

AndrÃ© Q C Miguel

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

28
papers

288
citations

933447

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940533

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29
all docs

29
docs citations

29
times ranked

436
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Contingency management is effective in promoting abstinence and retention in treatment among crack cocaine users in Brazil: A randomized controlled trial.. <i>Psychology of Addictive Behaviors</i> , 2016, 30, 536-543.	2.1	38
2	Suicidal behavior among substance users: data from the Second Brazilian National Alcohol and Drug Survey (II BNADS). <i>Revista Brasileira De Psiquiatria</i> , 2019, 41, 437-440.	1.7	30
3	Clinical validation of reduction in cocaine frequency level as an endpoint in clinical trials for cocaine use disorder. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2019, 205, 107648.	3.2	27
4	Cannabidiol for the treatment of crack-cocaine craving: an exploratory double-blind study. <i>Revista Brasileira De Psiquiatria</i> , 2021, 43, 467-476.	1.7	26
5	Association between drug use and urban violence: Data from the II Brazilian National Alcohol and Drugs Survey (BNADS). <i>Addictive Behaviors Reports</i> , 2018, 7, 8-13.	1.9	25
6	Contingency management targeting abstinence is effective in reducing depressive and anxiety symptoms among crack cocaine-dependent individuals.. <i>Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2017, 25, 466-472.	1.8	22
7	Sociodemographic Characteristics, Patterns of Crack Use, Concomitant Substance Use Disorders, and Psychiatric Symptomatology in Treatment-Seeking Crack-Dependent Individuals in Brazil. <i>Journal of Psychoactive Drugs</i> , 2018, 50, 367-372.	1.7	15
8	Short and long-term improvements in psychiatric symptomatology to validate clinically meaningful treatment outcomes for cocaine use disorders. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2019, 198, 126-132.	3.2	14
9	Frontal-subcortical behaviors during Alzheimer's disease in individuals with Down syndrome. <i>Neurobiology of Aging</i> , 2019, 78, 186-194.	3.1	12
10	Crack cocaine users views regarding treatment with contingency management in Brazil. <i>Substance Abuse Treatment, Prevention, and Policy</i> , 2018, 13, 7.	2.2	11
11	Sociodemographic and clinical outcome differences among individuals seeking treatment for cocaine use disorders. The intersection of gender and race. <i>Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment</i> , 2019, 106, 65-72.	2.8	11
12	HIV and syphilis infections and associated factors among patients in treatment at a Specialist Alcohol, Tobacco, and Drugs Center in São Paulo—Cracolândia. <i>Trends in Psychiatry and Psychotherapy</i> , 2020, 42, 1-6.	0.8	10
13	Effectiveness of incorporating contingency management into a public treatment program for people who use crack cocaine in Brazil. A single-blind randomized controlled trial. <i>International Journal of Drug Policy</i> , 2022, 99, 103464.	3.3	8
14	Predictors of cannabis and tobacco co-use in youth: exploring the mediating role of age at first use in the population assessment of tobacco health (PATH) study. <i>Journal of Cannabis Research</i> , 2021, 3, 16.	3.2	6
15	Change in employment status and cocaine use treatment outcomes: A secondary analysis across six clinical trials. <i>Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment</i> , 2019, 106, 89-96.	2.8	5
16	From Theory to Treatment: Understanding Addiction from an Operant Behavioral Perspective. <i>Journal of Modern Education Review</i> , 2015, 5, 778-787.	0.0	5
17	Contingency management is effective in promoting abstinence and retention in treatment among crack cocaine users with a previous history of poor treatment response: a crossover trial. <i>Psicologia: Reflexao E Critica</i> , 2019, 32, 14.	0.9	4
18	Long-term functioning to provide empirical support for the clinical relevance of treatment outcomes for methamphetamine use disorders. <i>Journal of Substance Abuse Treatment</i> , 2021, 124, 108291.	2.8	4

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Crossover associations of alcohol and smoking, craving and biochemically verified alcohol and nicotine use in heavy drinking smokers. <i>Behavioural Pharmacology</i> , 2020, 31, 702-705.	1.7	3
20	Acceptability and feasibility of incorporating contingency management into a public treatment program for homeless crack cocaine users in Brazil: A pilot study.. <i>Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2022, 30, 507-513.	1.8	3
21	Development of Automated Reinforcement Management System (ARMS): Protocol for a Phase I Feasibility and Usability Study. <i>JMIR Formative Research</i> , 2021, 5, e25796.	1.4	3
22	Validating the clinical relevance of alternative stimulant use treatment outcome measures by examining their association with 3-month follow-up outcomes.. <i>Experimental and Clinical Psychopharmacology</i> , 2021, 29, 288-293.	1.8	2
23	Youth Risk Profiles and their Prediction of Distal Cannabis and Tobacco co-use in the Population Assessment of Tobacco Health (PATH). <i>Substance Abuse</i> , 2022, 43, 733-741.	2.3	2
24	Cannabis Consumption Onset and Addiction: Data from the Second Brazilian Drugs and Alcohol Survey (BNADS). <i>Journal of Psychoactive Drugs</i> , 2021, , 1-9.	1.7	1
25	Automated Reinforcement Management System (ARMS): focused phase I provider feedback. <i>Addiction Science & Clinical Practice</i> , 2022, 17, 20.	2.6	1
26	Contingency Management as Intervention for Substance Abuse. , 2021, , 275-287.		0
27	Contingency Management for the Treatment of Substance Use Disorders. , 2021, , 77-88.		0
28	Sociodemographic and clinical profile of crack cocaine treatment-seeking individuals living in "Crackland", Brazil. <i>Jornal Brasileiro De Psiquiatria</i> , 2022, 71, 50-55.	0.7	0