of the At-risk Mental State for Psychosis: A Network Perspective. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , <b>2021</b> , 47, 1018-1028	1.3	2
26	Global fractional anisotropy predicts transition to psychosis after 12 months in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2021</b> , 144, 448-463	6.5	2
25	Changes in negative symptoms are linked to white matter changes in superior longitudinal fasciculus in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2021</b> , 237, 192-201	3.6	0
24	EPA guidance on assessment of negative symptoms in schizophrenia. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , <b>2021</b> , 64, e236		28
23	Experiential negative symptoms are more predictive of real-life functional outcome than expressive negative symptoms in clinical high-risk states. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 218, 151-156	3.6	7
22	Basic symptoms influence real-life functioning and symptoms in individuals at high risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2020</b> , 141, 231-240	6.5	3
21	Supplementary data for a focused review and meta-analysis of H-MRS studies on cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in high-risk of psychosis states. <i>Data in Brief</i> , <b>2020</b> , 28, 104920	1.2	1
20	Cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in high-risk of psychosis states: A focused review and meta-analysis of H-MRS studies. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 215, 38-48	3.6	21
19	Cerebral Glutamate and Gamma-Aminobutyric Acid Levels in Individuals at Ultra-high Risk for Psychosis and the Association With Clinical Symptoms and Cognition. <i>Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging</i> , <b>2020</b> , 5, 569-579	3.4	7
18	Investigating Cognitive and Clinical Predictors of Real-Life Functioning, Functional Capacity, and Quality of Life in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin Open</i> , <b>2020</b> , 1,	2.2	3
17	Effectiveness of cognitive remediation in the ultra-high risk state for psychosis. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , <b>2020</b> , 19, 401-402	14.4	7
16	Cognitive remediation plus standard treatment versus standard treatment alone for individuals at ultra-high risk of developing psychosis: Results of the FOCUS randomised clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 224, 151-158	3.6	10
15	No Effects of Cognitive Remediation on Cerebral White Matter in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis-A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , <b>2020</b> , 11, 873	5	4
14	Baseline measures of cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in individuals at ultrahigh risk for psychosis: Implications for clinical outcome after 12 months. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , <b>2020</b> , 63, e83	6	3

13	Self-perceived cognitive impairments in psychosis ultra-high risk individuals: associations with objective cognitive deficits and functioning. <i>NPJ Schizophrenia</i> , <b>2020</b> , 6, 31	5.5	0
12	Assessing social skills in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Validation of the High Risk Social Challenge task (HiSoC). <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2020</b> , 215, 365-370	3.6	4
11	Widespread higher fractional anisotropy associates to better cognitive functions in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , <b>2019</b> , 40, 5185-5201	5.9	13
10	Emotion recognition latency, but not accuracy, relates to real life functioning in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2019</b> , 210, 197-202	3.6	8
9	Validation of the MUSIC Model of Motivation Inventory for use with cognitive training for schizophrenia spectrum disorders: A multinational study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2019</b> , 206, 142-148	3.6	5
8	Non-pharmacological modulation of cerebral white matter organization: A systematic review of non-psychiatric and psychiatric studies. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , <b>2018</b> , 88, 84-97	9	6
7	Examining speed of processing of facial emotion recognition in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Associations with symptoms and cognition. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2018</b> , 195, 562-563	3.6	4
6	White matter maturation during 12 months in individuals at ultra-high-risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2018</b> , 137, 65-78	6.5	18
5	The effect of cognitive remediation in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: a systematic review. <i>NPJ Schizophrenia</i> , <b>2017</b> , 3, 20	5.5	41
4	Negative symptoms mediate the relationship between neurocognition and function in individuals at ultrahigh risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , <b>2017</b> , 135, 250-258	6.5	17
3	Course of illness in a sample of patients diagnosed with a schizotypal disorder and treated in a specialized early intervention setting. Findings from the 3.5year follow-up of the OPUS II study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , <b>2017</b> , 182, 24-30	3.6	13
2	Social cognition in patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis: What is the relation to social skills and functioning?. <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , <b>2016</b> , 5, 21-27	2.8	37
1	The FOCUS trial: cognitive remediation plus standard treatment versus standard treatment for patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , <b>2015</b> , 16, 25	2.8	32