Marina M Reeves

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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97 papers 4,352 citations

36 h-index 62 g-index

98 all docs 98 docs citations

98 times ranked 6204 citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Sit–Stand Workstations. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 43, 298-303.	3.0	318
2	Telephone-Delivered Interventions for Physical Activity and Dietary Behavior Change. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2012, 42, 81-88.	3.0	225
3	Health behaviors of cancer survivors: data from an Australian population-based survey. Cancer Causes and Control, 2007, 18, 881-894.	1.8	164
4	Physical activity and cancer prevention: a systematic review of clinical trials. Cancer Causes and Control, 2011, 22, 811-826.	1.8	146
5	Telephone, print, and Web-based interventions for physical activity, diet, and weight control among cancer survivors: a systematic review. Journal of Cancer Survivorship, 2015, 9, 660-682.	2.9	143
6	Weight loss intervention trials in women with breast cancer: a systematic review. Obesity Reviews, 2014, 15, 749-768.	6.5	131
7	Physical activity and/or dietary interventions in breast cancer survivors: a systematic review of the maintenance of outcomes. Journal of Cancer Survivorship, 2013, 7, 74-82.	2.9	123
8	Telephone Counseling for Physical Activity and Diet in Primary Care Patients. American Journal of Preventive Medicine, 2009, 36, 142-149.	3.0	119
9	Gender differences in prevalence of the metabolic syndrome in Gulf Cooperation Council Countries: a systematic review. Diabetic Medicine, 2010, 27, 593-597.	2.3	115
10	Evidence of physical activity participation among men and women in the countries of the Gulf Cooperation Council: a review. Obesity Reviews, 2010, 11, 457-464.	6.5	104
11	A randomized controlled trial of a wearable technologyâ€based intervention for increasing moderate to vigorous physical activity and reducing sedentary behavior in breast cancer survivors: The ACTIVATE Trial. Cancer, 2019, 125, 2846-2855.	4.1	104
12	Effect of intensive dietetic interventions on weight and glycaemic control in overweight men with Type II diabetes: a randomised trial. International Journal of Obesity, 2003, 27, 797-802.	3.4	100
13	Accelerometer-Derived Sedentary and Physical Activity Time in Overweight/Obese Adults with Type 2 Diabetes: Cross-Sectional Associations with Cardiometabolic Biomarkers. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0119140.	2.5	94
14	Recruitment and retention of Latinos in a primary care-based physical activity and diet trial: The Resources for Health study. Health Education Research, 2006, 22, 361-371.	1.9	85
15	A qualitative evaluation of breast cancer survivors' acceptance of and preferences for consumer wearable technology activity trackers. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2017, 25, 3375-3384.	2.2	84
16	Reducing the time period of steady state does not affect the accuracy of energy expenditure measurements by indirect calorimetry. Journal of Applied Physiology, 2004, 97, 130-134.	2.5	81
17	Health Status of Long-term Cancer Survivors: Results from an Australian Population-Based Sample. Cancer Epidemiology Biomarkers and Prevention, 2006, 15, 1969-1976.	2.5	77
18	Predicting Energy Requirements in the Clinical Setting: Are Current Methods Evidence Based?. Nutrition Reviews, 2003, 61, 143-151.	5.8	76

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19	Efficacy of a Text Message-Delivered Extended Contact Intervention on Maintenance of Weight Loss, Physical Activity, and Dietary Behavior Change. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2015, 3, e88.	3.7	73
20	Cost-Effectiveness of a Telephone-Delivered Intervention for Physical Activity and Diet. PLoS ONE, 2009, 4, e7135.	2.5	72
21	A randomized trial of sequential and simultaneous multiple behavior change interventions for physical activity and fat intake. Preventive Medicine, 2008, 46, 232-237.	3.4	71
22	Evidence based practice guidelines for the nutritional management of cancer cachexia. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2006, 63, S3-S32.	1.8	68
23	Living Well With Diabetes: 24-Month Outcomes From a Randomized Trial of Telephone-Delivered Weight Loss and Physical Activity Intervention to Improve Glycemic Control. Diabetes Care, 2014, 37, 2177-2185.	8.6	67
24	Adults' Past-Day Recall of Sedentary Time. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2013, 45, 1198-1207.	0.4	65
25	Control Group Improvements in Physical Activity Intervention Trials and Possible Explanatory Factors: A Systematic Review. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2012, 9, 884-895.	2.0	64
26	Effectiveness of lifestyleâ€based weight loss interventions for adults with type 2 diabetes: a systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Diabetes, Obesity and Metabolism, 2015, 17, 371-378.	4.4	64
27	Weight Loss Randomized Intervention Trials in Female Cancer Survivors. Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2016, 34, 4238-4248.	1.6	61
28	Resources for health: A primary-care-based diet and physical activity intervention targeting urban Latinos with multiple chronic conditions Health Psychology, 2007, 26, 392-400.	1.6	60
29	The Logan Healthy Living Program: A cluster randomized trial of a telephone-delivered physical activity and dietary behavior intervention for primary care patients with type 2 diabetes or hypertension from a socially disadvantaged community — Rationale, design and recruitment. Contemporary Clinical Trials. 2008. 29. 439-454.	1.8	56
30	A randomised control trial comparing lifestyle groups, individual counselling and written information in the management of weight and health outcomes over 12 months. International Journal of Obesity, 2006, 30, 1557-1564.	3.4	53
31	Clinical accuracy of the MedGemâ,,¢ indirect calorimeter for measuring resting energy expenditure in cancer patients. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2005, 59, 603-610.	2.9	46
32	Measuring Physical Activity Change in Broad-Reach Intervention Trials. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2010, 7, 194-202.	2.0	46
33	Living Well with Diabetes: a randomized controlled trial of a telephone-delivered intervention for maintenance of weight loss, physical activity and glycaemic control in adults with type 2 diabetes. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 452.	2.9	46
34	General Practitioner Advice on Physical Activityâ€"Who Gets it?. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2007, 21, 225-228.	1.7	41
35	Active adults recall their physical activity differently to less active adults: test–retest reliability and validity of a physical activity survey. Health Promotion Journal of Australia, 2013, 24, 26-31.	1,2	41
36	Resting energy expenditure in patients with solid tumors undergoing anticancer therapy. Nutrition, 2006, 22, 609-615.	2.4	39

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37	Healthy Living after Cancer: a dissemination and implementation study evaluating a telephone-delivered healthy lifestyle program for cancer survivors. BMC Cancer, 2015, 15, 992.	2.6	39
38	The Living Well after Breast Cancerâ,, Pilot Trial: a weight loss intervention for women following treatment for breast cancer. Asia-Pacific Journal of Clinical Oncology, 2017, 13, 125-136.	1.1	39
39	Six-Month Outcomes from Living Well with Diabetes: A Randomized Trial of a Telephone-Delivered Weight Loss and Physical Activity Intervention to Improve Glycemic Control. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2013, 46, 193-203.	2.9	37
40	Maintenance of physical activity and dietary change following a telephone-delivered intervention Health Psychology, 2010, 29, 566-573.	1.6	34
41	Associations of Physical Activity and Sitting Time With the Metabolic Syndrome Among Omani Adults. Obesity, 2012, 20, 2290-2295.	3.0	32
42	Habitual Active Transport Moderates the Association of TV Viewing Time With Body Mass Index. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2010, 7, 11-16.	2.0	30
43	Correlates of Omani adults' physical inactivity and sitting time. Public Health Nutrition, 2013, 16, 65-72.	2.2	30
44	Feasibility and acceptability of telehealth coaching to promote healthy eating in chronic kidney disease: a mixed-methods process evaluation. BMJ Open, 2019, 9, e024551.	1.9	29
45	A Coaching Program to Improve Dietary Intake of Patients with CKD. Clinical Journal of the American Society of Nephrology: CJASN, 2020, 15, 330-340.	4.5	28
46	Can weight gain be prevented in women receiving treatment for breast cancer? A systematic review of intervention studies. Obesity Reviews, 2017, 18, 1364-1373.	6.5	27
47	Evidence based practice guidelines for the nutritional management of patients receiving radiation therapy. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2008, 65, 1-20.	1.8	26
48	A Telephone-Delivered Physical Activity and Dietary Intervention for Type 2 Diabetes and Hypertension: Does Intervention Dose Influence Outcomes?. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2011, 25, 257-263.	1.7	26
49	Addressing physical inactivity in Omani adults: perceptions of public health managers. Public Health Nutrition, 2014, 17, 674-681.	2.2	26
50	Maintenance of physical activity and sedentary behavior change, and physical activity and sedentary behavior change after an abridged intervention: Secondary outcomes from the ACTIVATE Trial. Cancer, 2019, 125, 2856-2860.	4.1	26
51	Multi-level support for physical activity and healthy eating. Journal of Advanced Nursing, 2006, 54, 585-593.	3.3	25
52	Effectiveness of extended contact interventions for weight management delivered via text messaging: a systematic review and metaâ€analysis. Obesity Reviews, 2018, 19, 538-549.	6.5	24
53	Measuring physical activity change in broad-reach intervention trials. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2010, 7, 194-202.	2.0	24
54	Variation in the application of methods used for predicting energy requirements in acutely ill adult patients: a survey of practice. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2003, 57, 1530-1535.	2.9	23

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55	Fat and fibre behaviour questionnaire: Reliability, relative validity and responsiveness to change in A ustralian adults with type 2 diabetes and/or hypertension. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2015, 72, 368-376.	1.8	23
56	Relationship between Intervention Dose and Outcomes in Living Well with Diabetes—A Randomized Trial of a Telephone-Delivered Lifestyle-Based Weight Loss Intervention. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2015, 30, 120-129.	1.7	23
57	Telehealth-delivered, Cardioprotective Diet and Exercise Program for Liver Transplant Recipients: A Randomized Feasibility Study. Transplantation Direct, 2021, 7, e667.	1.6	23
58	Women's Perceptions of Participation in an Extended Contact Text Message–Based Weight Loss Intervention: An Explorative Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2017, 5, e21.	3.7	22
59	Multiple Health Behavior Changes and Co-variation in a Telephone Counseling Trial. Annals of Behavioral Medicine, 2010, 39, 250-257.	2.9	21
60	Breast cancer survivors' experience of making weight, dietary and physical activity changes during participation in a weight loss intervention. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2017, 25, 1455-1463.	2.2	21
61	Effects of a wearable technology-based physical activity intervention on sleep quality in breast cancer survivors: the ACTIVATE Trial. Journal of Cancer Survivorship, 2021, 15, 273-280.	2.9	21
62	Overall Dietary Intake and Prognosis after Breast Cancer: A Systematic Review. Nutrition and Cancer, 2018, 70, 153-163.	2.0	20
63	Validation of the spanish-language version of the chronic Illness resources survey. International Journal of Behavioral Medicine, 2007, 14, 76-85.	1.7	19
64	Living well after breast cancer randomized controlled trial protocol: evaluating a telephone-delivered weight loss intervention versus usual care in women following treatment for breast cancer. BMC Cancer, 2016, 16, 830.	2.6	19
65	Effects of the ACTIVity And TEchnology (ACTIVATE) intervention on healthâ€related quality of life and fatigue outcomes in breast cancer survivors. Psycho-Oncology, 2020, 29, 204-211.	2.3	19
66	Correlates of pedometer use: Results from a community-based physical activity intervention trial (10,000 Steps Rockhampton). International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2007, 4, 31.	4.6	18
67	Responsiveness to Change of Self-Report and Device-Based Physical Activity Measures in the Living Well With Diabetes Trial. Journal of Physical Activity and Health, 2015, 12, 1082-1087.	2.0	16
68	Get Healthy after Breast Cancer - examining the feasibility, acceptability and outcomes of referring breast cancer survivors to a general population telephone-delivered program targeting physical activity, healthy diet and weight loss. Supportive Care in Cancer, 2017, 25, 1953-1962.	2.2	16
69	Effect of a Remotely Delivered Weight Loss Intervention in Early-Stage Breast Cancer: Randomized Controlled Trial. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 4091.	4.1	16
70	Cost-effectiveness analyses and modelling the lifetime costs and benefits of health-behaviour interventions. Chronic Illness, 2006, 2, 97-107.	1.5	15
71	Translation from Research to Practice: Community Dissemination of a Telephone-Delivered Physical Activity and Dietary Behavior Change Intervention. American Journal of Health Promotion, 2012, 26, 253-259.	1.7	15
72	Exercise and the Prevention of Oesophageal Cancer (EPOC) study protocol: a randomized controlled trial of exercise versus stretching in males with Barrett's oesophagus. BMC Cancer, 2010, 10, 292.	2.6	14

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73	Joint associations of poor diet quality and prolonged television viewing time with abnormal glucose metabolism in Australian men and women. Preventive Medicine, 2013, 57, 471-476.	3.4	14
74	Feasibility, effectiveness and cost-effectiveness of a telephone-based weight loss program delivered via a hospital outpatient setting. Translational Behavioral Medicine, 2016, 6, 386-395.	2.4	14
75	Study design and methods for the ACTIVity And TEchnology (ACTIVATE) trial. Contemporary Clinical Trials, 2018, 64, 112-117.	1.8	14
76	Results from the dissemination of an evidence-based telephone-delivered intervention for healthy lifestyle and weight loss: the Optimal Health Program. Translational Behavioral Medicine, 2013, 3, 340-350.	2.4	13
77	Moderators of health behavior initiation and maintenance in a randomized telephone counseling trial. Preventive Medicine, 2014, 61, 34-41.	3.4	13
78	Characteristics of control group participants who increased their physical activity in a cluster-randomized lifestyle intervention trial. BMC Public Health, 2011, 11, 27.	2.9	10
79	Is Measurement Error Altered by Participation in a Physical Activity Intervention?. Medicine and Science in Sports and Exercise, 2013, 45, 1004-1011.	0.4	10
80	The Feasibility of an Exercise Intervention in Males at Risk of Oesophageal Adenocarcinoma: A Randomized Controlled Trial. PLoS ONE, 2015, 10, e0117922.	2.5	10
81	Translating research into practice: outcomes from the Healthy Living after Cancer partnership project. BMC Cancer, 2020, 20, 963.	2.6	10
82	Reflexive Intervention Development: Using Qualitative Research to Inform the Development of an Intervention for Women With Metastatic Breast Cancer. Qualitative Health Research, 2020, 30, 666-678.	2.1	9
83	Current practices in the delivery of parenteral nutrition in Australia. European Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2007, 61, 554-560.	2.9	6
84	The impact of behavioural screening on intervention outcomes in a randomised, controlled multiple behaviour intervention trial. International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2011, 8, 24.	4.6	6
85	Evaluating the Impact of Goal Setting on Improving Diet Quality in Chronic Kidney Disease. Frontiers in Nutrition, 2021, 8, 627753.	3.7	6
86	Death, contagion and shame: The potential of cancer survivors' advocacy in Zambia. Health Care for Women International, 2018, 39, 507-521.	1.1	5
87	Weight loss outcomes in premenopausal versus postmenopausal women during behavioral weight loss interventions: a systematic review and meta-analysis. Menopause, 2021, 28, 337-346.	2.0	5
88	Telephoneâ€delivered weight management services in the hospital outpatient setting: Decisionâ€makers' perceptions of their use in routine practice. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2017, 74, 261-267.	1.8	4
89	Evaluation of the Healthy Living after Cancer text message-delivered, extended contact intervention using the RE-AIM framework. BMC Cancer, 2021, 21, 1081.	2.6	3
90	Cost-effectiveness analyses and modelling the lifetime costs and benefits of health-behaviour interventions. Chronic Illness, 2006, 2, 97-107.	1.5	3

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91	Correlates of Omani adults' physical inactivity and sitting time – Corrigendum. Public Health Nutrition, 2012, 15, 2164-2164.	2.2	2
92	Relative validity of a brief Fat and Fibre Behaviour Questionnaire in a population of overweight and obese breast cancer survivors: A note of caution. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2017, 74, 18-28.	1.8	2
93	Translating Research into Community Practice: The Healthy Living after Cancer Partnership Project. Obesity, 2017, 25, S31-S31.	3.0	2
94	Health behaviours of Indigenous and non-Indigenous cancer survivors living in regional and remote geographic areas of Australia: a short report. Journal of Psychosocial Oncology Research and Practice, 2020, 2, e039.	0.5	2
95	Depressive symptoms and obesity: Assessing and addressing the black dog in the room. Nutrition and Dietetics, 2012, 69, 234-235.	1.8	1
96	Effects of Delayed Sample Processing on Determination of Total and High Molecular Weight (HMW) Adiponectin in Serum and Plasma: A Pilot Study. International Journal of Chemistry, 2016, 8, 19.	0.3	0
97	Comment on "The effectiveness of home versus community-based weight control programmes initiated soon after breast cancer diagnosis: a randomised controlled trial†British Journal of Cancer, 2020, 122, 927-928.	6.4	O