Christine Delisle Nyström

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Accelerometer Data Collection and Processing Criteria to Assess Physical Activity and Other Outcomes: A Systematic Review and Practical Considerations. Sports Medicine, 2017, 47, 1821-1845.	3.1	1,126
2	Global Matrix 3.0 Physical Activity Report Card Grades for Children and Youth: Results and Analysis From 49 Countries. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2018, 15, S251-S273.	1.0	511
3	Mobile-based intervention intended to stop obesity in preschool-aged children: the MINISTOP randomized controlled trial ,. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2017, 105, 1327-1335.	2.2	113
4	Global effect of COVID-19 pandemic on physical activity, sedentary behaviour and sleep among 3- to 5-year-old children: a longitudinal study of 14 countries. BMC Public Health, 2021, 21, 940.	1.2	90
5	Longitudinal Physical Activity, Body Composition, and Physical Fitness in Preschoolers. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2017, 49, 2078-2085.	0.2	65
6	Physical literacy levels of Canadian children aged 8–12Âyears: descriptive and normative results from the RBC Learn to Play–CAPL project. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1036.	1.2	64
7	A web- and mobile phone-based intervention to prevent obesity in 4-year-olds (MINISTOP): a population-based randomized controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 95.	1.2	56
8	International Study of Movement Behaviors in the Early Years (SUNRISE): Results from SUNRISE Sweden's Pilot and COVID-19 Study. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 8491.	1.2	52
9	Associations of Fat Mass and Fat-Free Mass with Physical Fitness in 4-Year-Old Children: Results from the MINISTOP Trial. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 473.	1.7	47
10	Does Cardiorespiratory Fitness Attenuate the Adverse Effects of Severe/Morbid Obesity on Cardiometabolic Risk and Insulin Resistance in Children? A Pooled Analysis. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 1580-1587.	4.3	44
11	A 12-month follow-up of a mobile-based (mHealth) obesity prevention intervention in pre-school children: the MINISTOP randomized controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 658.	1.2	41
12	A Mobile Phone Based Method to Assess Energy and Food Intake in Young Children: A Validation Study against the Doubly Labelled Water Method and 24 h Dietary Recalls. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 50.	1.7	33
13	Associations between domains of physical literacy by weight status in 8- to 12-year-old Canadian children. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1043.	1.2	32
14	Relationships between area-level socioeconomic status and urbanization with active transportation, independent mobility, outdoor time, and physical activity among Canadian children. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 1082.	1.2	31
15	The Smart City Active Mobile Phone Intervention (SCAMPI) study to promote physical activity through active transportation in healthy adults: a study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 880.	1.2	26
16	A randomized controlled trial for overweight and obesity in preschoolers: the More and Less Europe studyÂ- an intervention within the STOP project. BMC Public Health, 2019, 19, 945.	1.2	25
17	A New Mobile Phone-Based Tool for Assessing Energy and Certain Food Intakes in Young Children: A Validation Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2015, 3, e38.	1.8	21
18	Results from Sweden's 2018 Report Card on Physical Activity for Children and Youth. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2018, 15, S413-S414.	1.0	20

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19	Physical fitness in relation to later body composition in pre-school children. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport, 2019, 22, 574-579.	0.6	20
20	Associations of Parental Self-Efficacy With Diet, Physical Activity, Body Composition, and Cardiorespiratory Fitness in Swedish Preschoolers: Results From the MINISTOP Trial. Health Education and Behavior, 2018, 45, 238-246.	1.3	19
21	Effectiveness of a 3-Month Mobile Phone–Based Behavior Change Program on Active Transportation and Physical Activity in Adults: Randomized Controlled Trial. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2020, 8, e18531.	1.8	19
22	The Tanita SC-240 to Assess Body Composition in Pre-School Children: An Evaluation against the Three Component Model. Nutrients, 2016, 8, 371.	1.7	13
23	Validation of an Online Food Frequency Questionnaire against Doubly Labelled Water and 24 h Dietary Recalls in Pre-School Children. Nutrients, 2017, 9, 66.	1.7	12
24	Responding positively to "children who like to eatâ€! Parents' experiences of skills-based treatment for childhood obesity. Appetite, 2020, 145, 104488.	1.8	12
25	Within-Person Variation in Nutrient Intakes across Populations and Settings: Implications for the Use of External Estimates in Modeling Usual Nutrient Intake Distributions. Advances in Nutrition, 2021, 12, 429-451.	2.9	12
26	Accelerometer Data Processing and Energy Expenditure Estimation in Preschoolers. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2019, 51, 590-598.	0.2	10
27	Physical Activity and Mobile Phone Apps in the Preschool Age: Perceptions of Teachers and Parents. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2019, 7, e12512.	1.8	10
28	An exploratory analysis of missing data from the Royal Bank of Canada (RBC) Learn to Play – Canadian Assessment of Physical Literacy (CAPL) project. BMC Public Health, 2018, 18, 1046.	1.2	9
29	Is BMI a relevant marker of fat mass in 4 year old children? Results from the MINISTOP trial. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 72, 1561-1566.	1.3	8
30	Body composition, physical fitness and cardiovascular risk factors in 9-year-old children. Scientific Reports, 2022, 12, 2665.	1.6	8
31	Revisiting the crossâ€sectional and prospective association of physical activity with body composition and physical fitness in preschoolers: A compositional data approach. Pediatric Obesity, 2022, 17, e12909.	1.4	8
32	Hyperactivity is associated with higher fatâ€free mass and physical activity in Swedish preschoolers: A crossâ€sectional study. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2021, 110, 1273-1280.	0.7	7
33	Physical Activity Level Using Doubly-Labeled Water in Relation to Body Composition and Physical Fitness in Preschoolers. Medicina (Lithuania), 2019, 55, 2.	0.8	6
34	Maternal knowledge explains screen time differences 2 and 3.5 years post-intervention in INFANT. European Journal of Pediatrics, 2021, 180, 3391-3398.	1.3	6
35	The Need for an Evidence-Based Program in Sweden to Support Parents to Create Healthy Lifestyle Behaviors from the Start of Life—Parental Perceptions. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3823.	1.7	5
36	The paediatric option for BodPod to assess body composition in preschool children: what fat-free mass density values should be used?. British Journal of Nutrition, 2018, 120, 797-802.	1.2	4

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37	How to Support Child Healthcare Nurses in Sweden to Promote Healthy Lifestyle Behaviors from the Start of Life. Children, 2021, 8, 696.	0.6	3
38	Variation in outcomes of the Melbourne Infant, Feeding, Activity and Nutrition Trial (INFANT) according to maternal education and age 2 and 3·5 years post-intervention. Public Health Nutrition, 2021, 24, 1460-1468.	1.1	1
39	Response to comments on hyperactivity, fatâ€free mass and physical activity in Swedish preschoolers. Acta Paediatrica, International Journal of Paediatrics, 2021, 110, 1381-1381.	0.7	0