

Kimberly Leite-Morris

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8812170/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

15
papers

528
citations

623188

14
h-index

996533

15
g-index

15
all docs

15
docs citations

15
times ranked

663
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Dendritic structural plasticity in the basolateral amygdala after fear conditioning and its extinction in mice. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2013, 248, 80-84.	1.2	44
2	Alterations in expression and phosphorylation of GluA1 receptors following cocaine-cue extinction learning. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2013, 238, 119-123.	1.2	15
3	Changes in expression of c-Fos protein following cocaine-cue extinction learning. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2012, 234, 100-106.	1.2	20
4	Opiate Sensitization Induces FosB/Δ FosB Expression in Prefrontal Cortical, Striatal and Amygdala Brain Regions. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2011, 6, e23574.	1.1	35
5	Baclofen enhances extinction of opiate conditioned place preference. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2010, 207, 353-359.	1.2	52
6	GABAB Receptor Activation in the Ventral Tegmental Area Inhibits the Acquisition and Expression of Opiate-Induced Motor Sensitization. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2004, 308, 667-678.	1.3	79
7	Antipsychotics regulate cyclic AMP-dependent protein kinase and phosphorylated cyclic AMP response element-binding protein in striatal and cortical brain regions in mice. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2004, 357, 53-57.	1.0	26
8	Baclofen inhibits opiate-induced conditioned place preference and associated induction of Fos in cortical and limbic regions. <i>Brain Research</i> , 2003, 987, 122-125.	1.1	51
9	Opiate-induced motor stimulation is regulated by $\hat{1}^3$ -aminobutyric acid type B receptors found in the ventral tegmental area in mice. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2002, 317, 119-122.	1.0	29
10	Role of Adenosine A1 and A2A Receptors in the Alcohol Withdrawal Syndrome. <i>Alcohol</i> , 1999, 19, 157-162.	0.8	50
11	Differential effects of treatment with typical and atypical antipsychotic drugs on adenylyl cyclase and G proteins. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 1999, 273, 147-150.	1.0	17
12	Regulation of G protein-mediated adenylyl cyclase in striatum and cortex of opiate-dependent and opiate withdrawing mice. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1998, 788, 104-110.	1.1	22
13	Regulation of G proteins and adenylyl cyclase in brain regions of caffeine-tolerant and -dependent mice. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1998, 804, 52-62.	1.1	7
14	Up-regulation of adenosine transporter-binding sites in striatum and hypothalamus of opiate tolerant mice. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1997, 763, 215-220.	1.1	35
15	Alterations of adenosine A1 receptors in morphine dependence. <i>Brain Research</i> , 1994, 657, 347-350.	1.1	46