

David W Hein

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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203
papers

7,968
citations

43973

48
h-index

62479

80
g-index

206
all docs

206
docs citations

206
times ranked

5090
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	NAT2 slow acetylation, GSTM1 null genotype, and risk of bladder cancer: results from the Spanish Bladder Cancer Study and meta-analyses. <i>Lancet</i> , The, 2005, 366, 649-659.	6.3	558
2	Molecular genetics and function of NAT1 and NAT2: role in aromatic amine metabolism and carcinogenesis. <i>Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis</i> , 2002, 506-507, 65-77.	0.4	427
3	Nomenclature for N-acetyltransferases. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 1995, 5, 1-17.	5.7	369
4	Metabolic activation and deactivation of arylamine carcinogens by recombinant human NAT1 and polymorphic NAT2 acetyltransferases. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 1993, 14, 1633-1638.	1.3	320
5	Clinical Pharmacokinetics of Isoniazid. <i>Clinical Pharmacokinetics</i> , 1979, 4, 401-422.	1.6	179
6	N-acetyltransferase 2 genetic polymorphism: effects of carcinogen and haplotype on urinary bladder cancer risk. <i>Oncogene</i> , 2006, 25, 1649-1658.	2.6	168
7	Inactivation of GSK-3 β by Metallothionein Prevents Diabetes-Related Changes in Cardiac Energy Metabolism, Inflammation, Nitrosative Damage, and Remodeling. <i>Diabetes</i> , 2009, 58, 1391-1402.	0.3	152
8	A Role for Bioactivation and Covalent Binding within Epidermal Keratinocytes in Sulfonamide-Induced Cutaneous Drug Reactions. <i>Journal of Investigative Dermatology</i> , 2000, 114, 1164-1173.	0.3	142
9	Functional characterization of human N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) single nucleotide polymorphisms. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2001, 11, 207-215.	5.7	134
10	Acetylator genotype and arylamine-induced carcinogenesis. <i>Biochimica Et Biophysica Acta: Reviews on Cancer</i> , 1988, 948, 37-66.	3.3	124
11	<i>N</i> -acetyltransferase SNPs: emerging concepts serve as a paradigm for understanding complexities of personalized medicine. <i>Expert Opinion on Drug Metabolism and Toxicology</i> , 2009, 5, 353-366.	1.5	114
12	Genetic polymorphisms in heterocyclic amine metabolism and risk of colorectal adenomas. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2002, 12, 145-150.	5.7	111
13	Permanent hair dyes and bladder cancer: risk modification by cytochrome P4501A2 and N-acetyltransferases 1 and 2. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2003, 24, 483-489.	1.3	111
14	Metallothionein Suppresses Angiotensin II-Induced Nicotinamide Adenine Dinucleotide Phosphate Oxidase Activation, Nitrosative Stress, Apoptosis, and Pathological Remodeling in the Diabetic Heart. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2008, 52, 655-666.	1.2	110
15	PharmGKB summary. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2014, 24, 409-425.	0.7	106
16	Accuracy of various human NAT2 SNP genotyping panels to infer rapid, intermediate and slow acetylator phenotypes. <i>Pharmacogenomics</i> , 2012, 13, 31-41.	0.6	104
17	Update on consensus arylamine N-acetyltransferase gene nomenclature. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2000, 10, 291-292.	5.7	101
18	Metabolic activation of aromatic and heterocyclic N-hydroxyarylamines by wild-type and mutant recombinant human NAT1 and NAT2 acetyltransferases. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 1994, 68, 129-133.	1.9	99

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19	Structure/Function Evaluations of Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Human N-Acetyltransferase 2. <i>Current Drug Metabolism</i> , 2008, 9, 471-486.	0.7	96
20	Functional characterization of single-nucleotide polymorphisms and haplotypes of human N-acetyltransferase 2. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2007, 28, 1665-1671.	1.3	91
21	Polymorphisms of cytochrome P4501A2 and N -acetyltransferase genes, smoking, and risk of pancreatic cancer. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2005, 27, 103-111.	1.3	83
22	Identification of N-Acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) Transcription Start Sites and Quantitation of NAT2-Specific mRNA in Human Tissues. <i>Drug Metabolism and Disposition</i> , 2007, 35, 721-727.	1.7	83
23	Variability in drug metabolizing enzyme activity in HIV-infected patients. <i>European Journal of Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2010, 66, 475-485.	0.8	80
24	N-Acetyltransferase genetics and their role in predisposition to aromatic and heterocyclic amine-induced carcinogenesis. <i>Toxicology Letters</i> , 2000, 112-113, 349-356.	0.4	71
25	Novel Human N-Acetyltransferase 2 Alleles That Differ in Mechanism for Slow Acetylator Phenotype. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 1999, 274, 34519-34522.	1.6	66
26	NAT2 slow acetylation and GSTM1 null genotypes may increase postmenopausal breast cancer risk in long-term smoking women. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2003, 13, 399-407.	5.7	66
27	Functional characterization of nucleotide polymorphisms in the coding region of N-acetyltransferase 1. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2001, 11, 511-520.	5.7	64
28	Changes in consensus arylamine N-acetyltransferase gene nomenclature. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2008, 18, 367-368.	0.7	63
29	Dietary Selenium Reduces the Formation of Aberrant Crypts in Rats Administered 3,2- a^2 -Dimethyl-4-aminobiphenyl. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 1999, 157, 36-42.	1.3	60
30	Meat Intake, Heterocyclic Amine Exposure, and Metabolizing Enzyme Polymorphisms in Relation to Colorectal Polyp Risk. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2008, 17, 320-329.	1.1	60
31	A single nucleotide polymorphism tags variation in the arylamine N-acetyltransferase 2 phenotype in populations of European background. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2011, 21, 231-236.	0.7	60
32	Rodent models of the human acetylation polymorphism: Comparisons of recombinant acetyltransferases. <i>Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis</i> , 1997, 376, 101-106.	0.4	59
33	Comprehensive Human NAT2 Genotype Method Using Single Nucleotide Polymorphism-Specific Polymerase Chain Reaction Primers and Fluorogenic Probes. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 2001, 288, 106-108.	1.1	59
34	The T341C (Ile114Thr) polymorphism of N-acetyltransferase 2 yields slow acetylator phenotype by enhanced protein degradation. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2004, 14, 717-723.	5.7	57
35	Acetylator phenotype and genotype in patients infected with HIV: discordance between methods for phenotype determination and genotype. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2000, 10, 171-182.	5.7	56
36	Determination of Human NAT2 Acetylator Genotype by Restriction Fragment-Length Polymorphism and Allele-Specific Amplification. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 1995, 231, 413-420.	1.1	55

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37	Role of the renin-angiotensin system in hepatic ischemia reperfusion injury in rats. <i>Hepatology</i> , 2004, 40, 583-589.	3.6	55
38	Association of prostate cancer with rapid N-acetyltransferase 1 (NAT1*10) in combination with slow N-acetyltransferase 2 acetylator genotypes in a pilot case-control study. <i>Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis</i> , 2002, 40, 161-167.	0.9	54
39	N-acetyltransferase (NAT1, NAT2) and glutathione S-transferase (GSTM1, GSTT1) polymorphisms in breast cancer. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2003, 196, 179-186.	3.2	54
40	Glutathione S-transferase genotypes and stomach cancer in a population-based case-control study in Warsaw, Poland. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2001, 11, 655-661.	5.7	52
41	Bioactivation, protein haptentation, and toxicity of sulfamethoxazole and dapsone in normal human dermal fibroblasts. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2006, 215, 158-167.	1.3	52
42	Cigarette smoking, N-acetyltransferase genes and the risk of advanced colorectal adenoma. <i>Pharmacogenomics</i> , 2006, 7, 819-829.	0.6	52
43	Hair dye use and risk of bladder cancer in the New England bladder cancer study. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2011, 129, 2894-2904.	2.3	52
44	Human acetylator genotype: Relationship to colorectal cancer incidence and arylamine N-acetyltransferase expression in colon cytosol. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 1993, 67, 445-452.	1.9	51
45	Tissue distribution of N-acetyltransferase 1 and 2 catalyzing the N-acetylation of 4-aminobiphenyl and O-acetylation of N-hydroxy-4-aminobiphenyl in the congenic rapid and slow acetylator Syrian hamster. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2006, 45, 230-238.	1.3	51
46	Interaction of the cytochrome P4501A2, SULT1A1 and NAT gene polymorphisms with smoking and dietary mutagen intake in modification of the risk of pancreatic cancer. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2008, 29, 1184-1191.	1.3	51
47	Identification of a Novel Allele at the Human NAT1 Acetyltransferase Locus. <i>Biochemical and Biophysical Research Communications</i> , 1997, 233, 584-591.	1.0	50
48	Identification of the major promoter and non-coding exons of the human arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1 gene (NAT1). <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2004, 14, 397-406.	5.7	50
49	Functional Analysis of the Human N-Acetyltransferase 1 Major Promoter: Quantitation of Tissue Expression and Identification of Critical Sequence Elements. <i>Drug Metabolism and Disposition</i> , 2007, 35, 1649-1656.	1.7	49
50	Genetic variation in N-acetyltransferase 1 (NAT1) and 2 (NAT2) and risk of non-Hodgkin lymphoma. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2006, 16, 537-545.	0.7	48
51	Dehydroepiandrosterone Activation of G-protein-coupled Estrogen Receptor Rapidly Stimulates MicroRNA-21 Transcription in Human Hepatocellular Carcinoma Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2015, 290, 15799-15811.	1.6	47
52	Similarity of the discriminative stimulus effects of ketamine, cyclazocine, and dextrorphan in the pigeon. <i>Psychopharmacology</i> , 1981, 73, 286-291.	1.5	46
53	Urinary acetylated metabolites and N-acetyltransferase-2 genotype in human subjects treated with a para-phenylenediamine-containing oxidative hair dye. <i>Food and Chemical Toxicology</i> , 2004, 42, 1885-1891.	1.8	46
54	Functional properties of an alternative, tissue-specific promoter for human arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2006, 16, 515-525.	0.7	46

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55	Examination of polymorphic glutathione S-transferase (GST) genes, tobacco smoking and prostate cancer risk among Men of African Descent: A case-control study. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2009, 9, 397.	1.1	46
56	Cloning, Sequencing, and Recombinant Expression of NAT1, NAT2, and NAT3 Derived from the C3H/HeJ (Rapid) and A/HeJ (Slow) Acetylator Inbred Mouse: Functional Characterization of the Activation and Deactivation of Aromatic Amine Carcinogens. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 1997, 142, 360-366.	1.3	45
57	A Restriction Fragment Length Polymorphism Assay That Differentiates Human N-Acetyltransferase-1 (NAT1) Alleles. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 1997, 253, 219-224.	1.1	45
58	Effects of single nucleotide polymorphisms in human N-acetyltransferase 2 on metabolic activation (O-acetylation) of heterocyclic amine carcinogens. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2006, 119, 1208-1211.	2.3	45
59	Cloning, sequencing and expression of NAT1 and NAT2 encoding genes from rapid and slow acetylator inbred rats. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 1995, 5, 247-251.	5.7	43
60	Rapid Genotype Method to Distinguish Frequent and/or Functional Polymorphisms in Human N-Acetyltransferase-1. <i>Analytical Biochemistry</i> , 2002, 301, 328-332.	1.1	43
61	Structure-Function Analyses of Single Nucleotide Polymorphisms in Human N-Acetyltransferase 1. <i>Drug Metabolism Reviews</i> , 2008, 40, 169-184.	1.5	43
62	Hair dye use, genetic variation in N-acetyltransferase 1 (NAT1) and 2 (NAT2), and risk of non-Hodgkin lymphoma. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2007, 28, 1759-1764.	1.3	39
63	Acetylator Phenotype and Genotype in HIV-Infected Patients with and without Sulfonamide Hypersensitivity. <i>Journal of Clinical Pharmacology</i> , 2002, 42, 613-619.	1.0	36
64	2-amino-1-methyl-6-phenylimidazo [4,5-b] pyridine-induced DNA adducts and genotoxicity in chinese hamster ovary (CHO) cells expressing human CYP1A2 and rapid or slow acetylator N-acetyltransferase 2. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2007, 46, 553-563.	1.3	36
65	Codominant Expression of <i>N</i> -Acetylation and <i>O</i> -Acetylation Activities Catalyzed by <i>N</i> -Acetyltransferase 2 in Human Hepatocytes. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2010, 334, 540-544.	1.3	35
66	Acetyltransferases and susceptibility to chemicals. <i>Toxicology Letters</i> , 1992, 64-65, 123-130.	0.4	34
67	Manganese Superoxide Dismutase V16A Single-Nucleotide Polymorphism in the Mitochondrial Targeting Sequence Is Associated with Reduced Enzymatic Activity in Cryopreserved Human Hepatocytes. <i>DNA and Cell Biology</i> , 2009, 28, 3-7.	0.9	34
68	Identification and Characterization of Functional Rat Arylamine N-Acetyltransferase 3: Comparisons with Rat Arylamine N-Acetyltransferases 1 and 2. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2006, 319, 369-375.	1.3	33
69	Evidence for an intensity-dependent interaction of NAT2 acetylation genotype and cigarette smoking in the Spanish Bladder Cancer Study. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 36, 236-241.	0.9	33
70	Effect of acetylator genotype on 3, 2'-dimethyl-4-aminobiphenyl induced aberrant crypt foci in the colon of hamsters. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 1996, 17, 459-465.	1.3	32
71	GSTM1 Null Genotype, Red Meat Consumption and Breast Cancer Risk (The Netherlands). <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2004, 15, 295-303.	0.8	32
72	Computational and Experimental Analyses of Mammalian Arylamine N-Acetyltransferase Structure and Function. <i>Drug Metabolism and Disposition</i> , 2007, 35, 1001-1007.	1.7	32

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73	Impact of misclassification in genotype-exposure interaction studies: example of N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2), smoking, and bladder cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2004, 13, 1543-6.	1.1	32
74	Effect of nucleotide substitutions in N-acetyltransferase-1 on N-acetylation (deactivation) and O-acetylation (activation) of arylamine carcinogens: implications for cancer predisposition. <i>Cancer Detection and Prevention</i> , 2002, 26, 10-14.	2.1	31
75	2-Amino-3,8-Dimethylimidazo-[4,5-f]Quinoxaline-Induced DNA Adduct Formation and Mutagenesis in DNA Repair-Deficient Chinese Hamster Ovary Cells Expressing Human Cytochrome P4501A1 and Rapid or Slow Acetylator N-Acetyltransferase 2. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2007, 16, 1503-1509.	1.1	31
76	Commentary: Reflections on G. M. Lower and colleagues' 1979 study associating slow acetylator phenotype with urinary bladder cancer: meta-analysis, historical refinements of the hypothesis, and lessons learned. <i>International Journal of Epidemiology</i> , 2007, 36, 23-28.	0.9	31
77	Genetic and small molecule inhibition of arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1 reduces anchorage-independent growth in human breast cancer cell line MDA-MB-231. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2018, 57, 549-558.	1.3	31
78	Cloning, expression, and functional characterization of rapid and slow acetylator polymorphic N-acetyltransferase encoding genes of the Syrian hamster. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 1996, 6, 55-66.	5.7	30
79	Acetylator genotype-dependent metabolic activation of carcinogenic N-hydroxyarylamines by S-acetyl coenzyme A-dependent enzymes of inbred hamster tissue cytosols: relationship to arylamine N-acetyltransferase. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 1987, 8, 1767-1774.	1.3	28
80	The Chemical Form of Selenium Influences 3,2-Dimethyl-4-aminobiphenyl-DNA Adduct Formation in Rat Colon. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 1999, 129, 63-69.	1.3	28
81	Association of the Histamine N-Methyltransferase C314T (Thr105Ile) Polymorphism with Atopic Dermatitis in Caucasian Children. <i>Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2008, 28, 1495-1501.	1.2	28
82	Folate-dependent hydrolysis of acetyl-coenzyme A by recombinant human and rodent arylamine N-acetyltransferases. <i>Biochemistry and Biophysics Reports</i> , 2015, 3, 45-50.	0.7	28
83	No apparent association between genetic polymorphisms (~ 102 C>T) and (~ 9 T>C) in the human manganese superoxide dismutase gene and gastric cancer. <i>Journal of Surgical Research</i> , 2005, 124, 92-97.	0.8	27
84	Haplotype of N-Acetyltransferase 1 and 2 and Risk of Pancreatic Cancer. <i>Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention</i> , 2007, 16, 2379-2386.	1.1	26
85	Functional characterization of the A411T (L137F) and G364A (D122N) genetic polymorphisms in human N-acetyltransferase 2. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2007, 17, 37-45.	0.7	26
86	Effects of dietary factors and the NAT2 acetylator status on gastric cancer in Koreans. <i>International Journal of Cancer</i> , 2009, 125, 139-145.	2.3	26
87	Interaction among apoptosis-associated sequence variants and joint effects on aggressive prostate cancer. <i>BMC Medical Genomics</i> , 2012, 5, 11.	0.7	26
88	Polymorphic arylamine N-acetyltransferase encoding gene (NAT2) from homozygous rapid and slow acetylator congenic Syrian hamsters. <i>Gene</i> , 1994, 140, 247-249.	1.0	25
89	Reduced 4-aminobiphenyl-induced liver tumorigenicity but not DNA damage in arylamine N-acetyltransferase null mice. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2012, 318, 206-213.	3.2	25
90	N-Acetyltransferase (Nat) 1 and 2 Expression in Nat2 Knockout Mice. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2006, 319, 724-728.	1.3	24

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91	Differences between human slow N-acetyltransferase 2 alleles in levels of 4-aminobiphenyl-induced DNA adducts and mutations. <i>Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis</i> , 2009, 671, 13-19.	0.4	24
92	4,4'-Methylenedianiline-Induced Hepatotoxicity Is Modified by N-Acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) Acetylator Polymorphism in the Rat. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2006, 316, 289-294.	1.3	23
93	Clinical pharmacogenetics in pediatric patients. <i>Pharmacogenomics</i> , 2007, 8, 1403-1411.	0.6	23
94	Characterization of N-acetyltransferase 1 and 2 polymorphisms and haplotype analysis for inflammatory bowel disease and sporadic colorectal carcinoma. <i>BMC Medical Genetics</i> , 2007, 8, 28.	2.1	23
95	Interaction of cigarette smoking and carcinogen-metabolizing polymorphisms in the risk of colorectal polyps. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2013, 34, 779-786.	1.3	23
96	Untargeted polar metabolomics of transformed MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells expressing varying levels of human arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1. <i>Metabolomics</i> , 2016, 12, 1.	1.4	23
97	Tissue Expression and Genomic Sequences of Rat N-acetyltransferases rNat1, rNat2, rNat3, and Functional Characterization of a Novel rNat3*2 Genetic Variant. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2007, 99, 413-421.	1.4	22
98	The Impact of NAT2 Acetylator Genotype on Mutagenesis and DNA Adducts from 2-Amino-9H-pyrido[2,3-b]indole. <i>Chemical Research in Toxicology</i> , 2009, 22, 726-733.	1.7	22
99	Genetic heterogeneity among slow acetylator N-acetyltransferase 2 phenotypes in cryopreserved human hepatocytes. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2017, 91, 2655-2661.	1.9	22
100	Arylamine N-acetyltransferase acetylation polymorphisms: paradigm for pharmacogenomic-guided therapy- a focused review. <i>Expert Opinion on Drug Metabolism and Toxicology</i> , 2021, 17, 9-21.	1.5	22
101	A New Model for Toxic Risk Assessments: Construction of Homozygous Rapid and Slow Acetylator Congenic Syrian Hamster Lines. , 1991, 1, 44-52.		21
102	Syrian hamster monomorphic N-acetyltransferase (NAT 1) alleles. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 1994, 4, 82-90.	5.7	21
103	Higher Frequency of Aberrant Crypt Foci in Rapid Than Slow Acetylator Inbred Rats Administered the Colon Carcinogen 3,4-Dimethyl-4-aminobiphenyl. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 1997, 147, 56-62.	1.3	21
104	Genetic profiling of colon cancer. <i>Journal of Surgical Oncology</i> , 2002, 80, 204-213.	0.8	21
105	Knockout of human arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1 (NAT1) in MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells leads to increased reserve capacity, maximum mitochondrial capacity, and glycolytic reserve capacity. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2018, 57, 1458-1466.	1.3	21
106	Association between acetylator genotype and 2-amino-1-methyl-6-phenylimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine (PhIP) DNA adduct formation in colon and prostate of inbred Fischer 344 and Wistar Kyoto rats. <i>Cancer Letters</i> , 2000, 149, 53-60.	3.2	20
107	Simultaneous Determination of 7 N-Acetyltransferase-2 Single-Nucleotide Variations by Allele-Specific Primer Extension Assay. <i>Clinical Chemistry</i> , 2006, 52, 1033-1039.	1.5	20
108	Mouse arylamine N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) expression during embryogenesis: a potential marker for the developing neuroendocrine system. <i>Biomarkers</i> , 2008, 13, 106-118.	0.9	20

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109	Smoking, variation in N-acetyltransferase 1 (NAT1) and 2 (NAT2), and risk of non-Hodgkin lymphoma: a pooled analysis within the InterLymph consortium. <i>Cancer Causes and Control</i> , 2013, 24, 125-134.	0.8	20
110	N-Acetyltransferase 1 Knockout Elevates Acetyl Coenzyme A Levels and Reduces Anchorage-Independent Growth in Human Breast Cancer Cell Lines. <i>Journal of Oncology</i> , 2019, 2019, 1-11.	0.6	20
111	CRISPR/Cas9 knockout of human arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1 in MDA-MB-231 breast cancer cells suggests a role in cellular metabolism. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2020, 10, 9804.	1.6	20
112	Effect of rapid human N-acetyltransferase 2 haplotype on DNA damage and mutagenesis induced by 2-amino-3-methylimidazo-[4,5-f]quinoline (IQ) and 2-amino-3,8-dimethylimidazo-[4,5-f]quinoxaline (MeIQx). <i>Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis</i> , 2010, 684, 66-73.	0.4	19
113	Quantitative Tissue and Gene-Specific Differences and Developmental Changes in Nat1, Nat2, and Nat3 mRNA Expression in the Rat. <i>Drug Metabolism and Disposition</i> , 2008, 36, 2445-2451.	1.7	18
114	Functional effects of genetic polymorphisms in the N-acetyltransferase 1 coding and 3' untranslated regions. <i>Birth Defects Research Part A: Clinical and Molecular Teratology</i> , 2011, 91, 77-84.	1.6	18
115	NATb/NAT1*4 promotes greater arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1 mediated DNA adducts and mutations than NATa/NAT1*4 following exposure to 4-aminobiphenyl. <i>Molecular Carcinogenesis</i> , 2012, 51, 636-646.	1.3	18
116	Functional expression of human arylamine N-acetyltransferase NAT1*10 and NAT1*11 alleles. <i>Pharmacogenetics and Genomics</i> , 2018, 28, 238-244.	0.7	18
117	Association between manganese superoxide dismutase promoter gene polymorphism and breast cancer survival. <i>Breast Cancer Research</i> , 2006, 8, R45.	2.2	17
118	N-acetyltransferase 2 Genotype Modification of Active Cigarette Smoking on Breast Cancer Risk among Hispanic and Non-Hispanic White Women. <i>Toxicological Sciences</i> , 2009, 112, 211-220.	1.4	17
119	Functional analysis of arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1 (NAT1) NAT1*10 haplotypes in a complete NATb mRNA construct. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 2012, 33, 348-355.	1.3	16
120	Daily Rhythm in Plasma N-acetyltryptamine. <i>Journal of Biological Rhythms</i> , 2017, 32, 195-211.	1.4	16
121	High N-Acetyltransferase 1 Expression is Associated with Estrogen Receptor Expression in Breast Tumors, but is not Under Direct Regulation by Estradiol, 5 α -androstane-3 β , 17 β -Diol, or Dihydrotestosterone in Breast Cancer Cells. <i>Journal of Pharmacology and Experimental Therapeutics</i> , 2018, 365, 84-93.	1.3	16
122	Systemic Functional Expression of N-Acetyltransferase Polymorphism in the F344 Nat2 Congenic Rat. <i>Drug Metabolism and Disposition</i> , 2008, 36, 2452-2459.	1.7	15
123	Congenic rats with higher arylamine N-acetyltransferase 2 activity exhibit greater carcinogen-induced mammary tumor susceptibility independent of carcinogen metabolism. <i>BMC Cancer</i> , 2017, 17, 233.	1.1	15
124	Expression and genotype-dependent catalytic activity of N-acetyltransferase 2 (NAT2) in human peripheral blood mononuclear cells and its modulation by Sirtuin 1. <i>Biochemical Pharmacology</i> , 2018, 156, 340-347.	2.0	15
125	Inheritance of acetylator genotype-dependent arylamine N-acetyltransferase in hamster bladder cytosol. <i>Carcinogenesis</i> , 1987, 8, 647-652.	1.3	14
126	Effect of N-Acetyltransferase 2 Polymorphism on Tumor Target Tissue DNA Adduct Levels in Rapid and Slow Acetylator Congenic Rats Administered 2-Amino-1-methyl-6-phenylimidazo[4,5-b]pyridine or 2-Amino-3,8-dimethylimidazo-[4,5-f]quinoxaline. <i>Drug Metabolism and Disposition</i> , 2009, 37, 2123-2126.	1.7	14

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127	Using gene-environment interaction analyses to clarify the role of well-done meat and heterocyclic amine exposure in the etiology of colorectal polyps. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2012, 96, 1119-1128.	2.2	14
128	Arylamine N -acetyltransferase 2 genotype-dependent N -acetylation of isoniazid in cryopreserved human hepatocytes. <i>Acta Pharmaceutica Sinica B</i> , 2017, 7, 517-522.	5.7	14
129	Identification and characterization of potent, selective, and efficacious inhibitors of human arylamine N-acetyltransferase 1. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 2022, 96, 511-524.	1.9	14
130	Genetic polymorphism and cancer susceptibility: Evidence concerning acetyltransferases and cancer of the urinary bladder. <i>BioEssays</i> , 1988, 9, 200-204.	1.2	13
131	Acetylator genotype-dependent N-acetylation of arylamines in vivo and in vitro by hepatic and extrahepatic organ cytosols of Syrian hamsters congenic at the polymorphic acetyltransferase locus. <i>Archives of Toxicology</i> , 1992, 66, 112-117.	1.9	13
132	2-aminofluorene-DNA adduct levels in tumor-target and nontargetorgans of rapid and slow acetylator syrian hamsters congenic at the NAT2 locus. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 1996, 141, 248-255.	1.3	13
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