

Jerilynn C Prior

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

173
papers

7,816
citations

48
h-index

84
g-index

185
ext. papers

8,697
ext. citations

5.1
avg. IF

5.86
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
173	Prevalence of ocular anomalies is increased in women with polycystic ovary syndrome-exploration of association with PAX6 genotype.. <i>Ophthalmic Genetics</i> , 2022 , 1-4	1.2	
172	Assessing the role of adolescent hormonal contraceptive use on risk for depression: a 3-year longitudinal study protocol.. <i>BMC Women's Health</i> , 2022 , 22, 48	2.9	
171	Prospective analyses of sex/gender-related publication decisions in general medical journals: editorial rejection of population-based women's reproductive physiology.. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2022 , 12, e057854 ³		0
170	Osteoporotic vertebral fracture (OVF): diagnosis requires an informed observer.. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2022 , 1	5.3	0
169	The association between cognitive decline and bone loss and fracture risk is not affected by medication with anticholinergic effect.. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2022 ,	6.3	
168	A one-year observational cohort study of menstrual cramps and ovulation in healthy, normally ovulating women.. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022 , 12, 4738	4.9	0
167	The diagnosis of osteoporotic vertebral fractures redux. <i>Clinical Radiology</i> , 2021 ,	2.9	
166	Does Interest in Sex Peak at Mid-Cycle in Ovulatory Menstrual Cycles of Healthy, Community Dwelling Women? An 11-Month Prospective Observational Study. <i>Women's Reproductive Health</i> , 2021 , 8, 79-91	1	0
165	Cognitive decline is associated with an accelerated rate of bone loss and increased fracture risk in women: a prospective study from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2021 , 36, 2106-2115	6.3	4
164	Vertebral Fractures: Which Radiological Criteria Are Better Associated With the Clinical Course of Osteoporosis?. <i>Canadian Association of Radiologists Journal</i> , 2021 , 72, 150-158	3.9	5
163	Simulated effects of early menopausal bone mineral density preservation on long-term fracture risk: a feasibility study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2021 , 32, 1313-1320	5.3	2
162	British Columbia CARMA-CHIWOS Collaboration (BCC3): protocol for a community-collaborative cohort study examining healthy ageing with and for women living with HIV. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021 , 11, e046558 ³		0
161	Menopausal hormone therapy for women living with HIV. <i>Lancet HIV</i> , 2021 , 8, e591-e598	7.8	0
160	"The pill" suppresses adolescent bone growth, no matter the estrogen dose.. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2021 , 193, E1922	3.5	
159	The central role of ovulatory disturbances in the etiology of androgenic polycystic ovary syndrome (PCOS) Evidence for treatment with cyclic progesterone. <i>Drug Discovery Today: Disease Models</i> , 2020 , 32, 71-82	1.3	3
158	Paradigm shift in pathophysiology of vasomotor symptoms: Effects of estradiol withdrawal and progesterone therapy. <i>Drug Discovery Today: Disease Models</i> , 2020 , 32, 59-69	1.3	0
157	Women's reproductive system as balanced estradiol and progesterone actions A revolutionary, paradigm-shifting concept in women's health. <i>Drug Discovery Today: Disease Models</i> , 2020 , 32, 31-40	1.3	8

156	A Risk Assessment Tool for Predicting Fragility Fractures and Mortality in the Elderly. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2020 , 35, 1923-1934	6.3	6
155	Effects of progesterone therapy on serum sclerostin levels in healthy menopausal women: a 3-month randomized, placebo-controlled clinical trial. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2020 , 31, 2243-2250	5.3	
154	MON-LB9 Cyclic Progesterone Therapy in Androgenic Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS) - Person-Related 6-Month Experience Changes. <i>Journal of the Endocrine Society</i> , 2020 , 4,	0.4	78
153	Deficits in bone strength, density and microarchitecture in women living with HIV: A cross-sectional HR-pQCT study. <i>Bone</i> , 2020 , 138, 115509	4.7	5
152	Testing a theoretical model of imminent fracture risk in elderly women: an observational cohort analysis of the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2020 , 31, 1145-1153	5.3	1
151	Combining Frailty and Trabecular Bone Score Did Not Improve Predictive Accuracy in Risk of Major Osteoporotic Fractures. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2020 , 35, 1058-1064	6.3	1
150	Prolonged Amenorrhea and Low Hip Bone Mineral Density in Women Living With HIV-A Controlled Cross-sectional Study. <i>Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999)</i> , 2020 , 83, 486-495	3.1	2
149	MON-LB010 Cyclic Progesterone Therapy for Androgenic Polycystic Ovary Syndrome (PCOS) - A Systematic Review of the Literature. <i>Journal of the Endocrine Society</i> , 2020 , 4,	0.4	1
148	Exercise and the Hypothalamus: Ovulatory Adaptations. <i>Contemporary Endocrinology</i> , 2020 , 123-151	0.3	0
147	Vertebral Fractures in Individuals With Type 2 Diabetes: More Than Skeletal Complications Alone. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2020 , 43, 137-144	14.6	34
146	Postpartum Lactational Amenorrhea and Recovery of Reproductive Function and Normal Ovulatory Menstruation 2020 , 207-214		
145	Differences in fracture prevalence and in bone mineral density between Chinese and White Canadians: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Archives of Osteoporosis</i> , 2020 , 15, 147	2.9	4
144	Frailty and Risk of Fractures in Patients With Type 2 Diabetes. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2019 , 42, 507-513	14.6	29
143	Response to Letter to the Editor: "Progesterone Is Important for Transgender Women's Therapy-Appling Evidence for the Benefits of Progesterone in Ciswomen". <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 104, 3129-3130	5.6	1
142	Longitudinal assessment of health-related quality of life in osteoporosis: data from the population-based Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2019 , 30, 1635-1644	5.3	6
141	Predictors of imminent non-vertebral fracture in elderly women with osteoporosis, low bone mass, or a history of fracture, based on data from the population-based Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Archives of Osteoporosis</i> , 2019 , 14, 53	2.9	18
140	Parity and lactation are not associated with incident fragility fractures or radiographic vertebral fractures over 16 years of follow-up: Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Archives of Osteoporosis</i> , 2019 , 14, 49	2.9	15
139	Incident Fragility Fractures Have a Long-Term Negative Impact on Health-Related Quality of Life of Older People: The Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019 , 34, 838-848	6.3	13

138	Reduced Bone Loss Is Associated With Reduced Mortality Risk in Subjects Exposed to Nitrogen Bisphosphonates: A Mediation Analysis. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019 , 34, 2001-2011	6.3	13
137	Adolescent combined hormonal contraceptives and surgical repair of anterior cruciate tears: a risky recommendation based on an unproven causal relationship. <i>Physician and Sportsmedicine</i> , 2019 , 47, 240-241	2.4	1
136	Progesterone Is Important for Transgender Women's Therapy-Applying Evidence for the Benefits of Progesterone in Ciswomen. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2019 , 104, 1181-1186	5.6	25
135	Adolescent use of combined hormonal contraception and peak bone mineral density accrual: A meta-analysis of international prospective controlled studies. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2019 , 90, 517-524	3.4	26
134	Mortality risk reduction differs according to bisphosphonate class: a 15-year observational study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2019 , 30, 817-828	5.3	17
133	The Radiology of Osteoporotic Vertebral Fractures Revisited. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2019 , 34, 409-418	6.3	41
132	Comparative Analysis of the Radiology of Osteoporotic Vertebral Fractures in Women and Men: Cross-Sectional and Longitudinal Observations from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2018 , 33, 569-579	6.3	57
131	Does Molimina Indicate Ovulation? Prospective Data in a Hormonally Documented Single-Cycle in Spontaneously Menstruating Women. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018 , 15,	4.6	3
130	Premature Spinal Bone Loss in Women Living with HIV is Associated with Shorter Leukocyte Telomere Length. <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018 , 15,	4.6	4
129	Adult Premenopausal Bone Health Related to Reproductive Characteristics-Population-Based Data from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaM). <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018 , 15,	4.6	9
128	Vertebral Fractures and Morphometric Deformities. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2018 , 33, 1544-1548	6.3	58
127	Combined hormonal contraceptives use and bone mineral density changes in adolescent and young women in a prospective population-based Canada-wide observational study. <i>Journal of Musculoskeletal Neuronal Interactions</i> , 2018 , 18, 227-236	1.3	9
126	Women's Mid-Life Night Sweats and 2-Year Bone Mineral Density Changes: A Prospective, Observational Population-Based Investigation from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health</i> , 2018 , 15,	4.6	2
125	Progesterone for the prevention and treatment of osteoporosis in women. <i>Climacteric</i> , 2018 , 21, 366-374	4.1	28
124	Progesterone for treatment of symptomatic menopausal women. <i>Climacteric</i> , 2018 , 21, 358-365	3.1	19
123	Patterns and predictors of sitting time over ten years in a large population-based Canadian sample: Findings from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Preventive Medicine Reports</i> , 2017 , 5, 289-294	2.6	8
122	Population-Wide Impact of Non-Hip Non-Vertebral Fractures on Mortality. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2017 , 32, 1802-1810	6.3	31
121	Competing Factors Link to Bone Health in Polycystic Ovary Syndrome: Chronic Low-Grade Inflammation Takes a Toll. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017 , 7, 3432	4.9	20

120	Estrogen-progestin therapy causes a greater increase in spinal bone mineral density than estrogen therapy - a systematic review and meta-analysis of controlled trials with direct randomization. <i>Journal of Musculoskeletal Neuronal Interactions</i> , 2017 , 17, 146-154	1.3	21
119	Retraction Notice to "Kidney Function and Rate of Bone Loss at the Hip and Spine: The Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study" [Am J Kidney Dis. 55(2):291-299]. <i>American Journal of Kidney Diseases</i> , 2016 , 68, 333	7.4	
118	Trabecular Bone Score and Incident Fragility Fracture Risk in Adults with Reduced Kidney Function. <i>Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN</i> , 2016 , 11, 2032-2040	6.9	45
117	Apply the Precautionary Principle Concerning Combined Hormonal Contraception Use in Adolescents. <i>Women's Reproductive Health</i> , 2016 , 3, 113-116	1	5
116	Dietary patterns in men and women are simultaneously determinants of altered glucose metabolism and bone metabolism. <i>Nutrition Research</i> , 2016 , 36, 328-336	4	16
115	Differential Item Functioning in the SF-36 Physical Functioning and Mental Health Sub-Scales: A Population-Based Investigation in the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2016 , 11, e0151519	3.7	12
114	Endocrine abnormalities in HIV-infected women are associated with peak viral load - the Children and Women: AntiRetrovirals and Markers of Aging (CARMA) Cohort. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2016 , 84, 452-62	3.4	5
113	Premenopausal Trabecular Bone Loss is Associated with a Family History of Fragility Fracture. <i>Geburtshilfe Und Frauenheilkunde</i> , 2016 , 76, 895-901	2	6
112	Adolescents Use of Combined Hormonal Contraceptives for Menstrual Cycle Related Problem Treatment and Contraception: Evidence of Potential Lifelong Negative Reproductive and Bone Effects. <i>Women's Reproductive Health</i> , 2016 , 3, 73-92	1	6
111	Ten-year incident osteoporosis-related fractures in the population-based Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study - comparing site and age-specific risks in women and men. <i>Bone</i> , 2015 , 71, 237-43	4.7	48
110	Associations of Protein Intake and Protein Source with Bone Mineral Density and Fracture Risk: A Population-Based Cohort Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition, Health and Aging</i> , 2015 , 19, 861-8	5.2	44
109	Characteristics of hyperparathyroid states in the Canadian multicentre osteoporosis study (CaMos) and relationship to skeletal markers. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2015 , 82, 359-68	3.4	31
108	Perimenopause and menopause as oestrogen deficiency while ignoring progesterone. <i>Nature Reviews Disease Primers</i> , 2015 , 1,	51.1	2
107	Progesterone or progestin as menopausal ovarian hormone therapy: recent physiology-based clinical evidence. <i>Current Opinion in Endocrinology, Diabetes and Obesity</i> , 2015 , 22, 495-501	4	10
106	Ovulation Prevalence in Women with Spontaneous Normal-Length Menstrual Cycles - A Population-Based Cohort from HUNT3, Norway. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015 , 10, e0134473	3.7	41
105	Glucocorticoids predict 10-year fragility fracture risk in a population-based ambulatory cohort of men and women: Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Archives of Osteoporosis</i> , 2014 , 9, 169	2.9	21
104	Antidepressant use and 10-year incident fracture risk: the population-based Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMoS). <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2014 , 25, 1473-81	5.3	62
103	Negative spinal bone mineral density changes and subclinical ovulatory disturbances--prospective data in healthy premenopausal women with regular menstrual cycles. <i>Epidemiologic Reviews</i> , 2014 , 36, 137-47	4.1	40

102	Prospectively measured 10-year changes in health-related quality of life and comparison with cross-sectional estimates in a population-based cohort of adult women and men. <i>Quality of Life Research</i> , 2014 , 23, 2707-21	3.7	9
101	A meta-analysis of the association of fracture risk and body mass index in women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2014 , 29, 223-33	6.3	291
100	Progesterone Within Ovulatory Menstrual Cycles Needed for Cardiovascular Protection: An Evidence-Based Hypothesis. <i>Journal of Restorative Medicine</i> , 2014 , 3, 85-103	2.3	9
99	Progesterone therapy, endothelial function and cardiovascular risk factors: a 3-month randomized, placebo-controlled trial in healthy early postmenopausal women. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014 , 9, e84698	3.7	27
98	Effect of Anticholinergic Medications on Falls, Fracture Risk, and Bone Mineral Density Over a 10-Year Period. <i>Annals of Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2014 , 48, 954-961	2.9	22
97	Progesterone therapy increases free thyroxine levels--data from a randomized placebo-controlled 12-week hot flush trial. <i>Clinical Endocrinology</i> , 2013 , 79, 282-7	3.4	17
96	Meta-analysis of genome-wide studies identifies WNT16 and ESR1 SNPs associated with bone mineral density in premenopausal women. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2013 , 28, 547-58	6.3	74
95	Calcium and vitamin D intake and mortality: results from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2013 , 98, 3010-8	5.6	40
94	Exercise and the Hypothalamus. <i>Ovulatory Adaptations</i> 2013 , 133-166		1
93	Fracture risk prediction: importance of age, BMD and spine fracture status. <i>BoneKEY Reports</i> , 2013 , 2, 404		24
92	Longitudinal changes in calcium and vitamin D intakes and relationship to bone mineral density in a prospective population-based study: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Journal of Musculoskeletal Neuronal Interactions</i> , 2013 , 13, 470-9	1.3	18
91	Predicting fracture using 2D finite element modelling. <i>Medical Engineering and Physics</i> , 2012 , 34, 478-84	2.4	19
90	Progesterone for hot flush and night sweat treatment--effectiveness for severe vasomotor symptoms and lack of withdrawal rebound. <i>Gynecological Endocrinology</i> , 2012 , 28 Suppl 2, 7-11	2.4	27
89	Physical activity, body mass index and bone mineral density--associations in a prospective population-based cohort of women and men: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Bone</i> , 2012 , 50, 401-8	4.7	87
88	The relationship between proton pump inhibitor use and longitudinal change in bone mineral density: a population-based study [corrected] from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>American Journal of Gastroenterology</i> , 2012 , 107, 1361-9	0.7	86
87	Temporal trends and determinants of longitudinal change in 25-hydroxyvitamin D and parathyroid hormone levels. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2012 , 27, 1381-9	6.3	59
86	Oral micronized progesterone for vasomotor symptoms--a placebo-controlled randomized trial in healthy postmenopausal women. <i>Menopause</i> , 2012 , 19, 886-93	2.5	60
85	Hot flushes and night sweats differ in associations with cardiovascular markers in healthy early postmenopausal women. <i>Menopause</i> , 2012 , 19, 1208-14	2.5	22

84	The endocrinology of perimenopause: need for a paradigm shift. <i>Frontiers in Bioscience - Scholar</i> , 2011 , 3, 474-86	2.4	30
83	Construction and validation of a simplified fracture risk assessment tool for Canadian women and men: results from the CaMos and Manitoba cohorts. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2011 , 22, 1873-83	5.3	87
82	Dietary patterns and incident low-trauma fractures in postmenopausal women and men aged ≥ 50 y: a population-based cohort study. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2011 , 93, 192-9	7	81
81	Independent external validation of nomograms for predicting risk of low-trauma fracture and hip fracture. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2011 , 183, E107-14	3.5	44
80	Fluid Retention over the Menstrual Cycle: 1-Year Data from the Prospective Ovulation Cohort. <i>Obstetrics and Gynecology International</i> , 2011 , 2011, 138451	2	30
79	Progesterone for Symptomatic Perimenopause Treatment - Progesterone politics, physiology and potential for perimenopause. <i>Facts, Views & Vision in ObGyn</i> , 2011 , 3, 109-20	1.4	4
78	Bone changes and fracture related to menstrual cycles and ovulation. <i>Critical Reviews in Eukaryotic Gene Expression</i> , 2010 , 20, 213-33	1.3	16
77	Community Pharmacists' Therapeutic Recommendations for Heavy Flow, Androgen Excess, Fragility Fractures and Night Sweats in Menstruating Women. <i>Canadian Pharmacists Journal</i> , 2010 , 143, 88-95.e2	1.3	1
76	Progesterone and bone: actions promoting bone health in women. <i>Journal of Osteoporosis</i> , 2010 , 2010, 845180	2.8	57
75	Evaluation of methods and costs associated with recruiting healthy women volunteers to a study of ovulation. <i>Journal of Women's Health</i> , 2010 , 19, 1519-24	3	13
74	A prospective exploration of cognitive dietary restraint, subclinical ovulatory disturbances, cortisol, and change in bone density over two years in healthy young women. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2010 , 95, 3291-9	5.6	31
73	Direct-to-participant feedback and awareness of bone mineral density testing results in a population-based sample of mid-aged Canadians. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2010 , 21, 307-19	5.3	11
72	Kidney function and rate of bone loss at the hip and spine: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>American Journal of Kidney Diseases</i> , 2010 , 55, 291-9	7.4	45
71	Dietary patterns in Canadian men and women ages 25 and older: relationship to demographics, body mass index, and bone mineral density. <i>BMC Musculoskeletal Disorders</i> , 2010 , 11, 20	2.8	61
70	Cardiovascular and metabolic effects of medroxyprogesterone acetate versus conjugated equine estrogen after premenopausal hysterectomy with bilateral ovariectomy. <i>Pharmacotherapy</i> , 2010 , 30, 442-52	5.8	9
69	Peak bone mass from longitudinal data: implications for the prevalence, pathophysiology, and diagnosis of osteoporosis. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2010 , 25, 1948-57	6.3	171
68	Health-related quality of life in Canadian adolescents and young adults: normative data using the SF-36. <i>Canadian Journal of Public Health</i> , 2009 , 100, 449-52	3.2	26
67	The impact of incident fractures on health-related quality of life: 5 years of data from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2009 , 20, 703-14	5.3	123

66	Association between change in BMD and fragility fracture in women and men. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2009 , 24, 361-70	6.3	67
65	Vertebral fracture status and the World Health Organization risk factors for predicting osteoporotic fracture risk. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2009 , 24, 495-502	6.3	56
64	Detecting evidence of luteal activity by least-squares quantitative basal temperature analysis against urinary progesterone metabolites and the effect of wake-time variability. <i>European Journal of Obstetrics, Gynecology and Reproductive Biology</i> , 2009 , 146, 76-80	2.4	18
63	Parity and subfertility effects of continuous oral contraceptive on fertility are important. <i>Fertility and Sterility</i> , 2009 , 92, e47	4.8	3
62	Relation between fractures and mortality: results from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2009 , 181, 265-71	3.5	278
61	Ovulation disturbances and mood across the menstrual cycles of healthy women. <i>Journal of Psychosomatic Obstetrics and Gynaecology</i> , 2009 , 30, 207-14	3.6	15
60	Age at menarche in the Canadian population: secular trends and relationship to adulthood BMI. <i>Journal of Adolescent Health</i> , 2008 , 43, 548-54	5.8	86
59	Dual-Energy X-Ray Absorptiometry Technical issues: the 2007 ISCD Official Positions. <i>Journal of Clinical Densitometry</i> , 2008 , 11, 109-22	3.5	37
58	The Ageing Female Reproductive Axis II: Ovulatory Changes with Perimenopause. <i>Novartis Foundation Symposium</i> , 2008 , 172-192		9
57	The osteoporosis care gap in men with fragility fractures: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2008 , 19, 581-7	5.3	110
56	The association between body mass index and health-related quality of life: data from CaMos, a stratified population study. <i>Quality of Life Research</i> , 2007 , 16, 1595-603	3.7	65
55	Effect of selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors on the risk of fracture. <i>Archives of Internal Medicine</i> , 2007 , 167, 188-94		276
54	Medroxyprogesterone and conjugated oestrogen are equivalent for hot flushes: a 1-year randomized double-blind trial following premenopausal ovariectomy. <i>Clinical Science</i> , 2007 , 112, 517-25	6.5	58
53	FSH and bone--important physiology or not?. <i>Trends in Molecular Medicine</i> , 2007 , 13, 1-3	11.5	28
52	Changes to osteoporosis prevalence according to method of risk assessment. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2007 , 22, 228-34	6.3	31
51	Ovarian aging and the perimenopausal transition: the paradox of endogenous ovarian hyperstimulation. <i>Endocrine</i> , 2005 , 26, 297-300		61
50	Risk factors associated with incident clinical vertebral and nonvertebral fractures in postmenopausal women: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2005 , 16, 568-78	5.3	57
49	Evidence about extending the duration of oral contraceptive use to suppress menstruation. <i>Women's Health Issues</i> , 2004 , 14, 201-11	2.6	25

48	Decreased maximal aerobic capacity with use of a triphasic oral contraceptive in highly active women: a randomised controlled trial. <i>British Journal of Sports Medicine</i> , 2003 , 37, 315-20	10.3	59
47	Associations among disease conditions, bone mineral density, and prevalent vertebral deformities in men and women 50 years of age and older: cross-sectional results from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2003 , 18, 784-90	6.3	118
46	The association between osteoporotic fractures and health-related quality of life as measured by the Health Utilities Index in the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2003 , 14, 895-904	5.3	116
45	Cyclicity of breast tenderness and night-time vasomotor symptoms in mid-life women: information collected using the Daily Perimenopause Diary. <i>Climacteric</i> , 2003 , 6, 128-139	3.1	18
44	Cyclicity of breast tenderness and night-time vasomotor symptoms in mid-life women: information collected using the Daily Perimenopause Diary. <i>Climacteric</i> , 2003 , 6, 128-39	3.1	6
43	Effect of soy phytoestrogens on hot flashes in postmenopausal women with breast cancer: a randomized, controlled clinical trial. <i>Journal of Clinical Oncology</i> , 2002 , 20, 1449-55	2.2	194
42	The ageing female reproductive axis II: ovulatory changes with perimenopause. <i>Novartis Foundation Symposium</i> , 2002 , 242, 172-86; discussion 186-92		3
41	Cognitive dietary restraint is associated with higher urinary cortisol excretion in healthy premenopausal women. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2001 , 73, 7-12	7	81
40	The influence of osteoporotic fractures on health-related quality of life in community-dwelling men and women across Canada. <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2001 , 12, 903-8	5.3	205
39	Eating attitudes and habitual calcium intake in peripubertal girls are associated with initial bone mineral content and its change over 2 years. <i>Journal of Bone and Mineral Research</i> , 2001 , 16, 940-7	6.3	32
38	Results of a 10 week community based strength and balance training programme to reduce fall risk factors: a randomised controlled trial in 65-75 year old women with osteoporosis. <i>British Journal of Sports Medicine</i> , 2001 , 35, 348-51	10.3	71
37	Dietary restraint, exercise, and bone density in young women: are they related?. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 2001 , 33, 1292-6	1.2	43
36	Oral contraceptive use and bone mineral density in premenopausal women: cross-sectional, population-based data from the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2001 , 165, 1023-9	3.5	27
35	Estimation of the prevalence of low bone density in Canadian women and men using a population-specific DXA reference standard: the Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos). <i>Osteoporosis International</i> , 2000 , 11, 897-904	5.3	229
34	Preserved forearm endothelial responses with acute exposure to progesterone: A randomized cross-over trial of 17-beta estradiol, progesterone, and 17-beta estradiol with progesterone in healthy menopausal women. <i>Journal of Clinical Endocrinology and Metabolism</i> , 2000 , 85, 4644-9	5.6	29
33	Augmented trochanteric bone mineral density after modified physical education classes: a randomized school-based exercise intervention study in prepubescent and early pubescent children. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2000 , 136, 156-62	3.6	255
32	Research Notes: The Canadian Multicentre Osteoporosis Study (CaMos): Background, Rationale, Methods*. <i>Canadian Journal on Aging</i> , 1999 , 18, 376-387	1.6	169
31	Running and ovulation positively change cancellous bone in premenopausal women. <i>Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise</i> , 1999 , 31, 780-7	1.2	18

30	Spinal bone mineral density in premenopausal vegetarian and nonvegetarian women: cross-sectional and prospective comparisons. <i>Journal of the American Dietetic Association</i> , 1998 , 98, 760-5		46
29	Perimenopause: the complex endocrinology of the menopausal transition. <i>Endocrine Reviews</i> , 1998 , 19, 397-428	27.2	231
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