

Louise Birkedal Glenthj

List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

30
papers

340
citations

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h-index

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g-index

31
ext. papers

532
ext. citations

4.9
avg, IF

3.61
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
30	The effect of cognitive remediation in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: a systematic review. <i>NPJ Schizophrenia</i> , 2017 , 3, 20	5.5	41
29	Social cognition in patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis: What is the relation to social skills and functioning?. <i>Schizophrenia Research: Cognition</i> , 2016 , 5, 21-27	2.8	37
28	The FOCUS trial: cognitive remediation plus standard treatment versus standard treatment for patients at ultra-high risk for psychosis: study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2015 , 16, 25	2.8	32
27	EPA guidance on assessment of negative symptoms in schizophrenia. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 64, e236		28
26	EPA guidance on treatment of negative symptoms in schizophrenia. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 64, e21 6	6	22
25	Cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in high-risk of psychosis states: A focused review and meta-analysis of H-MRS studies. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 215, 38-48	3.6	21
24	White matter maturation during 12 months in individuals at ultra-high-risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2018 , 137, 65-78	6.5	18
23	Negative symptoms mediate the relationship between neurocognition and function in individuals at ultrahigh risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2017 , 135, 250-258	6.5	17
22	Association of Structural Magnetic Resonance Imaging Measures With Psychosis Onset in Individuals at Clinical High Risk for Developing Psychosis: An ENIGMA Working Group Mega-analysis. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021 , 78, 753-766	14.5	17
21	Widespread higher fractional anisotropy associates to better cognitive functions in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Human Brain Mapping</i> , 2019 , 40, 5185-5201	5.9	13
20	Course of illness in a sample of patients diagnosed with a schizotypal disorder and treated in a specialized early intervention setting. Findings from the 3.5year follow-up of the OPUS II study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2017 , 182, 24-30	3.6	13
19	Cognitive remediation plus standard treatment versus standard treatment alone for individuals at ultra-high risk of developing psychosis: Results of the FOCUS randomised clinical trial. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 224, 151-158	3.6	10
18	Emotion recognition latency, but not accuracy, relates to real life functioning in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 210, 197-202	3.6	8
17	Experiential negative symptoms are more predictive of real-life functional outcome than expressive negative symptoms in clinical high-risk states. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 218, 151-156	3.6	7
16	Cerebral Glutamate and Gamma-Aminobutyric Acid Levels in Individuals at Ultra-high Risk for Psychosis and the Association With Clinical Symptoms and Cognition. <i>Biological Psychiatry: Cognitive Neuroscience and Neuroimaging</i> , 2020 , 5, 569-579	3.4	7
15	Effectiveness of cognitive remediation in the ultra-high risk state for psychosis. <i>World Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 19, 401-402	14.4	7
14	Non-pharmacological modulation of cerebral white matter organization: A systematic review of non-psychiatric and psychiatric studies. <i>Neuroscience and Biobehavioral Reviews</i> , 2018 , 88, 84-97	9	6

13	Validation of the MUSIC Model of Motivation Inventory for use with cognitive training for schizophrenia spectrum disorders: A multinational study. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2019 , 206, 142-148	3.6	5
12	Predictors of remission from the ultra-high risk state for psychosis. <i>Microbial Biotechnology</i> , 2021 , 15, 104-112	3.3	5
11	No Effects of Cognitive Remediation on Cerebral White Matter in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis-A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>Frontiers in Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 11, 873	5	4
10	Assessing social skills in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Validation of the High Risk Social Challenge task (HiSoC). <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2020 , 215, 365-370	3.6	4
9	Examining speed of processing of facial emotion recognition in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis: Associations with symptoms and cognition. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2018 , 195, 562-563	3.6	4
8	Basic symptoms influence real-life functioning and symptoms in individuals at high risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2020 , 141, 231-240	6.5	3
7	Investigating Cognitive and Clinical Predictors of Real-Life Functioning, Functional Capacity, and Quality of Life in Individuals at Ultra-High Risk for Psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin Open</i> , 2020 , 1,	2.2	3
6	Baseline measures of cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in individuals at ultrahigh risk for psychosis: Implications for clinical outcome after 12 months. <i>European Psychiatry</i> , 2020 , 63, e83	6	3
5	Obsessive-Compulsive Symptoms and Other Symptoms of the At-risk Mental State for Psychosis: A Network Perspective. <i>Schizophrenia Bulletin</i> , 2021 , 47, 1018-1028	1.3	2
4	Global fractional anisotropy predicts transition to psychosis after 12 months in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Acta Psychiatrica Scandinavica</i> , 2021 , 144, 448-463	6.5	2
3	Supplementary data for a focused review and meta-analysis of H-MRS studies on cerebral glutamate and GABA levels in high-risk of psychosis states. <i>Data in Brief</i> , 2020 , 28, 104920	1.2	1
2	Self-perceived cognitive impairments in psychosis ultra-high risk individuals: associations with objective cognitive deficits and functioning. <i>NPJ Schizophrenia</i> , 2020 , 6, 31	5.5	0
1	Changes in negative symptoms are linked to white matter changes in superior longitudinal fasciculus in individuals at ultra-high risk for psychosis. <i>Schizophrenia Research</i> , 2021 , 237, 192-201	3.6	0