

Flávia C Gomes

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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68
papers

3,477
citations

125106

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169272

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all docs

71
docs citations

71
times ranked

5076
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Contribution of Müller Cells in the Diabetic Retinopathy Development: Focus on Oxidative Stress and Inflammation. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2022, 11, 617.	2.2	24
2	Loss of laminin and defective nuclear morphology are hallmarks of astrocyte senescence in vitro and in the aging human hippocampus. <i>Aging Cell</i> , 2022, 21, e13521.	3.0	53
3	Astrocytes as a target for Nogo and implications for synapse formation in vitro and in a model of acute demyelination. <i>Glia</i> , 2021, 69, 1429-1443.	2.5	7
4	Ethanol Gestational Exposure Impairs Vascular Development and Endothelial Potential to Control BBB-Associated Astrocyte Function in the Developing Cerebral Cortex. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2021, 58, 1755-1768.	1.9	12
5	Severe acute respiratory syndrome coronavirus 2 (SARS-CoV-2) and glial cells: Insights and perspectives. <i>Brain, Behavior, & Immunity - Health</i> , 2020, 7, 100127.	1.3	64
6	Cryopreserved astrocytes maintain biological properties: Support of neuronal survival and differentiation. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Methods</i> , 2020, 343, 108806.	1.3	0
7	Astrocyte glutamate transporters are increased in an early sporadic model of synucleinopathy. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2020, 138, 104758.	1.9	18
8	The Role of Astrocytes in the Development of the Cerebellum. <i>Cerebellum</i> , 2019, 18, 1017-1035.	1.4	39
9	synuclein oligomers enhance astrocyte-induced synapse formation through TGF β 1 signaling in a Parkinson's disease model. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2019, 150, 138-157.	2.1	27
10	Astrocyte Heterogeneity: Impact to Brain Aging and Disease. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2019, 11, 59.	1.7	256
11	Astrocytes and the TGF β 1 Pathway in the Healthy and Diseased Brain: a Double-Edged Sword. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2019, 56, 4653-4679.	1.9	91
12	Radial Glia-endothelial Cells Bidirectional Interactions Control Vascular Maturation and Astrocyte Differentiation: Impact for Blood-brain Barrier Formation. <i>Current Neurovascular Research</i> , 2019, 16, 291-300.	0.4	12
13	Radial Glia Cells Control Angiogenesis in the Developing Cerebral Cortex Through TGF β 1 Signaling. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2018, 55, 3660-3675.	1.9	37
14	Heterogeneity in Synaptogenic Profile of Astrocytes from Different Brain Regions. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2018, 55, 751-762.	1.9	64
15	Interaction of amyloid- β oligomers with neurexin 2 and neuroligin 1 mediates synapse damage and memory loss in mice. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2017, 292, 7327-7337.	1.6	67
16	Astrocyte Transforming Growth Factor Beta 1 Protects Synapses against A β Oligomers in Alzheimer's Disease Model. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 37, 6797-6809.	1.7	127
17	Derivation of Functional Human Astrocytes from Cerebral Organoids. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2017, 7, 45091.	1.6	75
18	Transforming Growth Factor β 1/SMAD Signaling Pathway Activation Protects the Intestinal Epithelium from Clostridium difficile Toxin A-Induced Damage. <i>Infection and Immunity</i> , 2017, 85, .	1.0	27

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19	Brain infusion of α -synuclein oligomers induces motor and non-motor Parkinson's disease-like symptoms in mice. <i>Behavioural Brain Research</i> , 2017, 333, 150-160.	1.2	27
20	Flavonoid Hesperidin Induces Synapse Formation and Improves Memory Performance through the Astrocytic TGF- β 1. <i>Frontiers in Aging Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 9, 184.	1.7	39
21	Functions of flavonoids in the central nervous system: Astrocytes as targets for natural compounds. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2016, 95, 85-91.	1.9	61
22	Activated Microglia-Induced Deficits in Excitatory Synapses Through IL-1 β : Implications for Cognitive Impairment in Sepsis. <i>Molecular Neurobiology</i> , 2015, 52, 653-663.	1.9	121
23	LPA-primed astrocytes induce axonal outgrowth of cortical progenitors by activating PKA signaling pathways and modulating extracellular matrix proteins. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 8, 296.	1.8	19
24	TGF- β 21 promotes cerebral cortex radial glia-astrocyte differentiation in vivo. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2014, 8, 393.	1.8	67
25	Astrocyte transforming growth factor beta 1 promotes inhibitory synapse formation via CaM kinase II signaling. <i>Glia</i> , 2014, 62, 1917-1931.	2.5	89
26	Astrocytic control of neural circuit formation: Highlights on TGF-beta signaling. <i>Neurochemistry International</i> , 2014, 78, 18-27.	1.9	65
27	Activated microglia mediate synapse loss and short-term memory deficits in a mouse model of transthyretin-related oculoleptomeningeal amyloidosis. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2013, 4, e789-e789.	2.7	51
28	Glia: dos velhos conceitos às novas funções de hoje e as que ainda virão. <i>Estudos Avancados</i> , 2013, 27, 61-84.	0.2	13
29	Avaliação da proteína acídica fibrilar glial como marcador da injúria por isquemia-reperfusão hepática. <i>Revista Do Colegio Brasileiro De Cirurgioes</i> , 2013, 40, 215-220.	0.3	0
30	Lycopene and Beta-Carotene Induce Growth Inhibition and Proapoptotic Effects on ACTH-Secreting Pituitary Adenoma Cells. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e62773.	1.1	35
31	Thyroid hormone treated astrocytes induce maturation of cerebral cortical neurons through modulation of proteoglycan levels. <i>Frontiers in Cellular Neuroscience</i> , 2013, 7, 125.	1.8	37
32	Astrocyte-induced Synaptogenesis Is Mediated by Transforming Growth Factor β 2 Signaling through Modulation of d-Serine Levels in Cerebral Cortex Neurons. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2012, 287, 41432-41445.	1.6	186
33	Activation of MAPK/PI3K/SMAD Pathways by TGF- β 1 Controls Differentiation of Radial Glia into Astrocytes in vitro. <i>Developmental Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 34, 68-81.	1.0	55
34	The flavonoids hesperidin and rutin promote neural crest cell survival. <i>Cell and Tissue Research</i> , 2012, 350, 305-315.	1.5	34
35	Effects of the flavonoid hesperidin in cerebral cortical progenitors in vitro: indirect action through astrocytes. <i>International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience</i> , 2012, 30, 303-313.	0.7	38
36	Neuron-Astroglial Interactions in Cell-Fate Commitment and Maturation in the Central Nervous System. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2012, 37, 2402-2418.	1.6	29

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37	Sphingosine 1-phosphate-primed astrocytes enhance differentiation of neuronal progenitor cells. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 2012, 90, 1892-1902.	1.3	19
38	Neuron-glia signaling: Implications for astrocyte differentiation and synapse formation. <i>Life Sciences</i> , 2011, 89, 524-531.	2.0	39
39	Estradiol modulates TGF- β 1 expression and its signaling pathway in thyroid stromal cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Endocrinology</i> , 2011, 337, 71-79.	1.6	22
40	Thyroid hormone induces cerebellar neuronal migration and Bergmann glia differentiation through epidermal growth factor/mitogen-activated protein kinase pathway. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2011, 33, 26-35.	1.2	23
41	Astrocytes treated by lysophosphatidic acid induce axonal outgrowth of cortical progenitors through extracellular matrix protein and epidermal growth factor signaling pathway. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2011, 119, 113-123.	2.1	45
42	Hesperidin, a Flavone Glycoside, as Mediator of Neuronal Survival. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2011, 36, 1776-1784.	1.6	51
43	Effects of the flavonoid casticin from Brazilian <i>Croton betulaster</i> in cerebral cortical progenitors in vitro: Direct and indirect action through astrocytes. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 2010, 88, 530-541.	1.3	27
44	Flavonoids and Astrocytes Crosstalking: Implications for Brain Development and Pathology. <i>Neurochemical Research</i> , 2010, 35, 955-966.	1.6	30
45	Cognitive Dysfunction Is Sustained after Rescue Therapy in Experimental Cerebral Malaria, and Is Reduced by Additive Antioxidant Therapy. <i>PLoS Pathogens</i> , 2010, 6, e1000963.	2.1	91
46	Thyroid hormone receptor β 2 mutation causes severe impairment of cerebellar development. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2010, 44, 68-77.	1.0	57
47	Neuron-Astroglial Interactions in Cell Fate Commitment in the Central Nervous System. , 2010, , 145-170.		0
48	Lysophosphatidic acid receptor-dependent secondary effects via astrocytes promote neuronal differentiation.. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2009, 284, 36720.	1.6	0
49	Effect of thyroid hormone depletion on cultured murine cerebral cortex astrocytes. <i>Neuroscience Letters</i> , 2009, 467, 58-62.	1.0	17
50	Glutamate activates GFAP gene promoter from cultured astrocytes through TGF- β 1 pathways. <i>Journal of Neurochemistry</i> , 2008, 106, 746-756.	2.1	64
51	Lysophosphatidic Acid Receptor-dependent Secondary Effects via Astrocytes Promote Neuronal Differentiation. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2008, 283, 7470-7479.	1.6	71
52	TGF- β 1/SMAD signaling induces astrocyte fate commitment in vitro: Implications for radial glia development. <i>Glia</i> , 2007, 55, 1023-1033.	2.5	100
53	CHARACTERIZATION OF TGF- β 1 TYPE II RECEPTOR EXPRESSION IN CULTURED CORTICAL ASTROCYTES. <i>In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology - Animal</i> , 2006, 42, 171.	0.7	9
54	Proliferation of cerebellar neurons induced by astrocytes treated with thyroid hormone is mediated by a cooperation between cell contact and soluble factors and involves the epidermal growth factor-protein kinase a pathway. <i>Journal of Neuroscience Research</i> , 2005, 80, 341-349.	1.3	43

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55	Neuritogenesis and neuronal differentiation promoted by 2,4-dinitrophenol, a novel anti-amyloidogenic compound. <i>FASEB Journal</i> , 2005, 19, 1627-1636.	0.2	42
56	Emerging roles for TGF- β 1 in nervous system development. <i>International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 23, 413-424.	0.7	150
57	Sialic acid residues on astrocytes regulate neuritogenesis by controlling the assembly of laminin matrices. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2004, 117, 4067-4076.	1.2	24
58	Glial fibrillary acidic protein gene promoter is differently modulated by transforming growth factor-beta 1 in astrocytes from distinct brain regions. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2004, 19, 1721-1730.	1.2	56
59	Role of neuron-glia interactions in nervous system development: highlights on radial glia and astrocytes. <i>Advances in Molecular and Cell Biology</i> , 2003, 31, 97-125.	0.1	1
60	Neuritogenesis Induced by Thyroid Hormone-treated Astrocytes Is Mediated by Epidermal Growth Factor/Mitogen-activated Protein Kinase-Phosphatidylinositol 3-Kinase Pathways and Involves Modulation of Extracellular Matrix Proteins. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2002, 277, 49311-49318.	1.6	94
61	Structure of laminin substrate modulates cellular signaling for neuritogenesis. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2002, 115, 4867-4876.	1.2	77
62	Differences in the activation of the GFAP gene promoter by prion and viral infections. <i>Molecular Brain Research</i> , 2002, 109, 119-127.	2.5	11
63	Neuro-glia interaction effects on GFAP gene: a novel role for transforming growth factor- β 1. <i>European Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 16, 2059-2069.	1.2	101
64	Thyroid hormone role in nervous system morphogenesis. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2001, 132, 41-50.	0.9	28
65	Cerebellar astrocytes treated by thyroid hormone modulate neuronal proliferation. <i>Glia</i> , 1999, 25, 247-255.	2.5	86
66	Thyroid hormone acting on astrocytes in culture. <i>In Vitro Cellular and Developmental Biology - Animal</i> , 1998, 34, 280-282.	0.7	25
67	Thyroid hormone action on astroglial cells from distinct brain regions during development. <i>International Journal of Developmental Neuroscience</i> , 1998, 16, 19-27.	0.7	39
68	<i>Leishmania amazonensis</i> : Multidrug Resistance in Vinblastine-Resistant Promastigotes Is Associated with Rhodamine 123 Efflux, DNA Amplification, and RNA Overexpression of a <i>Leishmania mdr1</i> Gene. <i>Experimental Parasitology</i> , 1995, 81, 480-490.	0.5	66