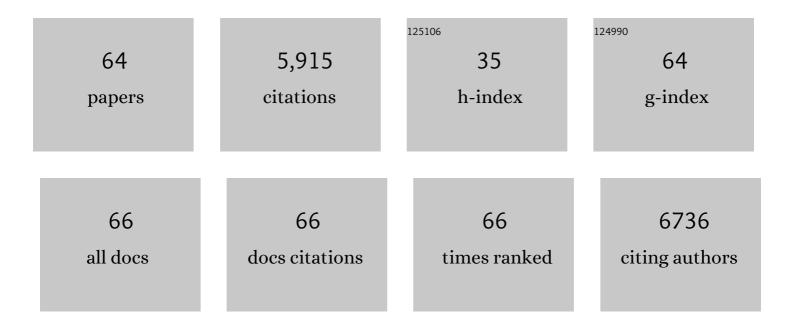
William A Hagopian

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8607322/publications.pdf Version: 2024-02-01



#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Islet Autoantibody Type-Specific Titer Thresholds Improve Stratification of Risk of Progression to Type 1 Diabetes in Children. Diabetes Care, 2022, 45, 160-168.	4.3	8
2	Screening for Type 1 Diabetes in the General Population: A Status Report and Perspective. Diabetes, 2022, 71, 610-623.	0.3	59
3	Progression of type 1 diabetes from latency to symptomatic disease is predicted by distinct autoimmune trajectories. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, 1514.	5.8	16
4	Utility of Diabetes Type–Specific Genetic Risk Scores for the Classification of Diabetes Type Among Multiethnic Youth. Diabetes Care, 2022, 45, 1124-1131.	4.3	22
5	Temporal changes in gastrointestinal fungi and the risk of autoimmunity during early childhood: the TEDDY study. Nature Communications, 2022, 13, .	5.8	13
6	Type 1 diabetes in diverse ancestries and the use of genetic risk scores. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2022, 10, 597-608.	5.5	23
7	Two-age islet-autoantibody screening for childhood type 1 diabetes: a prospective cohort study. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2022, 10, 589-596.	5.5	16
8	Plasma Metabolome and Circulating Vitamins Stratified Onset Age of an Initial Islet Autoantibody and Progression to Type 1 Diabetes: The TEDDY Study. Diabetes, 2021, 70, 282-292.	0.3	13
9	An Age-Related Exponential Decline in the Risk of Multiple Islet Autoantibody Seroconversion During Childhood. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 2260-2268.	4.3	23
10	Children's erythrocyte fatty acids are associated with the risk of islet autoimmunity. Scientific Reports, 2021, 11, 3627.	1.6	10
11	Maternal food consumption during late pregnancy and offspring risk of islet autoimmunity and type 1 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2021, 64, 1604-1612.	2.9	5
12	Transcriptional networks in at-risk individuals identify signatures of type 1 diabetes progression. Science Translational Medicine, 2021, 13, .	5.8	22
13	Anti-interleukin-21 antibody and liraglutide for the preservation of β-cell function in adults with recent-onset type 1 diabetes: a randomised, double-blind, placebo-controlled, phase 2 trial. Lancet Diabetes and Endocrinology,the, 2021, 9, 212-224.	5.5	85
14	Latent Autoimmune Diabetes of Adults (LADA) Is Likely to Represent a Mixed Population of Autoimmune (Type 1) and Nonautoimmune (Type 2) Diabetes. Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 1243-1251.	4.3	52
15	Islet Autoimmunity and HLA Markers of Presymptomatic and Clinical Type 1 Diabetes: Joint Analyses of Prospective Cohort Studies in Finland, Germany, Sweden, and the U.S Diabetes Care, 2021, 44, 2269-2276.	4.3	27
16	Preventing type 1 diabetes in childhood. Science, 2021, 373, 506-510.	6.0	52
17	DR15-DQ6 remains dominantly protective against type 1 diabetes throughout the first five decades of life. Diabetologia, 2021, 64, 2258-2265.	2.9	8
18	Characteristics of children diagnosed with type 1 diabetes before vs after 6Âyears of age in the TEDDY cohort study. Diabetologia, 2021, 64, 2247-2257.	2.9	14

WILLIAM A HAGOPIAN

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	First-appearing islet autoantibodies for type 1 diabetes in young children: maternal life events during pregnancy and the child's genetic risk. Diabetologia, 2021, 64, 591-602.	2.9	7
20	Simulating Screening for Risk of Childhood Diabetes: The Collaborative Open Outcomes tooL (COOL) AMIA Annual Symposium proceedings, 2021, 2021, 516-525.	0.2	0
21	Plasma ascorbic acid and the risk of islet autoimmunity and type 1 diabetes: the TEDDY study. Diabetologia, 2020, 63, 278-286.	2.9	18
22	A combined risk score enhances prediction of type 1 diabetes among susceptible children. Nature Medicine, 2020, 26, 1247-1255.	15.2	83
23	A single nucleotide polymorphism genetic risk score to aid diagnosis of coeliac disease: a pilot study in clinical care. Alimentary Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 2020, 52, 1165-1173.	1.9	17
24	Distinct Growth Phases in Early Life Associated With the Risk of Type 1 Diabetes: The TEDDY Study. Diabetes Care, 2020, 43, 556-562.	4.3	28
25	Longitudinal Metabolome-Wide Signals Prior to the Appearance of a First Islet Autoantibody in Children Participating in the TEDDY Study. Diabetes, 2020, 69, 465-476.	0.3	30
26	Hierarchical Order of Distinct Autoantibody Spreading and Progression to Type 1 Diabetes in the TEDDY Study. Diabetes Care, 2020, 43, 2066-2073.	4.3	41
27	Modeling Disease Progression Trajectories from Longitudinal Observational Data. AMIA Annual Symposium proceedings, 2020, 2020, 668-676.	0.2	3
28	Association of Gluten Intake During the First 5 Years of Life With Incidence of Celiac Disease Autoimmunity and Celiac Disease Among Children at Increased Risk. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2019, 322, 514.	3.8	95
29	Genetic Contribution to the Divergence in Type 1 Diabetes Risk Between Children From the General Population and Children From Affected Families. Diabetes, 2019, 68, 847-857.	0.3	22
30	Predicting Islet Cell Autoimmunity and Type 1 Diabetes: An 8-Year TEDDY Study Progress Report. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 1051-1060.	4.3	75
31	Prospective virome analyses in young children at increased genetic risk for type 1 diabetes. Nature Medicine, 2019, 25, 1865-1872.	15.2	161
32	Development and Standardization of an Improved Type 1 Diabetes Genetic Risk Score for Use in Newborn Screening and Incident Diagnosis. Diabetes Care, 2019, 42, 200-207.	4.3	187
33	Time-Resolved Autoantibody Profiling Facilitates Stratification of Preclinical Type 1 Diabetes in Children. Diabetes, 2019, 68, 119-130.	0.3	28
34	Progression from islet autoimmunity to clinical type 1 diabetes is influenced by genetic factors: results from the prospective TEDDY study. Journal of Medical Genetics, 2019, 56, 602-605.	1.5	22
35	Family adjustment to diabetes diagnosis in children: Can participation in a study on type 1 diabetes genetic risk be helpful?. Pediatric Diabetes, 2018, 19, 1025-1033.	1.2	27
36	Early Infant Diet and Islet Autoimmunity in the TEDDY Study. Diabetes Care, 2018, 41, 522-530.	4.3	48

WILLIAM A HAGOPIAN

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Identification of non-HLA genes associated with development of islet autoimmunity and type 1 diabetes in the prospective TEDDY cohort. Journal of Autoimmunity, 2018, 89, 90-100.	3.0	46
38	Clinical and research uses of genetic risk scores in type 1 diabetes. Current Opinion in Genetics and Development, 2018, 50, 96-102.	1.5	23
39	Plasma 25-Hydroxyvitamin D Concentration and Risk of Islet Autoimmunity. Diabetes, 2018, 67, 146-154.	0.3	72
40	Gestational respiratory infections interacting with offspring HLA and CTLA-4 modifies incident β-cell autoantibodies. Journal of Autoimmunity, 2018, 86, 93-103.	3.0	22
41	The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young (TEDDY) Study: 2018 Update. Current Diabetes Reports, 2018, 18, 136.	1.7	77
42	Temporal development of the gut microbiome in early childhood from the TEDDY study. Nature, 2018, 562, 583-588.	13.7	1,220
43	The human gut microbiome in early-onset type 1 diabetes from the TEDDY study. Nature, 2018, 562, 589-594.	13.7	623
44	Genetic scores to stratify risk of developing multiple islet autoantibodies and type 1 diabetes: A prospective study in children. PLoS Medicine, 2018, 15, e1002548.	3.9	101
45	First Infant Formula Type and Risk of Islet Autoimmunity in The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young (TEDDY) Study. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 398-404.	4.3	35
46	Co-occurrence of Type 1 Diabetes and Celiac Disease Autoimmunity. Pediatrics, 2017, 140, .	1.0	70
47	The Influence of Type 1 Diabetes Genetic Susceptibility Regions, Age, Sex, and Family History on the Progression From Multiple Autoantibodies to Type 1 Diabetes: A TEDDY Study Report. Diabetes, 2017, 66, 3122-3129.	0.3	93
48	Genetic and Environmental Interactions Modify the Risk of Diabetes-Related Autoimmunity by 6 Years of Age: The TEDDY Study. Diabetes Care, 2017, 40, 1194-1202.	4.3	138
49	Identification of Non-HLA Genes Associated with Celiac Disease and Country-Specific Differences in a Large, International Pediatric Cohort. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0152476.	1.1	46
50	Reversion of β-Cell Autoimmunity Changes Risk of Type 1 Diabetes: TEDDY Study. Diabetes Care, 2016, 39, 1535-1542.	4.3	56
51	Growth and Risk for Islet Autoimmunity and Progression to Type 1 Diabetes in Early Childhood: The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young Study. Diabetes, 2016, 65, 1988-1995.	0.3	49
52	Blood-based signatures in type 1 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2016, 59, 414-425.	2.9	48
53	Association of Early Exposure of Probiotics and Islet Autoimmunity in the TEDDY Study. JAMA Pediatrics, 2016, 170, 20.	3.3	238
54	The 6Âyear incidence of diabetes-associated autoantibodies in genetically at-risk children: the TEDDY study. Diabetologia, 2015, 58, 980-987.	2.9	313

WILLIAM A HAGOPIAN

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
55	Predictors of Progression From the Appearance of Islet Autoantibodies to Early Childhood Diabetes: The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young (TEDDY). Diabetes Care, 2015, 38, 808-813.	4.3	135
56	A method for reporting and classifying acute infectious diseases in a prospective study of young children: TEDDY. BMC Pediatrics, 2015, 15, 24.	0.7	24
57	Role of Type 1 Diabetes–Associated SNPs on Risk of Autoantibody Positivity in the TEDDY Study. Diabetes, 2015, 64, 1818-1829.	0.3	108
58	Children followed in the TEDDY study are diagnosed with type 1 diabetes at an early stage of disease. Pediatric Diabetes, 2014, 15, 118-126.	1.2	73
59	Risk of Pediatric Celiac Disease According to HLA Haplotype and Country. New England Journal of Medicine, 2014, 371, 42-49.	13.9	270
60	Frequency, Immunogenetics, and Clinical Characteristics of Latent Autoimmune Diabetes in China (LADA China Study). Diabetes, 2013, 62, 543-550.	0.3	204
61	The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young (TEDDY): genetic criteria and international diabetes risk screening of 421 000 infants. Pediatric Diabetes, 2011, 12, 733-743.	1.2	187
62	TEDDY-The Environmental Determinants of Diabetes in the Young: An Observational Clinical Trial. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2006, 1079, 320-326.	1.8	95
63	Population-wide Infant Screening for HLA-Based Type 1 Diabetes Risk via Dried Blood Spots from the Public Health Infrastructure. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2003, 1005, 400-403.	1.8	36
64	Successful Prospective Prediction of Type 1 Diabetes in Schoolchildren Through Multiple Defined Autoantibodies: An 8-year follow-up of the Washington State Diabetes Prediction Study. Diabetes Care, 2002, 25, 505-511.	4.3	151