List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Molecular Epidemiology of Rotavirus Strains in Symptomatic and Asymptomatic Children in Manhiça District, Southern Mozambique 2008–2019. Viruses, 2022, 14, 134.	3.3	5
2	The epidemiology of severe malaria at Manhiça District Hospital, Mozambique: a retrospective analysis of 20 years of malaria admissions surveillance data. The Lancet Global Health, 2022, 10, e873-e881.	6.3	10
3	The role of research in China's successful elimination of malaria. Nature Medicine, 2022, 28, 1336-1338.	30.7	5
4	The Clinical Presentation of Culture-positive and Culture-negative, Quantitative Polymerase Chain Reaction (qPCR)-Attributable Shigellosis in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study and Derivation of a <i>Shigella</i> Severity Score: Implications for Pediatric <i>Shigella</i> Vaccine Trials. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, e569-e579.	5.8	15
5	Pathophysiology of Anemia in HIV-Infected Children Exposed to Malaria. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2021, 104, 1003-1012.	1.4	Ο
6	Rotavirus disease burden pre-vaccine introduction in young children in Rural Southern Mozambique, an area of high HIV prevalence. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0249714.	2.5	1
7	Molecular Characterisation of Cryptosporidium spp. in Mozambican Children Younger than 5 Years Enrolled in a Matched Case-Control Study on the Aetiology of Diarrhoeal Disease. Pathogens, 2021, 10, 452.	2.8	2
8	Expression Patterns of Plasmodium falciparum Clonally Variant Genes at the Onset of a Blood Infection in Malaria-Naive Humans. MBio, 2021, 12, e0163621.	4.1	16
9	Characteristics of <i>Salmonella</i> Recovered From Stools of Children Enrolled in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2021, 73, 631-641.	5.8	14
10	Molecular diversity of Giardia duodenalis in children under 5 years from the Manhiça district, Southern Mozambique enrolled in a matched case-control study on the aetiology of diarrhoea. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2021, 15, e0008987.	3.0	24
11	Diarrhoeal disease and subsequent risk of death in infants and children residing in low-income and middle-income countries: analysis of the GEMS case-control study and 12-month GEMS-1A follow-on study. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e204-e214.	6.3	121
12	lvermectin for causal malaria prophylaxis: a randomised controlled human infection trial. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2020, 25, 380-386.	2.3	15
13	Quality of care and maternal mortality in a tertiary-level hospital in Mozambique: a retrospective study of clinicopathological discrepancies. The Lancet Global Health, 2020, 8, e965-e972.	6.3	12
14	A multiphase program for malaria elimination in southern Mozambique (the Magude project): AÂbefore-after study. PLoS Medicine, 2020, 17, e1003227.	8.4	38
15	Demographic and health community-based surveys to inform a malaria elimination project in Magude district, southern Mozambique. BMJ Open, 2020, 10, e033985.	1.9	17
16	Escherichia coli ST131 clones harbouring AggR and AAF/V fimbriae causing bacteremia in Mozambican children: Emergence of new variant of fimH27 subclone. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2020, 14, e0008274.	3.0	22
17	Post-malarial anemia in Mozambican children treated with quinine or artesunate: A retrospective observational study. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 96, 655-662.	3.3	3
18	<i>Plasmodium vivax</i> spleen-dependent genes encode antigens associated with cytoadhesion and clinical protection. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 13056-13065.	7.1	29

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19	Moving towards malaria elimination in southern Mozambique: Cost and cost-effectiveness of mass drug administration combined with intensified malaria control. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0235631.	2.5	8
20	Limitations to current methods to estimate cause of death: a validation study of a verbal autopsy model. Gates Open Research, 2020, 4, 55.	1.1	18
21	Limitations to current methods to estimate cause of death: a validation study of a verbal autopsy model. Gates Open Research, 2020, 4, 55.	1.1	21
22	Effect of mass dihydroartemisinin–piperaquine administration in southern Mozambique on the carriage of molecular markers of antimalarial resistance. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0240174.	2.5	13
23	The Role of Mass Drug Administration of Antimalarials. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2020, 103, 1-2.	1.4	14
24	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008274.		0
25	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008274.		0
26	Title is missing!. , 2020, 14, e0008274.		0
27	Country-Owned, Country-Driven: Perspectives from the World Health Organization on Malaria Elimination. Methods in Molecular Biology, 2019, 2013, 3-27.	0.9	3
28	Clinico-pathological discrepancies in the diagnosis of causes of death in adults in Mozambique: A retrospective observational study. PLoS ONE, 2019, 14, e0220657.	2.5	17
29	Differential expression of var subgroups and PfSir2a genes in afebrile Plasmodium falciparum malaria: a matched case–control study. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 326.	2.3	2
30	Setting the scene and generating evidence for malaria elimination in Southern Mozambique. Malaria Journal, 2019, 18, 190.	2.3	35
31	The incidence, aetiology, and adverse clinical consequences of less severe diarrhoeal episodes among infants and children residing in low-income and middle-income countries: a 12-month case-control study as a follow-on to the Global Enteric Multicenter Study (GEMS). The Lancet Global Health, 2019, 7. e568-e584.	6.3	168
32	Risk factors for death among children 0–59 months of age with moderate-to-severe diarrhea in Manhiça district, southern Mozambique. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2019, 19, 322.	2.9	30
33	Determinants of linear growth faltering among children with moderate-to-severe diarrhea in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study. BMC Medicine, 2019, 17, 214.	5.5	24
34	Colonization factors among enterotoxigenic Escherichia coli isolates from children with moderate-to-severe diarrhea and from matched controls in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study (GEMS). PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2019, 13, e0007037.	3.0	68
35	A Historical Review of WHO Certification of Malaria Elimination. Trends in Parasitology, 2019, 35, 163-171.	3.3	18
36	A Balanced Proinflammatory and Regulatory Cytokine Signature in Young African Children Is Associated With Lower Risk of Clinical Malaria. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2019, 69, 820-828.	5.8	8

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37	Postdischarge Mortality Prediction in Sub-Saharan Africa. Pediatrics, 2019, 143, .	2.1	33
38	Contribution of the clinical information to the accuracy of the minimally invasive and the complete diagnostic autopsy. Human Pathology, 2019, 85, 184-193.	2.0	10
39	Neurological complications in malaria. Neurologie Pro Praxi, 2019, 20, 102-106.	0.1	Ο
40	Antibiotic resistance and molecular characterization of shigella isolates recovered from children aged less than 5 years in Manhiça, Southern Mozambique. International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents, 2018, 51, 881-887.	2.5	19
41	Dynamics of Afebrile Plasmodium falciparum Infections in Mozambican Men. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 67, 1045-1052.	5.8	8
42	ldentifying Immune Correlates of Protection Against Plasmodium falciparum Through a Novel Approach to Account for Heterogeneity in Malaria Exposure. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2018, 66, 586-593.	5.8	18
43	Direct Detection of Shigella in Stool Specimens by Use of a Metagenomic Approach. Journal of Clinical Microbiology, 2018, 56, .	3.9	25
44	Postmortem Interval and Diagnostic Performance of the Autopsy Methods. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 16112.	3.3	13
45	Clinical features, risk factors, and impact of antibiotic treatment of diarrhea caused by Shigella in children less than 5 years in Manhiça District, rural Mozambique. Infection and Drug Resistance, 2018, Volume 11, 2095-2106.	2.7	15
46	Salmonella enterica serovars Typhimurium and Enteritidis causing mixed infections in febrile children in Mozambique. Infection and Drug Resistance, 2018, Volume 11, 195-204.	2.7	8
47	The role of HIV infection in the etiology and epidemiology of diarrheal disease among children aged 0–59 months in Manhiça District, Rural Mozambique. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2018, 73, 10-17.	3.3	16
48	Cord Blood IL-12 Confers Protection to Clinical Malaria in Early Childhood Life. Scientific Reports, 2018, 8, 10860.	3.3	2
49	High production of pro-inflammatory cytokines by maternal blood mononuclear cells is associated with reduced maternal malaria but increased cord blood infection. Malaria Journal, 2018, 17, 177.	2.3	13
50	IgM and IgG against Plasmodium falciparum lysate as surrogates of malaria exposure and protection during pregnancy. Malaria Journal, 2018, 17, 182.	2.3	6
51	Epidemiology and molecular characterization of multidrug-resistant Escherichia coli isolates harboring bla _{CTX-M} group 1 extended-spectrum β-lactamases causing bacteremia and urinary tract infection in Manhiça, Mozambique. Infection and Drug Resistance. 2018. Volume 11. 927-936.	2.7	20
52	Burden of invasive pneumococcal disease among children in rural Mozambique: 2001-2012. PLoS ONE, 2018, 13, e0190687.	2.5	11
53	Adherence to Childhood Tuberculosis Treatment in Mozambique. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2017, 63, fmw048.	1.5	8
54	Transcriptional categorization of the etiology of pneumonia syndrome in pediatric patients in malaria endemic areas. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2017, 215, jiw531.	4.0	8

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55	Streptococcus pneumoniae carriage among healthy and sick pediatric patients before the generalized implementation of the 13-valent pneumococcal vaccine in Morocco from 2010 to 2011. Journal of Infection and Public Health, 2017, 10, 165-170.	4.1	10
56	Community-Associated Staphylococcus aureus from Sub-Saharan Africa and Germany: A Cross-Sectional Geographic Correlation Study. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 154.	3.3	26
57	In-Vivo Efficacy of Chloroquine to Clear Asymptomatic Infections in Mozambican Adults: A Randomized, Placebo-controlled Trial with Implications for Elimination Strategies. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 1356.	3.3	21
58	Renewed push to strengthen vector control globally. Lancet, The, 2017, 389, 2270-2271.	13.7	24
59	Expression of the Plasmodium falciparum Clonally Variant clag3 Genes in Human Infections. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2017, 215, 938-945.	4.0	27
60	The global fight against malaria is at crossroads. Lancet, The, 2017, 390, 2532-2534.	13.7	101
61	Host age and expression of genes involved in red blood cell invasion in Plasmodium falciparum field isolates. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 4717.	3.3	3
62	Anaemia in hospitalised preschool children from a rural area in Mozambique: a case control study in search for aetiological agents. BMC Pediatrics, 2017, 17, 63.	1.7	24
63	Heterogeneity of G6PD deficiency prevalence in Mozambique: a school-based cross-sectional survey in three different regions. Malaria Journal, 2017, 16, 36.	2.3	10
64	Drug-based vector control: a potential new paradigm. Malaria Journal, 2017, 16, 200.	2.3	4
65	Molecular Characterization of Community Acquired Staphylococcus aureus Bacteremia in Young Children in Southern Mozambique, 2001–2009. Frontiers in Microbiology, 2017, 8, 730.	3.5	7
66	High Rates of Non-Tuberculous Mycobacteria Isolation in Mozambican Children with Presumptive Tuberculosis. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0169757.	2.5	17
67	Validity of a minimally invasive autopsy for cause of death determination in stillborn babies and neonates in Mozambique: An observational study. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002318.	8.4	82
68	Caretakers' perspectives of paediatric TB and implications for care-seeking behaviours in Southern Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0182213.	2.5	12
69	malERA: An updated research agenda for malaria elimination and eradication. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002456.	8.4	221
70	Minimal genetic change in Vibrio cholerae in Mozambique over time: Multilocus variable number tandem repeat analysis and whole genome sequencing. PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2017, 11, e0005671.	3.0	31
71	Molecular surveillance of pfhrp2 and pfhrp3 deletions in Plasmodium falciparum isolates from Mozambique. Malaria Journal, 2017, 16, 416.	2.3	38
72	Tuberculosis drug resistance in Southern Mozambique: results of a population-level survey in the district of ManhiA§a. International Journal of Tuberculosis and Lung Disease, 2017, 21, 446-451.	1.2	13

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73	Validity of a minimally invasive autopsy tool for cause of death determination in pediatric deaths in Mozambique: An observational study. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002317.	8.4	81
74	Validity of a minimally invasive autopsy for cause of death determination in maternal deaths in Mozambique: An observational study. PLoS Medicine, 2017, 14, e1002431.	8.4	41
75	Impact of the Mass Drug Administration for malaria in response to the Ebola outbreak in Sierra Leone. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 480.	2.3	26
76	Placental Microparticles and MicroRNAs in Pregnant Women with Plasmodium falciparum or HIV Infection. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0146361.	2.5	32
77	Hypoxaemia in Mozambican children <5 years of age admitted to hospital with clinical severe pneumonia: clinical features and performance of predictor models. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2016, 21, 1147-1156.	2.3	15
78	Poor tuberculosis treatment outcomes in Southern Mozambique (2011–2012). BMC Infectious Diseases, 2016, 16, 214.	2.9	25
79	The genotypic study of Mycobacterium tuberculosis complex resistant to isoniazid: Galicia, Spain (2008–2013). European Journal of Clinical Microbiology and Infectious Diseases, 2016, 35, 1795-1801.	2.9	4
80	A prospective cohort study to assess the micro-epidemiology of Plasmodium falciparum clinical malaria in Ilha Josina Machel (Manhiça, Mozambique). Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 444.	2.3	13
81	Use of quantitative molecular diagnostic methods to identify causes of diarrhoea in children: a reanalysis of the GEMS case-control study. Lancet, The, 2016, 388, 1291-1301.	13.7	658
82	Antimicrobial resistance levels among diarrhoeagenic micro-organisms recovered from children under-5 with acute moderate-to-severe diarrhoea in Rabat, Morocco. Journal of Global Antimicrobial Resistance, 2016, 7, 34-36.	2.2	6
83	Aeromonas-Associated Diarrhea in Children Under 5 Years: The GEMS Experience. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2016, 95, 774-780.	1.4	24
84	A comparison of human metapneumovirus and respiratory syncytial virus WHO-defined severe pneumonia in Moroccan children. Epidemiology and Infection, 2016, 144, 516-526.	2.1	16
85	Community perceptions of pre-eclampsia and eclampsia in southern Mozambique. Reproductive Health, 2016, 13, 33.	3.1	20
86	Malaria: Global progress 2000 – 2015 and future challenges. Infectious Diseases of Poverty, 2016, 5, 61.	3.7	160
87	Declining malaria transmission in rural Amazon: changing epidemiology and challenges to achieve elimination. Malaria Journal, 2016, 15, 266.	2.3	33
88	Potential for reduction of burden and local elimination of malaria by reducing Plasmodium falciparum malaria transmission: a mathematical modelling study. Lancet Infectious Diseases, The, 2016, 16, 465-472.	9.1	102
89	Low paediatric tuberculosis case detection rate in Southern Mozambique. European Respiratory Journal, 2016, 47, 1003-1005.	6.7	19
90	Responses to Bacteria, Virus, and Malaria Distinguish the Etiology of Pediatric Clinical Pneumonia. American Journal of Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine, 2016, 193, 448-459.	5.6	42

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91	Resuscitating the Dying Autopsy. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1001927.	8.4	28
92	Sanitation and Hygiene-Specific Risk Factors for Moderate-to-Severe Diarrhea in Young Children in the Global Enteric Multicenter Study, 2007–2011: Case-Control Study. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002010.	8.4	86
93	Validity of a Minimally Invasive Autopsy for Cause of Death Determination in Adults in Mozambique: An Observational Study. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002171.	8.4	120
94	The Burden of Cryptosporidium Diarrheal Disease among Children < 24 Months of Age in Moderate/High Mortality Regions of Sub-Saharan Africa and South Asia, Utilizing Data from the Global Enteric Multicenter Study (GEMS). PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases, 2016, 10, e0004729.	3.0	201
95	Cytoadhesion to gC1qR through Plasmodium falciparum Erythrocyte Membrane Protein 1 in Severe Malaria. PLoS Pathogens, 2016, 12, e1006011.	4.7	33
96	Malaria Policy Advisory Committee to the WHO: conclusions and recommendations of seventh biannual meeting (March 2015). Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 295.	2.3	26
97	Long-lasting insecticidal nets no longer effectively kill the highly resistant Anopheles funestus of southern Mozambique. Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 298.	2.3	48
98	Controlled human malaria infection by intramuscular and direct venous inoculation of cryopreserved Plasmodium falciparum sporozoites in malaria-naÃ̄ve volunteers: effect of injection volume and dose on infectivity rates. Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 306.	2.3	78
99	Incidence of Tuberculosis Among Young Children in Rural Mozambique. Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal, 2015, 34, 686-692.	2.0	30
100	Radiological Findings in Young Children Investigated for Tuberculosis in Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0127323.	2.5	19
101	HIV Incidence and Spatial Clustering in a Rural Area of Southern Mozambique. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0132053.	2.5	41
102	Malaria Policy Advisory Committee to the WHO: conclusions and recommendations of sixth biannual meeting (September 2014). Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 107.	2.3	21
103	Invasive <i>Salmonella</i> Infections Among Children From Rural Mozambique, 2001–2014. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2015, 61, S339-S345.	5.8	34
104	Sleeping arrangements and mass distribution of bed nets in six districts in central and northern Mozambique. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2015, 20, 1685-1695.	2.3	18
105	Mass Treatment with Single-Dose Azithromycin for Yaws. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 372, 703-710.	27.0	109
106	Aetiology, epidemiology and clinical characteristics of acute moderate-to-severe diarrhoea in children under 5 years of age hospitalized in a referral paediatric hospital in Rabat, Morocco. Journal of Medical Microbiology, 2015, 64, 84-92.	1.8	26
107	High prevalence of Pneumocystis jirovecii pneumonia among Mozambican children <5 years of age admitted to hospital with clinical severe pneumonia. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2015, 21, 1018.e9-1018.e15.	6.0	20
108	High tuberculosis burden among people living with HIV in southern Mozambique. European Respiratory Journal, 2015, 45, 547-549.	6.7	38

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109	Under treatment of pneumonia among children under 5 years of age in a malaria-endemic area: population-based surveillance study conducted in Manhica district- rural, Mozambique. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2015, 36, 39-45.	3.3	19
110	Efficacy and safety of RTS,S/AS01 malaria vaccine with or without a booster dose in infants and children in Africa: final results of a phase 3, individually randomised, controlled trial. Lancet, The, 2015, 386, 31-45.	13.7	1,127
111	Characterisation of extended-spectrum β-lactamases among Klebsiella pneumoniae isolates causing bacteraemia and urinary tract infection in Mozambique. Journal of Global Antimicrobial Resistance, 2015, 3, 19-25.	2.2	20
112	Direct venous inoculation of Plasmodium falciparum sporozoites for controlled human malaria infection: a dose-finding trial in two centres. Malaria Journal, 2015, 14, 117.	2.3	114
113	Characterization of Plasmodium vivax-associated admissions to reference hospitals in Brazil and India. BMC Medicine, 2015, 13, 57.	5.5	54
114	RTS,S Vaccination Is Associated With Serologic Evidence of Decreased Exposure to Plasmodium falciparum Liver- and Blood-Stage Parasites*. Molecular and Cellular Proteomics, 2015, 14, 519-531.	3.8	40
115	Progress with Plasmodium falciparum sporozoite (PfSPZ)-based malaria vaccines. Vaccine, 2015, 33, 7452-7461.	3.8	152
116	Changing Trends in <i>P. falciparum</i> Burden, Immunity, and Disease in Pregnancy. New England Journal of Medicine, 2015, 373, 1607-1617.	27.0	63
117	Determinants of virological failure and antiretroviral drug resistance in Mozambique. Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy, 2015, 70, 2639-2647.	3.0	51
118	Malaria and HIV Infection in Mozambican Pregnant Women Are Associated With Reduced Transfer of Antimalarial Antibodies to Their Newborns. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2015, 211, 1004-1014.	4.0	34
119	Diarrheal Disease in Rural Mozambique: Burden, Risk Factors and Etiology of Diarrheal Disease among Children Aged 0–59 Months Seeking Care at Health Facilities. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0119824.	2.5	68
120	Post-ART Symptoms Were Not the Problem: A Qualitative Study on Adherence to ART in HIV-Infected Patients in a Mozambican Rural Hospital. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0137336.	2.5	5
121	Getting ready for malaria elimination: a check list of critical issues to consider. Memorias Do Instituto Oswaldo Cruz, 2014, 109, 517-521.	1.6	7
122	La empresa informativa busca nuevos modelos de negocio. Historia Y Comunicacion Social, 2014, 19, .	0.4	3
123	Risk factors for a poor outcome among children admitted with clinically severe pneumonia to a university hospital in Rabat, Morocco. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 28, 164-170.	3.3	36
124	The Epidemiology and Aetiology of Infections in Children Admitted with Clinical Severe Pneumonia to a University Hospital in Rabat, Morocco. Journal of Tropical Pediatrics, 2014, 60, 270-278.	1.5	35
125	Effects on pregnancy and breastfeeding on DDT residues warrant further attention. Chemosphere, 2014, 114, 348.	8.2	0
126	Efficacy and Safety of the RTS,S/AS01 Malaria Vaccine during 18 Months after Vaccination: A Phase 3 Randomized, Controlled Trial in Children and Young Infants at 11 African Sites. PLoS Medicine, 2014, 11, e1001685.	8.4	367

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127	Shigella Isolates From the Global Enteric Multicenter Study Inform Vaccine Development. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2014, 59, 933-941.	5.8	297
128	Severity of anaemia is associated with bone marrow haemozoin in children exposed to <i><scp>P</scp>lasmodium falciparum</i> . British Journal of Haematology, 2014, 164, 877-887.	2.5	32
129	Evaluation of a universal coverage bed net distribution campaign in four districts in Sofala Province, Mozambique. Malaria Journal, 2014, 13, 427.	2.3	19
130	Duration of vaccine efficacy against malaria: 5th year of follow-up in children vaccinated with RTS,S/AS02 in Mozambique. Vaccine, 2014, 32, 2209-2216.	3.8	32
131	Molecular evidence for the localization of Plasmodium falciparum immature gametocytes in bone marrow. Blood, 2014, 123, 959-966.	1.4	139
132	In vivo efficacy of artemether-lumefantrine and artesunate-amodiaquine for the treatment of uncomplicated falciparum malaria in children: a multisite, open-label, two-cohort, clinical trial in Mozambique. Malaria Journal, 2014, 13, 309.	2.3	25
133	Blood oxidative stress markers and <i><scp>P</scp>lasmodium falciparum</i> malaria in nonâ€immune <scp>A</scp> frican children. British Journal of Haematology, 2014, 164, 438-450.	2.5	22
134	Impact of age of first exposure to Plasmodium falciparum on antibody responses to malaria in children: a randomized, controlled trial in Mozambique. Malaria Journal, 2014, 13, 121.	2.3	18
135	Plasma advanced oxidative protein products are associated with anti-oxidative stress pathway genes and malaria in a longitudinal cohort. Malaria Journal, 2014, 13, 134.	2.3	15
136	Mozambique faces challenges in the fight against tuberculosis. Lancet, The, 2014, 383, 215-216.	13.7	15
137	Study of ceftriaxone-resistant Klebsiella spp. clinical isolates from a rural hospital in Mozambique. International Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 21, 79.	3.3	0
138	Sensitivity and specificity of a rapid point-of-care test for active yaws: a comparative study. The Lancet Global Health, 2014, 2, e415-e421.	6.3	48
139	Antigenicity and immunogenicity of a novel Plasmodium vivax circumsporozoite derived synthetic vaccine construct. Vaccine, 2014, 32, 3179-3186.	3.8	9
140	La actividad informativa en los medios digitales: ¿Sobrevivirán los periódicos impresos sin publicidad?. Estudios Sobre El Mensaje Periodistico, 2014, 20, .	0.6	7
141	Malaria Policy Advisory Committee to the WHO: conclusions and recommendations of March 2013 meeting. Malaria Journal, 2013, 12, 213.	2.3	56
142	lvermectin to reduce malaria transmission: a research agenda for a promising new tool for elimination. Malaria Journal, 2013, 12, 153.	2.3	147
143	Population characteristics of young African women influencing prenatal exposure to DDT (Manhiça,) Tj ETQq1 1	0.784314 5.3	rgBT /Overl
144	Improved Pregnancy Outcomes in Women Exposed to Malaria With High Antibody Levels Against	4.0	38

Plasmodium falciparum. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2013, 207, 1664-1674. 144

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145	Malaria Policy Advisory Committee to the WHO: conclusions and recommendations of September 2013 meeting. Malaria Journal, 2013, 12, 456.	2.3	43
146	Staphylococcal disease in Africa: another neglected â€~tropical' disease. Future Microbiology, 2013, 8, 17-26.	2.0	26
147	Development of a post-mortem procedure to reduce the uncertainty regarding causes of death in developing countries. The Lancet Global Health, 2013, 1, e125-e126.	6.3	66
148	Editorial. Vaccine, 2013, 31, B3-B4.	3.8	10
149	Global Vaccine Action Plan. Vaccine, 2013, 31, B5-B31.	3.8	101
150	Public health challenges and prospects for malaria control and elimination. Nature Medicine, 2013, 19, 150-155.	30.7	123
151	Haemophilus influenzae Type b Disease among Children in Rural Mozambique: Impact of Vaccine Introduction. Journal of Pediatrics, 2013, 163, S19-S24.	1.8	15
152	Burden and aetiology of diarrhoeal disease in infants and young children in developing countries (the) Tj ETQq0 0 209-222.	0 rgBT /0 13.7	verlock 10 T 2,885
153	Profile: Manhica Health Research Centre (Manhica HDSS). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2013, 42, 1309-1318.	1.9	116
154	Health Care Utilization and Attitudes Survey in Cases of Moderate-to-Severe Diarrhea among Children Ages 0–59 Months in the District of Manhiça, Southern Mozambique. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 89, 41-48.	1.4	14
155	A Community-Randomized Evaluation of the Effect of Intermittent Preventive Treatment in Infants on Antimalarial Drug Resistance in Southern Tanzania. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2013, 207, 848-859.	4.0	8
156	Severe malnutrition among children under the age of 5 years admitted to a rural district hospital in southern Mozambique. Public Health Nutrition, 2013, 16, 1565-1574.	2.2	54
157	Timeliness and completeness of vaccination and risk factors for low and late vaccine uptake in young children living in rural southern Tanzania. International Health, 2013, 5, 139-147.	2.0	57
158	Massive Plasmodium falciparum visceral sequestration: a cause of maternal death in Africa. Clinical Microbiology and Infection, 2013, 19, 1035-1041.	6.0	13
159	Health care seeking for Childhood Diarrhea in Developing Countries: Evidence from Seven Sites in Africa and Asia. American Journal of Tropical Medicine and Hygiene, 2013, 89, 3-12.	1.4	85
160	Antibiotic Usage Prior and During Hospitalization for Clinical Severe Pneumonia in Children under Five Years of Age in Rabat, Morocco. Antibiotics, 2013, 2, 450-464.	3.7	8
161	Lower Respiratory Tract Infections Associated with Rhinovirus during Infancy and Increased Risk of Wheezing during Childhood. A Cohort Study. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e69370.	2.5	20
162	High Antibody Responses against Plasmodium falciparum in Immigrants after Extended Periods of Interrupted Exposure to Malaria. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e73624.	2.5	25

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163	Breast Milk and Gut Microbiota in African Mothers and Infants from an Area of High HIV Prevalence. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e80299.	2.5	84
164	VAR2CSA Signatures of High Plasmodium falciparum Parasitemia in the Placenta. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e69753.	2.5	11
165	APPROACHING THE TARGET: THE PATH TOWARDS AN EFFECTIVE MALARIA VACCINE. Mediterranean Journal of Hematology and Infectious Diseases, 2012, 4, e2012015.	1.3	2
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