## Motoki Iwasaki

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

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57752 88628 6,061 149 44 70 citations h-index g-index papers 150 150 150 9255 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Validation Study of Diabetes Definitions Using Japanese Diagnosis Procedure Combination Data Among Hospitalized Patients. Journal of Epidemiology, 2023, 33, 165-169.	2.4	4
2	Exploratory Research on Determinants of Place of Death in a Large-scale Cohort Study: The JPHC Study. Journal of Epidemiology, 2023, 33, 120-126.	2.4	3
3	Lowâ€carbohydrate diet and risk of cancer incidence: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based prospective study. Cancer Science, 2022, 113, 744-755.	3.9	17
4	Association of B Vitamins and Methionine Intake with the Risk of Gastric Cancer: The Japan Public Health Center–based Prospective Study. Cancer Prevention Research, 2022, 15, 101-110.	1.5	3
5	Association of <i>Escherichia coli</i> containing polyketide synthase in the gut microbiota with colorectal neoplasia in Japan. Cancer Science, 2022, 113, 277-286.	3.9	13
6	Dietary fibre intake is associated with reduced risk of lung cancer: a Japan public health centre-based prospective study (JPHC). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2022, 51, 1142-1152.	1.9	2
7	Total, animal, and plant protein intake and pneumonia mortality in the Japan Public Health Center–based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 115, 781-789.	4.7	1
8	Association between Meat, Fish, and Fatty Acid Intake and Non-Hodgkin Lymphoma Incidence: The Japan Public Health Center–Based Prospective Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 152, 1895-1906.	2.9	3
9	Inverse Association between Fruit and Vegetable Intake and All-Cause Mortality: Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2022, 152, 2245-2254.	2.9	6
10	Prediagnostic plasma polyphenol concentrations and colon cancer risk: The JPHC nested case–control study. Clinical Nutrition, 2022, 41, 1950-1960.	5.0	6
11	Association of Plasma Iron Status with Subsequent Risk of Total and Site-Specific Cancer: A Large Case–Cohort Study within JPHC Study. Cancer Prevention Research, 2022, 15, 669-678.	1.5	1
12	Comparison between the impact of fermented and unfermented soy intake on the risk of liver cancer: the JPHC Study. European Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 60, 1389-1401.	3.9	10
13	Low carbohydrate diet and all cause and cause-specific mortality. Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 40, 2016-2024.	5.0	28
14	Dietary fiber intake and risk of gastric cancer: The <scp>Japan Public Health Center</scp> â€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2021, 148, 2664-2673.	5.1	8
15	Fermented soy products intake and risk of cardiovascular disease and total cancer incidence: The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective study. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, 75, 954-968.	2.9	19
16	Sugary Drink Consumption and Subsequent Colorectal Cancer Risk: The Japan Public Health Center–Based Prospective Cohort Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 782-788.	2.5	7
17	Body mass index and colorectal cancer risk: A Mendelian randomization study. Cancer Science, 2021, 112, 1579-1588.	3.9	25
18	Risk Stratification Score Improves Sensitivity for Advanced Colorectal Neoplasia in Colorectal Cancer Screening: The Oshima Study Workgroup. Clinical and Translational Gastroenterology, 2021, 12, e00319.	2.5	4

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19	Longâ€term antihypertensive drug use and risk of cancer: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based prospective study. Cancer Science, 2021, 112, 1997-2005.	3.9	9
20	Reproductive Factors and Lung Cancer Risk among Never-Smoking Japanese Women with 21 Years of Follow-Up: A Cohort Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 1185-1192.	2.5	10
21	Dietary Inflammatory Index Is Associated With Inflammation in Japanese Men. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2021, 8, 604296.	3.7	23
22	Body Mass Index, Height, Weight Change, and Subsequent Lung Cancer Risk: The Japan Public Health Center–Based Prospective Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, 30, 1708-1716.	2.5	4
23	Dietary glycemic index, glycemic load, and endometrial cancer risk: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based Prospective Study. Cancer Science, 2021, 112, 3682-3690.	3.9	5
24	Association of sugary drink consumption with all-cause and cause-specific mortality: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. Preventive Medicine, 2021, 148, 106561.	3.4	5
25	Dietary heterocyclic aromatic amine intake and cancer risk: epidemiological evidence from Japanese studies. Genes and Environment, 2021, 43, 33.	2.1	6
26	Alcohol consumption, tobacco smoking, and subsequent risk of renal cell carcinoma: The JPHC study. Cancer Science, 2021, 112, 5068-5077.	3.9	7
27	Sugary drink consumption and risk of kidney and bladder cancer in Japanese adults. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 21701.	3.3	8
28	Association between coffee consumption and risk of prostate cancer in Japanese men: a population-based cohort study in Japan. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2021, , cebp.0484.2021.	2.5	3
29	Meat consumption and gastric cancer risk: The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2021, , .	4.7	6
30	Public access to summary statistics for genome-wide association studies of body mass index, weight, and height among healthy Japanese individuals: the Japanese Consortium of Genetic Epidemiology studies. Journal of Epidemiology, 2021, , .	2.4	0
31	The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study for the Next Generation (JPHC-NEXT): Study Design and Participants. Journal of Epidemiology, 2020, 30, 46-54.	2.4	30
32	Diabetes and cancer risk: A Mendelian randomization study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 146, 712-719.	5.1	52
33	Validating the dietary inflammatory index using inflammatory biomarkers in a Japanese population: A cross-sectional study of the JPHC-FFQ validation study. Nutrition, 2020, 69, 110569.	2.4	35
34	High-Negative Anti– <i>Helicobacter pylori</i> IgG Antibody Titers and Long-Term Risk of Gastric Cancer: Results from a Large-Scale Population-Based Cohort Study in Japan. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2020, 29, 420-426.	2.5	19
35	Doneness preferences, meat and meat-derived heterocyclic amines intake, and N-acetyltransferase 2 polymorphisms: association with colorectal adenoma in Japanese Brazilians. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2020, 29, 7-14.	1.3	8
36	Epidemiology of nonmelanoma skin cancer in Japan: Occupational type, lifestyle, and family history of cancer. Cancer Science, 2020, 111, 4257-4265.	3.9	14

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37	Association between dietary sugar intake and colorectal adenoma among cancer screening examinees in Japan. Cancer Science, 2020, 111, 3862-3872.	3.9	7
38	Inclusion of a geneâ€environment interaction between alcohol consumption and the aldehyde dehydrogenase 2 genotype in a risk prediction model for upper aerodigestive tract cancer in Japanese men. Cancer Science, 2020, 111, 3835-3844.	3.9	8
39	Occupational sitting time and subsequent risk of cancer: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based Prospective Study. Cancer Science, 2020, 111, 974-984.	3.9	11
40	Association of soy and fermented soy product intake with total and cause specific mortality: prospective cohort study. BMJ, The, 2020, 368, m34.	6.0	45
41	Dietary fiber intake and total and cause-specific mortality: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2020, 111, 1027-1035.	4.7	38
42	Association between meat and saturated fatty acid intake and lung cancer risk: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2020, 147, 3019-3028.	5.1	10
43	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0244007.		0
44	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0244007.		0
45	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0244007.		0
46	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0244007.		0
47	Reproductive history and risk of cognitive impairment in Japanese women. Maturitas, 2019, 128, 22-28.	2.4	20
48	Association of Animal and Plant Protein Intake With All-Cause and Cause-Specific Mortality in a Japanese Cohort. JAMA Internal Medicine, 2019, 179, 1509.	5.1	120
49	Higher Dietary Non-enzymatic Antioxidant Capacity Is Associated with Decreased Risk of All-Cause and Cardiovascular Disease Mortality in Japanese Adults. Journal of Nutrition, 2019, 149, 1967-1976.	2.9	8
50	Characterizing rare and low-frequency height-associated variants in the Japanese population. Nature Communications, 2019, 10, 4393.	12.8	123
51	Female reproductive factors and risk of external causes of death among women: The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study (JPHC Study). Scientific Reports, 2019, 9, 14329.	3.3	3
52	Validity and Reproducibility of a Self-Administered Food Frequency Questionnaire for the Assessment of Sugar Intake in Middle-Aged Japanese Adults. Nutrients, 2019, 11, 554.	4.1	12
53	Relationship between dietary non-enzymatic antioxidant capacity and type 2 diabetes risk in the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. Nutrition, 2019, 66, 62-69.	2.4	8
54	Cruciferous vegetable intake and colorectal cancer risk: Japan public health center-based prospective study. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2019, 28, 420-427.	1.3	6

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55	Plasma Câ€peptide and glycated albumin and subsequent risk of cancer: From a large prospective caseâ€cohort study in Japan. International Journal of Cancer, 2019, 144, 718-729.	5.1	5
56	GWAS identifies two novel colorectal cancer loci at 16q24.1 and 20q13.12. Carcinogenesis, 2018, 39, 652-660.	2.8	52
57	Dietary consumption of antioxidant vitamins and subsequent lung cancer risk: The <scp>J</scp> apan <scp>P</scp> ublic <scp>H</scp> ealth <scp>C</scp> enterâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2018, 142, 2441-2460.	5.1	28
58	Plasma levels of n-3 fatty acids and risk of coronary heart disease among Japanese: The Japan Public Health Center-based (JPHC) study. Atherosclerosis, 2018, 272, 226-232.	0.8	18
59	Plasma 25-hydroxyvitamin D concentration and subsequent risk of total and site specific cancers in Japanese population: large case-cohort study within Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study cohort. BMJ: British Medical Journal, 2018, 360, k671.	2.3	61
60	Dietary patterns and prostate cancer risk in Japanese: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study (JPHC Study). Cancer Causes and Control, 2018, 29, 589-600.	1.8	23
61	Dietary patterns and colorectal cancer risk in middle-aged adults: AÂlarge population-based prospective cohort study. Clinical Nutrition, 2018, 37, 1019-1026.	5.0	20
62	The association between plasma C-peptide concentration and the risk of prostate cancer: a nested caseâ€"control study within a Japanese population-based prospective study. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 461-467.	1.3	3
63	Increased Levels of Branched-Chain Amino Acid Associated With Increased Risk of Pancreatic Cancer in a Prospective Case–Control Study of a Large Cohort. Gastroenterology, 2018, 155, 1474-1482.e1.	1.3	59
64	The Validity and Reproducibility of Dietary Non-enzymatic Antioxidant Capacity Estimated by Self-administered Food Frequency Questionnaires. Journal of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 428-436.	2.4	4
65	Female reproductive factors and risk of all-cause and cause-specific mortality among women: The Japan Public Health Center–based Prospective Study (JPHC study). Annals of Epidemiology, 2018, 28, 597-604.e6.	1.9	16
66	Cigarette smoking, alcohol drinking, and oral cavity and pharyngeal cancer in the Japanese: a population-based cohort study in Japan. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2018, 27, 171-179.	1.3	19
67	Cruciferous Vegetable Intake Is Inversely Associated with Lung Cancer Risk among Current Nonsmoking Men in the Japan Public Health Center (JPHC) Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 841-849.	2.9	34
68	Body mass index change during adulthood and risk of oesophageal squamous-cell carcinoma in a Japanese population: the Japan Public Health (JPHC)-based prospective study. British Journal of Cancer, 2017, 117, 1715-1722.	6.4	14
69	Genome-wide association study identifies 112 new loci for body mass index in the Japanese population. Nature Genetics, 2017, 49, 1458-1467.	21.4	380
70	Inclusion of a Genetic Risk Score into a Validated Risk Prediction Model for Colorectal Cancer in Japanese Men Improves Performance. Cancer Prevention Research, 2017, 10, 535-541.	1.5	21
71	Fermented Soy Product Intake Is Inversely Associated with the Development of High Blood Pressure: The Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study. Journal of Nutrition, 2017, 147, 1749-1756.	2.9	51
72	Association between NAT2, CYP1A1, and CYP1A2 genotypes, heterocyclic aromatic amines, and prostate cancer risk: a case control study in Japan. Environmental Health and Preventive Medicine, 2017, 22, 72.	3.4	20

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73	Prediction of the 10â€year probability of gastric cancer occurrence in the <scp>J</scp> apanese population: the <scp>JPHC</scp> study cohort <scp>II</scp> . International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 138, 320-331.	5.1	78
74	<i>CYP1A1</i> , <i>GSTM1</i> and <i>GSTT1</i> genetic polymorphisms and gastric cancer risk among Japanese: A nested caseâ€"control study within a largeâ€scale populationâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2016, 139, 759-768.	5.1	20
75	Alcohol consumption, genetic variants in the alcohol- and folate metabolic pathways and colorectal cancer risk: the JPHC Study. Scientific Reports, 2016, 6, 36607.	3.3	14
76	Glycemic index and glycemic load and risk of colorectal cancer: a population-based cohort study (JPHC Study). Cancer Causes and Control, 2016, 27, 583-593.	1.8	12
77	Commentary: Factors Associated With Non-participation in Cohort Studies Emphasize the Need to Generalize the Results With Care. Journal of Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 89-90.	2.4	1
78	Plasma insulin, <scp>C</scp> â€peptide and blood glucose and the risk of gastric cancer: The <scp>J</scp> apan <scp>P</scp> ublic <scp>H</scp> ealth <scp>C</scp> enterâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2015, 136, 1402-1410.	5.1	44
79	The association between complete and partial non-response to psychosocial questions and suicide: the JPHC Study. European Journal of Public Health, 2015, 25, 424-430.	0.3	14
80	Association of coffee intake with total and cause-specific mortality in a Japanese population: the Japan Public Health Center–based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2015, 101, 1029-1037.	4.7	58
81	Dietary Heterocyclic Amine Intake, <i>NAT2</i> Genetic Polymorphism, and Colorectal Adenoma Risk: The Colorectal Adenoma Study in Tokyo. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2015, 24, 613-620.	2.5	25
82	Association of green tea consumption with mortality due to all causes and major causes of death in a Japanese population: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study (JPHC Study). Annals of Epidemiology, 2015, 25, 512-518.e3.	1.9	66
83	Genetic polymorphisms of ADH1B, ADH1C and ALDH2, alcohol consumption, and the risk of gastric cancer: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. Carcinogenesis, 2015, 36, 223-231.	2.8	69
84	Death by suicide and other externally caused injuries following a cancer diagnosis: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€based Prospective Study. Psycho-Oncology, 2014, 23, 1034-1041.	2.3	45
85	Death by Suicide and Other Externally Caused Injuries After Stroke in Japan (1990–2010). Psychosomatic Medicine, 2014, 76, 452-459.	2.0	28
86	Alcohol and smoking and subsequent risk of prostate cancer in Japanese men: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€based prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2014, 134, 971-978.	5.1	52
87	Validity of a self-administered food frequency questionnaire in the estimation of heterocyclic aromatic amines. Cancer Causes and Control, 2014, 25, 1015-1028.	1.8	13
88	Dietary cadmium intake and breast cancer risk in Japanese women: A case–control study. International Journal of Hygiene and Environmental Health, 2014, 217, 70-77.	4.3	115
89	Impact of five modifiable lifestyle habits on the probability of cancer occurrence in a Japanese population-based cohort: Results from the JPHC study. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 685-689.	3.4	10
90	Social support and cancer incidence and mortality: the JPHC study cohort II. Cancer Causes and Control, 2013, 24, 847-860.	1.8	68

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91	Plasma Isoflavone Concentrations Are Not Associated with Gastric Cancer Risk among Japanese Men and Women1,2. Journal of Nutrition, 2013, 143, 1293-1298.	2.9	15
92	Association Between Plasma 25-Hydroxyvitamin D and Colorectal Adenoma According to Dietary Calcium Intake and Vitamin D Receptor Polymorphism. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2012, 175, 236-244.	3 <b>.</b> 4	35
93	Long-term Dietary Cadmium Intake and Cancer Incidence. Epidemiology, 2012, 23, 368-376.	2.7	58
94	Risk factors for epithelial ovarian cancer in Japan - results from the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study cohort. International Journal of Oncology, 2011, 40, 21-30.	3.3	39
95	Impact of viral load of hepatitis C on the incidence of hepatocellular carcinoma: A population-based cohort study (JPHC Study). Cancer Letters, 2011, 300, 173-179.	7.2	26
96	Validity of a Self-Administered Food Frequency Questionnaire for Middle-Aged Urban Cancer Screenees: Comparison With 4-Day Weighed Dietary Records. Journal of Epidemiology, 2011, 21, 447-458.	2.4	46
97	Risk factors for breast cancer: epidemiological evidence from Japanese studies. Cancer Science, 2011, 102, 1607-1614.	3.9	53
98	Leisure-time physical activity and breast cancer risk defined by estrogen and progesterone receptor statusâ€"The Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. Preventive Medicine, 2011, 52, 227-233.	3.4	37
99	Red meat intake may increase the risk of colon cancer in Japanese, a population with relatively low red meat consumption. Asia Pacific Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2011, 20, 603-12.	0.4	51
100	10-Year risk of colorectal cancer: Development and validation of a prediction model in middle-aged Japanese men. Cancer Epidemiology, 2010, 34, 534-541.	1.9	56
101	Plasma tea polyphenol levels and subsequent risk of breast cancer among Japanese women: a nested case–control study. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2010, 124, 827-834.	2.5	47
102	Leisure-time physical activity and breast cancer risk by hormone receptor status: effective life periods and exercise intensity. Cancer Causes and Control, 2010, 21, 1787-1798.	1.8	22
103	Alcohol consumptionâ€associated breast cancer incidence and potential effect modifiers: the Japan Public Health Centerâ€based Prospective Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2010, 127, 685-695.	5.1	40
104	Heterocyclic amines content of meat and fish cooked by Brazilian methods. Journal of Food Composition and Analysis, 2010, 23, 61-69.	3.9	74
105	Plasma testosterone and sex hormoneâ€binding globulin concentrations and the risk of prostate cancer among Japanese men: A nested caseâ€control study. Cancer Science, 2010, 101, 2652-2657.	3.9	31
106	Consumption of sodium and salted foods in relation to cancer and cardiovascular disease: the Japan Public Health Center–based Prospective Study. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 456-464.	4.7	100
107	Isoflavone intake and risk of lung cancer: a prospective cohort study in Japan. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2010, 91, 722-728.	4.7	77
108	Plasma levels of C-reactive protein and serum amyloid A and gastric cancer in a nested case-control study: Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. Carcinogenesis, 2010, 31, 712-718.	2.8	36

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109	Dietary Isoflavone Intake, Polymorphisms in the CYP17, CYP19, 17β-HSD1, and SHBG Genes, and Risk of Breast Cancer in Case-Control Studies in Japanese, Japanese Brazilians, and Non-Japanese Brazilians. Nutrition and Cancer, 2010, 62, 466-475.	2.0	19
110	Green tea drinking and subsequent risk of breast cancer in a population to based cohort of Japanese women. Breast Cancer Research, 2010, 12, R88.	5.0	52
111	Development of a quantitative food frequency questionnaire for assessing food, nutrient, and heterocyclic aromatic amines intake in Japanese Brazilians for a colorectal adenoma case–control study. International Journal of Food Sciences and Nutrition, 2009, 60, 128-139.	2.8	16
112	Association between polymorphisms in glutathione S-transferase Mu3 and IgG titer levels in serum against Helicobacter pylori. Journal of Human Genetics, 2009, 54, 557-563.	2.3	5
113	Methionine Synthase A2756G Polymorphism Interacts with Alcohol and Folate Intake to Influence the Risk of Colorectal Adenoma. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 267-274.	2.5	27
114	Effect of Coffee and Green Tea Consumption on the Risk of Liver Cancer: Cohort Analysis by Hepatitis Virus Infection Status. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2009, 18, 1746-1753.	2.5	98
115	Association between dietary heterocyclic amine levels, genetic polymorphisms of NAT2, CYP1A1, and CYP1A2 and risk of stomach cancer: a hospital-based case-control study in Japan. Gastric Cancer, 2009, 12, 198-205.	5.3	25
116	Dietary isoflavone intake and breast cancer risk in case–control studies in Japanese, Japanese Brazilians, and non-Japanese Brazilians. Breast Cancer Research and Treatment, 2009, 116, 401-411.	2.5	39
117	Serum organochlorines and breast cancer risk in Japanese women: a case–control study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 567-580.	1.8	70
118	Metabolic factors and subsequent risk of hepatocellular carcinoma by hepatitis virus infection status: a large-scale population-based cohort study of Japanese men and women (JPHC Study Cohort II). Cancer Causes and Control, 2009, 20, 741-750.	1.8	48
119	Isoflavone, polymorphisms in estrogen receptor genes and breast cancer risk in caseâ€control studies in Japanese, Japanese Brazilians and nonâ€apanese Brazilians. Cancer Science, 2009, 100, 927-933.	3.9	34
120	Association between dietary heterocyclic amine levels, genetic polymorphisms of NAT2, CYP1A1, and CYP1A2 and risk of colorectal cancer: A hospital-based case-control study in Japan. Scandinavian Journal of Gastroenterology, 2009, 44, 952-959.	1.5	34
121	Impact of metabolic factors on subsequent cancer risk: results from a large-scale population-based cohort study in Japan. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2009, 18, 240-247.	1.3	131
122	Serum aminotransferase level and the risk of hepatocellular carcinoma: a population-based cohort study in Japan. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2009, 18, 26-32.	1.3	43
123	Plasma folate and risk of colorectal cancer in a nested case-control study: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2008, 19, 67-74.	1.8	27
124	Passive smoking and lung cancer in Japanese nonâ€smoking women: A prospective study. International Journal of Cancer, 2008, 122, 653-657.	5.1	81
125	Daily Total Physical Activity Level and Premature Death in Men and Women: Results From a Large-Scale Population-Based Cohort Study in Japan (JPHC Study). Annals of Epidemiology, 2008, 18, 522-530.	1.9	147
126	Screening of 214 Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in 44 Candidate Cancer Susceptibility Genes: A Case–Control Study on Gastric and Colorectal Cancers in the Japanese Population. American Journal of Gastroenterology, 2008, 103, 1476-1487.	0.4	29

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127	Plasma Tea Polyphenols and Gastric Cancer Risk: A Case-Control Study Nested in a Large Population-Based Prospective Study in Japan. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2008, 17, 343-351.	2.5	46
128	Plasma levels of carotenoids, retinol and tocopherol and the risk of gastric cancer in Japan: a nested case–control study. Carcinogenesis, 2008, 29, 1042-1048.	2.8	60
129	Plasma Isoflavone Level and Subsequent Risk of Breast Cancer Among Japanese Women: A Nested Case-Control Study From the Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study Group. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2008, 26, 1677-1683.	1.6	155
130	Determination of Sub-ppb Cadmium in Urine by Solid-Phase Extraction and Inductively Coupled Plasma-Mass Spectrometry. Analytical Sciences, 2008, 24, 1049-1052.	1.6	25
131	Secular trends in cancer mortality among Japanese immigrants in the state of São Paulo, Brazil, 1979–2001. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2008, 17, 1-8.	1.3	28
132	Reproductive factors, exogenous female hormone use and colorectal cancer risk: the Japan Public Health Center-based Prospective Study. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2008, 17, 515-524.	1.3	27
133	Green Tea Consumption and Prostate Cancer Risk in Japanese Men: A Prospective Study. American Journal of Epidemiology, 2007, 167, 71-77.	3.4	241
134	Role and impact of menstrual and reproductive factors on breast cancer risk in Japan. European Journal of Cancer Prevention, 2007, 16, 116-123.	1.3	54
135	Body Size and Risk for Breast Cancer in Relation to Estrogen and Progesterone Receptor Status in Japan. Annals of Epidemiology, 2007, 17, 304-312.	1.9	51
136	Colorectal cancer screening using fecal occult blood test and subsequent risk of colorectal cancer: A prospective cohort study in Japan. Cancer Detection and Prevention, 2007, 31, 3-11.	2.1	75
137	Physical activity and risk of colorectal cancer in Japanese men and women: the Japan Public Health Center-based prospective Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 199-209.	1.8	88
138	Generalizability of Relative Risk Estimates from a Well-defined Population to a General Population. European Journal of Epidemiology, 2006, 21, 253-262.	5.7	36
139	Serum triglycerides and colorectal adenoma in a case–control study among cancer screening examinees (Japan). Cancer Causes and Control, 2006, 17, 1245-1252.	1.8	45
140	Dietary fiber intake and subsequent risk of colorectal cancer: The Japan Public Health Centerâ€Based Prospective Study. International Journal of Cancer, 2006, 119, 1475-1480.	5.1	48
141	Plasma C-Reactive Protein and Risk of Colorectal Cancer in a Nested Case-Control Study: Japan Public Health Center–Based Prospective Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 690-695.	2.5	94
142	Diabetes Mellitus and the Risk of Cancer. Archives of Internal Medicine, 2006, 166, 1871.	3.8	475
143	Effect of Helicobacter pylori Infection Combined with CagA and Pepsinogen Status on Gastric Cancer Development among Japanese Men and Women: A Nested Case-Control Study. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1341-1347.	2.5	123
144	Body Mass Index, Body Height, and Subsequent Risk of Colorectal Cancer in Middle-Aged and Elderly Japanese Men and Women: Japan Public Health Center-Based Prospective Study. Cancer Causes and Control, 2005, 16, 839-850.	1.8	72

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145	Cigarette Smoking and Completed Suicide among Middle-aged Men: A Population-based Cohort Study in Japan. Annals of Epidemiology, 2005, 15, 286-292.	1.9	61
146	Background Characteristics of Basic Health Examination Participants: the JPHC Study Baseline Survey. Journal of Epidemiology, 2003, 13, 216-225.	2.4	49
147	Rural-urban Differences in Sociodemographic, Social Network and Lifestyle Factors Related to Mortality of Middle-aged Japanese Men from the Komo-Ise Cohort Study Journal of Epidemiology, 2002, 12, 93-104.	2.4	36
148	Low Back Pain and Smoking in a Community Sample in Japan. Journal of Occupational Health, 2002, 44, 207-213.	2.1	6
149	Absence of specific symptoms in chronic hepatitis C. Journal of Gastroenterology, 2002, 37, 709-716.	5.1	13