## Martin Bollazzi

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	AntVideoRecord: Autonomous system to capture the locomotor activity of leafcutter ants. HardwareX, 2022, 11, e00270.	2.2	2
2	Recurring adaptive introgression of a supergene variant that determines social organization. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 1180.	12.8	9
3	Decoupled evolution of mating biology and social structure in Acromyrmex leaf-cutting ants. Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology, 2022, 76, 1.	1.4	1
4	Relaxed selection underlies genome erosion in socially parasitic ant species. Nature Communications, 2021, 12, 2918.	12.8	20
5	Carbon dioxide levels and ventilation in Acromyrmex nests: significance and evolution of architectural innovations in leaf-cutting ants. Royal Society Open Science, 2021, 8, 210907.	2.4	3
6	Landscape genomics of an obligate mutualism: Concordant and discordant population structures between the leafcutter ant <i>Atta texana</i> and its two main fungal symbiont types. Molecular Ecology, 2019, 28, 2831-2845.	3.9	18
7	Leaf utting ants use relative humidity and temperature but not CO <sub>2</sub> levels as cues for the selection of an underground dumpsite. Ecological Entomology, 2019, 44, 502-511.	2.2	1
8	Ritualized aggressive behavior reveals distinct social structures in native and introduced range tawny crazy ants. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0225597.	2.5	7
9	Underground nest building: the effect of CO2 on digging rates, soil transport and choice of a digging site in leaf-cutting ants. Insectes Sociaux, 2018, 65, 305-313.	1.2	8
10	Carbon dioxide sensing in the social context: Leaf-cutting ants prefer elevated CO2 levels to tend their brood. Journal of Insect Physiology, 2018, 108, 40-47.	2.0	10
11	Biogeography of mutualistic fungi cultivated by leafcutter ants. Molecular Ecology, 2017, 26, 6921-6937.	3.9	49
12	Carbon dioxide sensing in an obligate insect-fungus symbiosis: CO2 preferences of leaf-cutting ants to rear their mutualistic fungus. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0174597.	2.5	22
13	First record of the eucalypt gall-wasp Leptocybe invasa (Hymenoptera: Eulophidae) from Uruguay. Bosque, 2016, 37, 631-636.	0.3	6
14	Acromyrmex charruanus: a new inquiline social parasite species of leaf-cutting ants. Insectes Sociaux, 2015, 62, 335-349.	1.2	24
15	Development and characterization of twenty-two polymorphic microsatellite markers for the leafcutter ant, Acromyrmex lundii, utilizing Illumina sequencing. Conservation Genetics Resources, 2014, 6, 319-322.	0.8	6
16	Ventilation of the giant nests of Atta leaf-cutting ants: does underground circulating air enter the fungus chambers?. Insectes Sociaux, 2012, 59, 487-498.	1.2	49
17	Information Needs at the Beginning of Foraging: Grass-Cutting Ants Trade Off Load Size for a Faster Return to the Nest. PLoS ONE, 2011, 6, e17667.	2.5	42
18	Control of nest water losses through building behavior in leaf-cutting ants (Acromyrmex heyeri). Insectes Sociaux, 2010, 57, 267-273.	1.2	31

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19	Leaf-cutting ant workers (Acromyrmex heyeri) trade off nest thermoregulation for humidity control. Journal of Ethology, 2010, 28, 399-403.	0.8	40
20	The Thermoregulatory Function of Thatched Nests in the South American Grass-Cutting Ant, <i>Acromyrmex heyeri</i> . Journal of Insect Science, 2010, 10, 1-17.	1.5	37
21	Soil temperature, digging behaviour, and the adaptive value of nest depth in South American species of Acromyrmex leaf-cutting ants. Oecologia, 2008, 158, 165-175.	2.0	97
22	To build or not to build: circulating dry air organizes collective building for climate control in the leaf-cutting ant Acromyrmex ambiguus. Animal Behaviour, 2007, 74, 1349-1355.	1.9	60
23	Thermal preference for fungus culturing and brood location by workers of the thatching grass-cutting ant Acromyrmex heyeri. Insectes Sociaux, 2002, 49, 153-157.	1.2	78