

# Andrew Guess

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8605355/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

22  
papers

2,241  
citations

471509

17  
h-index

677142

22  
g-index

26  
all docs

26  
docs citations

26  
times ranked

1328  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Less than you think: Prevalence and predictors of fake news dissemination on Facebook. Science Advances, 2019, 5, eaau4586.	10.3	723
2	A digital media literacy intervention increases discernment between mainstream and false news in the United States and India. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2020, 117, 15536-15545.	7.1	274
3	Exposure to untrustworthy websites in the 2016 US election. Nature Human Behaviour, 2020, 4, 472-480.	12.0	237
4	Does Counter-Attitudinal Information Cause Backlash? Results from Three Large Survey Experiments. British Journal of Political Science, 2020, 50, 1497-1515.	3.1	164
5	How Many People Live in Political Bubbles on Social Media? Evidence From Linked Survey and Twitter Data. SAGE Open, 2019, 9, 215824401983270.	1.7	135
6	(Almost) Everything in Moderation: New Evidence on Americans' Online Media Diets. American Journal of Political Science, 2021, 65, 1007-1022.	4.5	111
7	Measure for Measure: An Experimental Test of Online Political Media Exposure. Political Analysis, 2015, 23, 59-75.	3.3	83
8	The Distorting Prism of Social Media: How Self-Selection and Exposure to Incivility Fuel Online Comment Toxicity. Journal of Communication, 2021, 71, 922-946.	3.7	65
9	The consequences of online partisan media. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	61
10	When Treatments are Tweets: A Network Mobilization Experiment over Twitter. Political Behavior, 2016, 38, 105-128.	2.7	57
11	How Accurate Are Survey Responses on Social Media and Politics?. Political Communication, 2019, 36, 241-258.	3.9	57
12	Overconfidence in news judgments is associated with false news susceptibility. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	56
13	The ephemeral effects of fact-checks on COVID-19 misperceptions in the United States, Great Britain and Canada. Nature Human Behaviour, 2022, 6, 236-243.	12.0	37
14	Polarized information ecosystems can reorganize social networks via information cascades. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2021, 118, .	7.1	35
15	The sources and correlates of exposure to vaccine-related (mis)information online. Vaccine, 2020, 38, 7799-7805.	3.8	32
16	News credibility labels have limited average effects on news diet quality and fail to reduce misperceptions. Science Advances, 2022, 8, eabl3844.	10.3	24
17	Can the Government Deter Discrimination? Evidence from a Randomized Intervention in New York City. Journal of Politics, 2019, 81, 127-141.	2.2	21
18	Responsiveness without Representation: Evidence from Minimum Wage Laws in U.S. States. American Journal of Political Science, 2019, 63, 401-410.	4.5	20

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
19	Digital literacy and online political behavior. Political Science Research and Methods, 2023, 11, 110-128.	2.3	13
20	Do Online Voter Guides Empower Citizens?. Public Opinion Quarterly, 2021, 84, 675-698.	1.6	9
21	Whatâ€™s Not to Like? Facebook Page Likes Reveal Limited Polarization in Lifestyle Preferences. Political Communication, 2022, 39, 311-338.	3.9	9
22	When Do Sources Persuade? The Effect of Source Credibility on Opinion Change. Journal of Experimental Political Science, 2023, 10, 328-342.	2.5	2