## Glen W Armstrong

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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759233 794594 22 436 12 19 h-index citations g-index papers 22 22 22 439 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	lF	CITATIONS
1	A stochastic characterisation of the natural disturbance regime of the boreal mixedwood forest with implications for sustainable forest management. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 1999, 29, 424-433.	1.7	87
2	Carbon sequestration and the optimal forest harvest decision: A dynamic programming approach considering biomass and dead organic matter. Journal of Forest Economics, 2011, 17, 3-17.	0.2	53
3	Sustained Yield Forestry in Sweden and Russia: How Does it Correspond to Sustainable Forest Management Policy?. Ambio, 2013, 42, 160-173.	5 <b>.</b> 5	41
4	Optimal forest harvest age considering carbon sequestration in multiple carbon pools: A comparative statics analysis. Journal of Forest Economics, 2012, 18, 145-156.	0.2	39
5	Forest regeneration standards: are they limiting management options for Alberta's boreal mixedwoods?. Forestry Chronicle, 2008, 84, 76-82.	0.6	30
6	Identifying local actors of deforestation and forest degradation in the Kalasha valleys of Pakistan. Forest Policy and Economics, 2019, 104, 56-64.	3.4	30
7	Quantifying the effect of elevation and aspect on fire return intervals in the Canadian Rocky Mountains. Forest Ecology and Management, 2017, 384, 248-261.	3.2	26
8	Joint production of timber, carbon, and wildlife habitat in the Canadian boreal plains. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2008, 38, 1478-1492.	1.7	22
9	Considerations for boreal mixedwood silviculture: A view from the dismal science. Forestry Chronicle, 2014, 90, 44-49.	0.6	21
10	Divided land base and overlapping forest tenure in Alberta, Canada: A simulation study exploring costs of forest policy. Forestry Chronicle, 2001, 77, 501-508.	0.6	17
11	Timber supply implications of natural disturbance management. Forestry Chronicle, 1999, 75, 497-504.	0.6	15
12	Carbon sequestration and the optimal forest harvest decision under alternative baseline policies. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 2016, 46, 656-665.	1.7	12
13	Forest conversion by the indigenous Kalasha of Pakistan: A household level analysis of socioeconomic drivers. Global Environmental Change, 2019, 59, 102004.	7.8	12
14	Growing hybrid poplar in western Canada for use as a biofuel feedstock: A financial analysis of coppice and single-stem management. Biomass and Bioenergy, 2018, 113, 45-54.	5.7	9
15	Divided landbase, overlapping tenures, and fire risk. Forestry Chronicle, 2004, 80, 478-484.	0.6	8
16	The Optimal Timing of Land Use Changes From Forestry to Agriculture. Canadian Journal of Agricultural Economics, 1989, 37, 125-134.	2.1	6
17	Relaxing even-flow constraints to avoid infeasibility with the Timber Resources Allocation Method (RAM). Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 1984, 14, 860-863.	1.7	4
18	The Opportunity Cost of Forest Land Losses to Agricultural Uses: An Alberta Case Study. Forestry Chronicle, 1988, 64, 35-39.	0.6	2

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Optimal timber harvest scheduling under harvest volume constraints: a comparison of two opportunity cost criteria. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 1992, 22, 497-503.	1.7	2
20	The Opportunity Cost of Reduced Timber Harvests Resulting from Coal Mine Development: A Case Study. Forestry Chronicle, 1989, 65, 365-369.	0.6	0
21	An analysis of alternative cropping decision rules. Agricultural Systems, 1994, 46, 19-31.	6.1	0
22	Policies for establishing hybrid poplar plantations on private and public lands in western Canada for bioethanol feedstock: A forest-level financial analysis. Canadian Journal of Forest Research, 0, , .	1.7	0