## Isa Esfandiarpour-Boroujeni

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8775524/publications.pdf

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21 256 8 16 papers citations h-index g-index

22 22 294
all docs docs citations times ranked citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The effectiveness of digital soil mapping to predict soil properties over low-relief areas. Environmental Monitoring and Assessment, 2016, 188, 195.	2.7	82
2	Yield prediction of apricot using a hybrid particle swarm optimization-imperialist competitive algorithm- support vector regression (PSO-ICA-SVR) method. Scientia Horticulturae, 2019, 257, 108756.	3.6	33
3	Prediction of soil wind erodibility using a hybrid Genetic algorithm – Artificial neural network method. Catena, 2020, 187, 104315.	5.0	22
4	Mapping of the soil texture using geostatistical method (a case study of the Shahrekord plain, central) Tj ETQq0 C	) O rgBT /(	Overlock 10 T
5	The influences of selected soil properties on Pb availability and its transfer to wheat (Triticum) Tj ETQq1 1 0.7843	14.gBT /0	Overlock 10 T
6	Comparison of error and uncertainty of decision tree and learning vector quantization models for predicting soil classes in areas with low altitude variations. Catena, 2020, 191, 104581.	5.0	15
7	Assessment of different digital soil mapping methods for prediction of soil classes in the Shahrekord plain, Central Iran. Catena, 2020, 193, 104648.	5.0	10
8	Qualitative Land Suitability Evaluation for Main Irrigated Crops in the Shahrekord Plain, Iran: A Geostatistical Approach Compared with Conventional Method. Pedosphere, 2013, 23, 767-778.	4.0	9
9	Comparing Soil Taxonomy (2014) and updated WRB (2015) for describing calcareous and gypsiferous soils, Central Iran. Catena, 2016, 145, 83-91.	5.0	8
10	Identifying Soil and Plant Nutrition Factors Affecting Yield in Irrigated Mature Pistachio Orchards. Communications in Soil Science and Plant Analysis, 2018, 49, 1474-1490.	1.4	8
11	Optimal feature selection for prediction of wind erosion threshold friction velocity using a modified evolution algorithm. Geoderma, 2019, 354, 113873.	5.1	8
12	Application of a Bayesian belief network model for assessing the risk of wind erosion: A test with data from wind tunnel experiments. Aeolian Research, 2019, 41, 100543.	2.7	7
13	Identifying sources of soil classes variations with digital soil mapping approaches in theÂShahrekord plain, Iran. Environmental Earth Sciences, 2017, 76, 1.	2.7	6
14	The effects of hydrometer reading times on the spatial variability of soil textures in southeast Iran. Arabian Journal of Geosciences, 2014, 7, 1491-1499.	1.3	5
15	Rheological evaluation of soil aggregate microstructure and stability across a forested catena. Geoderma, 2021, 403, 115196.	5.1	4
16	Counterions, smectite, and palygorskite increase microstructural stability of saline-sodic soils. Soil and Tillage Research, 2022, 216, 105258.	5.6	4
17	Comparison of Stepwise Multilinear Regressions, Artificial Neural Network, and Genetic Algorithm-Based Neural Network for Prediction the Plant Available Water of Unsaturated Soils in a Semi-arid Region of Iran (Case Study: Chaharmahal Bakhtiari Province). Communications in Soil Science and Plant Analysis. 2020, 51, 2297-2309.	1.4	2
18	High-energy moisture characteristics of various low organic matter sandy soils in different land uses. Geoderma, 2021, 398, 115104.	5.1	1

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Detection of Lithologic Discontinuities in Soils: A Case Study of Arid and Semi-arid Regions of Iran. Eurasian Soil Science, 2020, 53, 1374-1388.	1.6	O
20	Evaluation of Intelligence Models to Estimate the Least Limiting Water Range Using Conveniently Measurable Soil Properties. Eurasian Soil Science, 2021, 54, 389-398.	1.6	0
21	Sepiolite Dissolution by Different Silicate Solubilizing Bacteria. Journal of Soil Science and Plant Nutrition, 2021, 21, 3232-3246.	3.4	O