

Alastair D Hay

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

161 papers	4,105 citations	30 h-index	61 g-index
181 ext. papers	5,031 ext. citations	4.6 avg, IF	5.53 L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
161	Systematic review with meta-analysis: the accuracy of serological tests to support the diagnosis of coeliac disease.. <i>Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics</i> , 2022 ,	6.1	1
160	Respiratory tract infections and gut microbiome modifications: A systematic review.. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022 , 17, e0262057	3.7	2
159	Development and external validation of a clinical prediction model to aid coeliac disease diagnosis in primary care: An observational study.. <i>EClinicalMedicine</i> , 2022 , 46, 101376	11.3	0
158	Accuracy of the NICE traffic light system in children presenting to general practice: a retrospective cohort study.. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2022 ,	1.6	1
157	Prognostic value of upper respiratory tract microbes in children presenting to primary care with respiratory infections: A prospective cohort study.. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022 , 17, e0268131	3.7	
156	Predisposing factors to acquisition of acute respiratory tract infections in the community: a systematic review and meta-analysis.. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2021 , 21, 1254	4	1
155	Respiratory infections in children: an appropriateness study of when parents should home care or seek medical help. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2021 , 71, e140-e147	1.6	0
154	Prospective Study of the Performance of Parent-Collected Nasal and Saliva Swab Samples, Compared with Nurse-Collected Swab Samples, for the Molecular Detection of Respiratory Microorganisms. <i>Microbiology Spectrum</i> , 2021 , e0016421	8.9	0
153	Immediate oral versus immediate topical versus delayed oral antibiotics for children with acute otitis media with discharge: the REST three-arm non-inferiority electronic platform-supported RCT. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2021 , 25, 1-76	4.4	
152	The accuracy of diagnostic indicators for coeliac disease: A systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0258501	3.7	3
151	Novel multi-virus rapid respiratory microbiological point-of-care testing in primary care: a mixed-methods feasibility evaluation. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2021 , 38, 598-605	1.9	1
150	Protocol for an 'efficient design' cluster randomised controlled trial to evaluate a complex intervention to improve antibiotic prescribing for CHildren presenting to primary care with acute COugh and respiratory tract infection: the CHICO study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021 , 11, e041769	3	0
149	The early use of Antibiotics for at Risk CHildren with Influenza-like illness (ARCHIE): a double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial. <i>European Respiratory Journal</i> , 2021 , 58,	13.6	1
148	Predicting poor outcomes in children aged 1-12 with respiratory tract infections: A systematic review. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0249533	3.7	1
147	Delayed antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections: individual patient data meta-analysis. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2021 , 373, n808	5.9	14
146	Should homes and workplaces purchase portable air filters to reduce the transmission of SARS-CoV-2 and other respiratory infections? A systematic review. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2021 , 16, e0251049	3.7	6
145	Safety of reducing antibiotic prescribing in primary care: a mixed-methods study. <i>Health Services and Delivery Research</i> , 2021 , 9, 1-126	1.5	2

144	Prevalence and Antimicrobial Resistance of Bacteria in Children With Acute Otitis Media and Ear Discharge: A Systematic Review. <i>Pediatric Infectious Disease Journal</i> , 2021 , 40, 756-762	3.4	2
143	Pelargonium sidoides root extract for the treatment of acute cough due to lower respiratory tract infection in adults: a feasibility double-blind, placebo-controlled randomised trial. <i>BMC Complementary Medicine and Therapies</i> , 2021 , 21, 48	2.9	1
142	Does cranberry extract reduce antibiotic use for symptoms of acute uncomplicated urinary tract infections (CUTI)? A feasibility randomised trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021 , 11, e046791	3	0
141	The role of economic, educational and social resources in supporting the use of digital health technologies by people with T2D: a qualitative study. <i>BMC Public Health</i> , 2021 , 21, 293	4.1	2
140	The aim of general practice: can it be explained in one sentence?. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2021 , 71, 346-347	1.6	
139	Can we achieve shorter antibiotic courses in primary care?. <i>Drug and Therapeutics Bulletin</i> , 2021 , 59, 131-132	1.32	1
138	Antibiotics for lower respiratory tract infection in children presenting in primary care in England (ARTIC PC): a double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2021 , 398, 1417-1426	4.0	4
137	D-Mannose to prevent Recurrent urinary tract Infections (MERIT): protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021 , 11, e037128	3	4
136	Topical or oral antibiotics for children with acute otitis media presenting with ear discharge: study protocol of a randomised controlled non-inferiority trial.. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2021 , 11, e052128	3	
135	Digital interventions for parents of acutely ill children and their treatment-seeking behaviour: a systematic review. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2020 , 70, e172-e178	1.6	7
134	Antimicrobial resistance associations with national primary care antibiotic stewardship policy: Primary care-based, multilevel analytic study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020 , 15, e0232903	3.7	9
133	A multi-centre, pragmatic, three-arm, individually randomised, non-inferiority, open trial to compare immediate orally administered, immediate topically administered or delayed orally administered antibiotics for acute otitis media with discharge in children: The Runny Ear Study (RESURGE). <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2020 , 95, 1163-1168	2.8	3
132	Use of antibiotics and asthma medication for acute lower respiratory tract infections in people with and without asthma: retrospective cohort study. <i>Respiratory Research</i> , 2020 , 21, 4	7.3	8
131	Exploring the appropriateness of antibiotic prescribing for common respiratory tract infections in UK primary care. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2020 , 75, 236-242	5.1	7
130	The feasibility of measuring calprotectin from a throat swab as a marker of infections caused by group A streptococcus: a case-control feasibility study. <i>BJGP Open</i> , 2020 , 4,	3.1	1
129	Health Equity in the Effectiveness of Web-Based Health Interventions for the Self-Care of People With Chronic Health Conditions: Systematic Review. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020 , 22, e17849	7.6	12
128	Digital Health Interventions for People With Type 2 Diabetes to Develop Self-Care Expertise, Adapt to Identity Changes, and Influence Other's Perception: Qualitative Study. <i>Journal of Medical Internet Research</i> , 2020 , 22, e21328	7.6	4
127	Relationship between microbiology of throat swab and clinical course among primary care patients with acute cough: a prospective cohort study. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2020 , 37, 332-339	1.9	3

126	Strategies to reduce antibiotic use in women with uncomplicated urinary tract infection in primary care: protocol of a systematic review and meta-analysis including individual patient data. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e035883	3	2
125	Antibiotic-induced changes in the human gut microbiota for the most commonly prescribed antibiotics in primary care in the UK: a systematic review. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e035677	3	4 ⁰
124	Accuracy of potential diagnostic indicators for coeliac disease: a systematic review protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e038994	3	2
123	Acute otitis media in children. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2020 , 371, m4238	5.9	2
122	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model. <i>PLoS Medicine</i> , 2020 , 17, e1003202	11.6	12
121	Association between guidelines and medical practitioners' perception of best management for patients attending with an apparently uncomplicated acute sore throat: a cross-sectional survey in five countries. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e037884	3	4
120	Economic evaluation of the OSAC randomised controlled trial: oral corticosteroids for non-asthmatic adults with acute lower respiratory tract infection in primary care. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e033567	3	1
119	Serious bacterial infections and antibiotic prescribing in primary care: cohort study using electronic health records in the UK. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2020 , 10, e036975	3	10
118	Parents' preferences for nursery care when children are unwell: a discrete choice experiment. <i>Journal of Public Health</i> , 2020 , 42, 161-168	3.5	
117	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model 2020 , 17, e1003202		
116	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model 2020 , 17, e1003202		
115	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model 2020 , 17, e1003202		
114	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model 2020 , 17, e1003202		
113	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model 2020 , 17, e1003202		
112	Probability of sepsis after infection consultations in primary care in the United Kingdom in 2002-2017: Population-based cohort study and decision analytic model 2020 , 17, e1003202		
111	Antimicrobial resistance associations with national primary care antibiotic stewardship policy: Primary care-based, multilevel analytic study 2020 , 15, e0232903		
110	Antimicrobial resistance associations with national primary care antibiotic stewardship policy: Primary care-based, multilevel analytic study 2020 , 15, e0232903		
109	Antimicrobial resistance associations with national primary care antibiotic stewardship policy: Primary care-based, multilevel analytic study 2020 , 15, e0232903		

108	Antimicrobial resistance associations with national primary care antibiotic stewardship policy: Primary care-based, multilevel analytic study 2020 , 15, e0232903		
107	Delayed antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections: protocol of an individual patient data meta-analysis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e026925	3	4
106	Efficacy, safety and impact on antimicrobial resistance of duration and dose of amoxicillin treatment for young children with Community-Acquired Pneumonia: a protocol for a randomised controlled Trial (CAP-IT). <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e029875	3	7
105	Reducing Primary Care Attendance Intentions for Pediatric Respiratory Tract Infections. <i>Annals of Family Medicine</i> , 2019 , 17, 239-249	2.9	3
104	Long-term outcomes of urinary tract infection (UTI) in Childhood (LUCI): protocol for an electronic record-linked cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e024210	3	3
103	Parental and clinician agreement of illness severity in children with RTIs: secondary analysis of data from a prospective cohort study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2019 , 69, e236-e245	1.6	2
102	Respiratory Tract Infections in Children in the Community: Prospective Online Inception Cohort Study. <i>Annals of Family Medicine</i> , 2019 , 17, 14-22	2.9	7
101	HATRIC: a study of root extract EPs 7630 (Kaloba) for the treatment of acute cough due to lower respiratory tract infection in adults-study protocol for a double blind, placebo-controlled randomised feasibility trial. <i>Pilot and Feasibility Studies</i> , 2019 , 5, 98	1.9	3
100	Understanding the influence of parent-clinician communication on antibiotic prescribing for children with respiratory tract infections in primary care: a qualitative observational study using a conversation analysis approach. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2019 , 20, 102	2.6	6
99	Primary care clinicians' views of paediatric respiratory infection surveillance information to inform clinical decision-making: a qualitative study. <i>BMJ Paediatrics Open</i> , 2019 , 3, e000418	2.4	4
98	Electronically delivered interventions to reduce antibiotic prescribing for respiratory infections in primary care: cluster RCT using electronic health records and cohort study. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2019 , 23, 1-70	4.4	11
97	Anaesthetic-analgesic ear drops to reduce antibiotic consumption in children with acute otitis media: the CEDAR RCT. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2019 , 23, 1-48	4.4	3
96	Effectiveness and safety of electronically delivered prescribing feedback and decision support on antibiotic use for respiratory illness in primary care: REDUCE cluster randomised trial. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2019 , 364, l236	5.9	54
95	Best emollients for eczema (BEE) - comparing four types of emollients in children with eczema: protocol for randomised trial and nested qualitative study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2019 , 9, e033387	3	8
94	Does cranberry extract reduce antibiotic use for symptoms of acute uncomplicated urinary tract infections (CUTI)? Protocol for a feasibility study. <i>Trials</i> , 2019 , 20, 767	2.8	3
93	Comparison of risk factors for, and prevalence of, antibiotic resistance in contaminating and pathogenic urinary Escherichia coli in children in primary care: prospective cohort study. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2018 , 73, 1359-1367	5.1	16
92	Antibiotic prescribing quality for children in primary care: an observational study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2018 , 68, e90-e96	1.6	20
91	Can we identify older people most vulnerable to living in cold homes during winter?. <i>Annals of Epidemiology</i> , 2018 , 28, 1-7.e3	6.4	1

90	Economic analysis of oral dexamethasone for symptom relief of sore throat: the UK TOAST study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e019184	3	5
89	Does locally relevant, real-time infection epidemiological data improve clinician management and antimicrobial prescribing in primary care? A systematic review. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2018 , 35, 542-550	1.9	5
88	What gives rise to clinician gut feeling, its influence on management decisions and its prognostic value for children with RTI in primary care: a prospective cohort study. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2018 , 19, 25	2.6	13
87	Potential for reducing inappropriate antibiotic prescribing in English primary care. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2018 , 73, ii36-ii43	5.1	116
86	Post-consultation illness trajectories in children with acute cough and respiratory tract infection: prospective cohort study. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2018 , 35, 676-683	1.9	5
85	UTICalc may enhance UTI risk-estimation in young children. <i>Journal of Pediatrics</i> , 2018 , 200, 291-294	3.6	3
84	Population-based paediatric respiratory infection surveillance: a prospective inception feasibility cohort study. <i>Pilot and Feasibility Studies</i> , 2018 , 4, 182	1.9	3
83	Child and adolescent musculoskeletal pain (CAM-Pain) feasibility study: testing a method of identifying, recruiting and collecting data from children and adolescents who consult about a musculoskeletal condition in UK general practice. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e021116	3	3
82	Urosepsis: a growing and preventable problem?. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2018 , 68, 493-494	1.6	5
81	Use of primary care data to predict those most vulnerable to cold weather: a case-crossover analysis. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2018 , 68, e146-e156	1.6	4
80	Early use of Antibiotics for at Risk Children with Influenza (ARCHIE): protocol for a double-blind, randomised, placebo-controlled trial. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2018 , 8, e021144	3	2
79	Impact of antibiotics for children presenting to general practice with cough on adverse outcomes: secondary analysis from a multicentre prospective cohort study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2018 , 68, e682-e693	1.6	10
78	Diagnosis of Urinary Tract Infections in Children. <i>American Family Physician</i> , 2018 , 97, 273-274	1.3	1
77	The Diagnosis of Urinary Tract Infection in Young Children (DUTY) Study Clinical Rule: Economic Evaluation. <i>Value in Health</i> , 2017 , 20, 556-566	3.3	5
76	Effect of Oral Dexamethasone Without Immediate Antibiotics vs Placebo on Acute Sore Throat in Adults: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2017 , 317, 1535-1543	27.4	15
75	Feasibility cluster randomised controlled trial of a within-consultation intervention to reduce antibiotic prescribing for children presenting to primary care with acute respiratory tract infection and cough. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017 , 7, e014506	3	12
74	Adjunctive clindamycin for cellulitis: a clinical trial comparing flucloxacillin with or without clindamycin for the treatment of limb cellulitis. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2017 , 7, e013260	3	27
73	Throat swabs in children with respiratory tract infection: associations with clinical presentation and potential targets for point-of-care testing. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2017 , 34, 407-415	1.9	11

72	Comparison of microbiological diagnosis of urinary tract infection in young children by routine health service laboratories and a research laboratory: Diagnostic cohort study. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2017 , 12, e0171113	3.7	5
71	Development of an intervention to reduce antibiotic use for childhood coughs in UK primary care using critical synthesis of multi-method research. <i>BMC Medical Research Methodology</i> , 2017 , 17, 175	4.7	5
70	Uva-ursi extract and ibuprofen as alternative treatments of adult female urinary tract infection (ATAFUTI): study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2017 , 18, 421	2.8	9
69	Parent views on the content and potential impact of respiratory tract infection surveillance information: semistructured interviews to inform future research. <i>BMJ Paediatrics Open</i> , 2017 , 1, e000036	2.4	2
68	Effect of Oral Prednisolone on Symptom Duration and Severity in Nonasthmatic Adults With Acute Lower Respiratory Tract Infection: A Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2017 , 318, 721-730	27.4	23
67	Symptom response to antibiotic prescribing strategies in acute sore throat in adults: the DESCARTE prospective cohort study in UK general practice. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2017 , 67, e634-e642	1.6	8
66	Influence of the duration of penicillin prescriptions on outcomes for acute sore throat in adults: the DESCARTE prospective cohort study in UK general practice. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2017 , 67, e623-e633	1.6	5
65	Nappy pad urine samples for investigation and treatment of UTI in young children: the 'DUTY' prospective diagnostic cohort study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2016 , 66, e516-24	1.6	6
64	Safety of reduced antibiotic prescribing for self limiting respiratory tract infections in primary care: cohort study using electronic health records. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2016 , 354, i3410	5.9	74
63	Electronically delivered, multicomponent intervention to reduce unnecessary antibiotic prescribing for respiratory infections in primary care: a cluster randomised trial using electronic health records-REDUCE Trial study original protocol. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016 , 6, e010892	3	9
62	Primary care clinician antibiotic prescribing decisions in consultations for children with RTIs: a qualitative interview study. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2016 , 66, e207-13	1.6	57
61	Empiric antibiotic treatment for urinary tract infection in preschool children: susceptibilities of urine sample isolates. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2016 , 33, 127-32	1.9	7
60	Are topical antibiotics an alternative to oral antibiotics for children with acute otitis media and ear discharge?. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2016 , 352, i308	5.9	13
59	Factors influencing parents' decision-making when sending children with respiratory tract infections to nursery. <i>Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016 , 38, 281-8	3.5	5
58	The Diagnosis of Urinary Tract infection in Young children (DUTY): a diagnostic prospective observational study to derive and validate a clinical algorithm for the diagnosis of urinary tract infection in children presenting to primary care with an acute illness. <i>Health Technology Assessment</i> , 2016 , 20, 1-294	4.4	33
57	Global prevalence of antibiotic resistance in paediatric urinary tract infections caused by <i>Escherichia coli</i> and association with routine use of antibiotics in primary care: systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2016 , 352, i939	5.9	189
56	Community paediatric respiratory infection surveillance study protocol: a feasibility, prospective inception cohort study. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2016 , 6, e013017	3	4
55	Faecal carriage of antibiotic resistant <i>Escherichia coli</i> in asymptomatic children and associations with primary care antibiotic prescribing: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2016 , 16, 359	4	19

54	Paracetamol (acetaminophen) or non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drugs, alone or combined, for pain relief in acute otitis media in children. <i>The Cochrane Library</i> , 2016 , 12, CD011534	5.2	13
53	Influence of Clinical Communication on Parents' Antibiotic Expectations for Children With Respiratory Tract Infections. <i>Annals of Family Medicine</i> , 2016 , 14, 141-7	2.9	43
52	Development and internal validation of a clinical rule to improve antibiotic use in children presenting to primary care with acute respiratory tract infection and cough: a prognostic cohort study. <i>Lancet Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2016 , 4, 902-910	35.1	42
51	Improving the Diagnosis and Treatment of Urinary Tract Infection in Young Children in Primary Care: Results From the DUTY Prospective Diagnostic Cohort Study. <i>Annals of Family Medicine</i> , 2016 , 14, 325-36	2.9	20
50	"It's safer to ¶ parent consulting and clinician antibiotic prescribing decisions for children with respiratory tract infections: An analysis across four qualitative studies. <i>Social Science and Medicine</i> , 2015 , 136-137, 156-64	5.1	89
49	Can oral corticosteroids reduce the severity or duration of an acute cough, and the associated National Health Service and societal costs, in adults presenting to primary care? Study protocol for a randomised controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2015 , 16, 78	2.8	3
48	A systematic review of parent and clinician views and perceptions that influence prescribing decisions in relation to acute childhood infections in primary care. <i>Scandinavian Journal of Primary Health Care</i> , 2015 , 33, 11-20	2.7	108
47	Childhood urinary tract infection in primary care: a prospective observational study of prevalence, diagnosis, treatment, and recovery. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2015 , 65, e217-23	1.6	11
46	The CHICO (Children's Cough) Trial protocol: a feasibility randomised controlled trial investigating the clinical and cost-effectiveness of a complex intervention to improve the management of children presenting to primary care with acute respiratory tract infection. <i>BMJ Open</i> , 2015 , 5, e008615	3	10
45	Clinical presentation and microbiological diagnosis in paediatric respiratory tract infection: a systematic review. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2015 , 65, e69-81	1.6	17
44	Antibiotic prescription strategies for acute sore throat: a prospective observational cohort study. <i>Lancet Infectious Diseases</i> , 2014 , 14, 213-9	25.5	77
43	Montelukast for postinfectious cough in adults: a double-blind randomised placebo-controlled trial. <i>Lancet Respiratory Medicine</i> , 2014 , 2, 35-43	35.1	36
42	How communication affects prescription decisions in consultations for acute illness in children: a systematic review and meta-ethnography. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2014 , 15, 63	2.6	55
41	Antibiotic Prescribing in Primary Care and Antimicrobial Resistance in Patients Admitted to Hospital with Urinary Tract Infection: A Controlled Observational Pilot Study. <i>Antibiotics</i> , 2014 , 3, 29-38	4.9	8
40	Oral corticosteroid use for clinical and cost-effective symptom relief of sore throat: study protocol for a randomized controlled trial. <i>Trials</i> , 2014 , 15, 365	2.8	2
39	"They just say everything's a virus"--parent's judgment of the credibility of clinician communication in primary care consultations for respiratory tract infections in children: a qualitative study. <i>Patient Education and Counseling</i> , 2014 , 95, 248-53	3.1	62
38	The TARGET cohort study protocol: a prospective primary care cohort study to derive and validate a clinical prediction rule to improve the targeting of antibiotics in children with respiratory tract illnesses. <i>BMC Health Services Research</i> , 2013 , 13, 322	2.9	18
37	Parents' information needs, self-efficacy and influences on consulting for childhood respiratory tract infections: a qualitative study. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2013 , 14, 106	2.6	58

36	Predictors of suppurative complications for acute sore throat in primary care: prospective clinical cohort study. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2013 , 347, f6867	5.9	50
35	Duration of symptoms of respiratory tract infections in children: systematic review. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2013 , 347, f7027	5.9	148
34	Using qualitative research to inform development of a diagnostic algorithm for UTI in children. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2013 , 30, 325-31	1.9	3
33	An evaluation of the impact and costs of three strategies used to recruit acutely unwell young children to a randomised controlled trial in primary care. <i>Clinical Trials</i> , 2013 , 10, 593-603	2.2	3
32	Corticosteroids for acute and subacute cough following respiratory tract infection: a systematic review. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2013 , 30, 492-500	1.9	14
31	Temporal growth and geographic variation in the use of laboratory tests by NHS general practices: using routine data to identify research priorities. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2013 , 63, e256-66	1.6	30
30	Reducing antibiotic prescribing for children with respiratory tract infections in primary care: a systematic review. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2013 , 63, e445-54	1.6	72
29	What factors influence prognosis in children with acute cough and respiratory tract infection in primary care?. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2012 , 345, e6212	5.9	7
28	Effect of antibiotic prescribing in primary care on meticillin-resistant <i>Staphylococcus aureus</i> carriage in community-resident adults: a controlled observational study. <i>International Journal of Antimicrobial Agents</i> , 2012 , 39, 135-41	14.3	19
27	The diagnosis of urinary tract infections in young children (DUTY): protocol for a diagnostic and prospective observational study to derive and validate a clinical algorithm for the diagnosis of UTI in children presenting to primary care with an acute illness. <i>BMC Infectious Diseases</i> , 2012 , 12, 158	4	23
26	Primary care research--an international responsibility. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2012 , 29, 499-500	1.9	3
25	Interventions to influence consulting and antibiotic use for acute respiratory tract infections in children: a systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2012 , 7, e30334	3.7	97
24	The frequency distribution of presenting symptoms in children aged six months to six years to primary care. <i>Primary Health Care Research and Development</i> , 2011 , 12, 123-34	1.6	25
23	How best to diagnose urinary tract infection in preschool children in primary care?. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2011 , 343, d6316	5.9	13
22	Medicine dosing by weight in the home: can parents accurately weigh preschool children? A method comparison study. <i>Archives of Disease in Childhood</i> , 2011 , 96, 1187-90	2.2	4
21	Managing UTI in primary care: should we be sending midstream urine samples?. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2010 , 60, 479-80	1.6	5
20	Effect of antibiotic prescribing in primary care on antimicrobial resistance in individual patients: systematic review and meta-analysis. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2010 , 340, c2096	5.9	1125
19	Interactive booklet reduces antibiotic prescribing for respiratory tract infections in children, but not parent satisfaction. <i>Evidence-Based Medicine</i> , 2010 , 15, 16-7		1

18	Paracetamol plus ibuprofen for the treatment of fever in children (PITCH): randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2008 , 337, a1302	5.9	85
17	Towards a better understanding of patients' perspectives of antibiotic resistance and MRSA: a qualitative study. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2008 , 25, 341-8	1.9	52
16	Paracetamol plus ibuprofen for the treatment of fever in children (PITCH): economic evaluation of a randomised controlled trial. <i>BMJ, The</i> , 2008 , 337, a1490	5.9	19
15	Measuring the financial burden of acute cough in pre-school children: a cost of illness study. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2008 , 9, 10	2.6	47
14	Complementary or alternative? The use of homeopathic products and antibiotics amongst pre-school children. <i>BMC Family Practice</i> , 2008 , 9, 8	2.6	8
13	Validation of a clinical rule to predict complications of acute cough in preschool children: a prospective study in primary care. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2007 , 57, 530-7	1.6	7
12	Adherence to antihypertensive medication assessed by self-report was associated with electronic monitoring compliance. <i>Journal of Clinical Epidemiology</i> , 2006 , 59, 650-1	5.7	48
11	The prevalence of symptoms and consultations in pre-school children in the Avon Longitudinal Study of Parents and Children (ALSPAC): a prospective cohort study. <i>Family Practice</i> , 2005 , 22, 367-74	1.9	145
10	The relationship between primary care antibiotic prescribing and bacterial resistance in adults in the community: a controlled observational study using individual patient data. <i>Journal of Antimicrobial Chemotherapy</i> , 2005 , 56, 146-53	5.1	54
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4	Macroscopic haematuria and urological cancer. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2003 , 53, 241-2; author reply 242-3	1.6	5
3	The natural history of acute cough in children aged 0 to 4 years in primary care: a systematic review. <i>British Journal of General Practice</i> , 2002 , 52, 401-9	1.6	56
2	Digital Health Interventions for People With Type 2 Diabetes to Develop Self-Care Expertise, Adapt to Identity Changes, and Influence Other's Perception: Qualitative Study (Preprint)		1
1	Health Equity in the Effectiveness of Web-Based Health Interventions for the Self-Care of People With Chronic Health Conditions: Systematic Review (Preprint)		1

