Tolib Mirzoev

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8598271/publications.pdf

Version: 2024-02-01

76	1,169	17 h-index	29
papers	citations		g-index
83	83	83	1379
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	An analysis of urban policies and strategies on health and nutrition in Nigeria. Urban Research and Practice, 2023, 16, 66-91.	2.0	1
2	Intimate Partner Violence Against Indigenous Women in Solol $ ilde{A}_i$, Guatemala: Qualitative Insights Into Perspectives of Service Providers. Violence Against Women, 2022, 28, 150-168.	1.7	7
3	Systematic review of the role of social inclusion within sustainable urban developments. International Journal of Sustainable Development and World Ecology, 2022, 29, 3-17.	5.9	9
4	Examining the Roles of Stakeholders and Evidence in Policymaking for Inclusive Urban Development in Nigeria: Findings from a Policy Analysis. Urban Forum, 2022, 33, 505-535.	1.6	1
5	Village health worker motivation for better performance in a maternal and child health programme in Nigeria: A realist evaluation. Journal of Health Services Research and Policy, 2022, , 135581962110553.	1.7	3
6	Role of trust in sustaining provision and uptake of maternal and child healthcare: Evidence from a national programme in Nigeria. Social Science and Medicine, 2022, 293, 114644.	3.8	13
7	Safeguarding adolescent mental health in India (SAMA): study protocol for codesign and feasibility study of a school systems intervention targeting adolescent anxiety and depression in India. BMJ Open, 2022, 12, e054897.	1.9	6
8	Powers, engagements and resultant influences over the design and implementation of medicine pricing policies in Ghana. BMJ Global Health, 2022, 7, e008225.	4.7	0
9	Exploring the drivers of ethnic and religious exclusion from public services in Nigeria: implications for sustainable development goal 10. International Journal of Sociology and Social Policy, 2021, 41, 561-583.	1.2	7
10	Feasibility of Good Governance at Health Facilities: A Proposed Framework and its Application Using Empirical Insights From Kenya. International Journal of Health Policy and Management, 2021, , .	0.9	1
11	Realist evaluation to improve health systems responsiveness to neglected health needs of vulnerable groups in Ghana and Vietnam: Study protocol. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0245755.	2.5	5
12	Implementation of medicines pricing policies in sub-Saharan Africa: protocol for a systematic review. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e044293.	1.9	4
13	How do patient feedback systems work in low-income and middle-income countries? Insights from a realist evaluation in Bangladesh. BMJ Global Health, 2021, 6, e004357.	4.7	3
14	Exploring mechanisms that explain how coalition groups are formed and how they work to sustain political priority for maternal and child health in Nigeria using the advocacy coalition framework. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2021, 19, 26.	2.8	5
15	Patient Feedback Systems at the Primary Level of Health Care Centres in Bangladesh: A Mixed Methods Study. SAGE Open, 2021, 11, 215824402110114.	1.7	1
16	Analysis of equity and social inclusiveness of national urban development policies and strategies through the lenses of health and nutrition. International Journal for Equity in Health, 2021, 20, 101.	3.5	8
17	Protocol for a realist synthesis of health systems responsiveness in low-income and middle-income countries. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e046992.	1.9	O
18	Influence of Conditional Cash Transfers on the Uptake of Maternal and Child Health Services in Nigeria: Insights From a Mixed-Methods Study. Frontiers in Public Health, 2021, 9, 670534.	2.7	7

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	COVID-19 Stressors on Migrant Workers in Vietnam: Cumulative Risk Consideration. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2021, 18, 8757.	2.6	10
20	Community engagement in the prevention and control of COVID-19: Insights from Vietnam. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0254432.	2.5	14
21	Acceptability and Potential Effectiveness of eHealth Tools for Training Primary Health Workers From Nigeria at Scale: Mixed Methods, Uncontrolled Before-and-After Study. JMIR MHealth and UHealth, 2021, 9, e24182.	3.7	8
22	Reclaiming comprehensive public health. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e003886.	4.7	48
23	Which mechanisms explain motivation the of primary health workers? Insights from the realist evaluation of a maternal and child health programme in Nigeria. BMJ Global Health, 2020, 5, e002408.	4.7	15
24	Implementation of Health Policy on Establishment of Provincial Center of Diseases Control (CDC) in Vietnam. Risk Management and Healthcare Policy, 2020, Volume 13, 915-926.	2.5	2
25	Tracing theories in realist evaluations of large-scale health programmes in low- and middle-income countries: experience from Nigeria. Health Policy and Planning, 2020, 35, 1244-1253.	2.7	8
26	Was the Maternal Health Cash Transfer Programme in Nigeria Sustainable and Cost-Effective?. Frontiers in Public Health, 2020, 8, 582072.	2.7	5
27	"lf you are on duty, you may be afraid to come out to attend to a person†fear of crime and security challenges in maternal acute care in Nigeria from a realist perspective. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 903.	2.2	9
28	What makes advocacy work? Stakeholders' voices and insights from prioritisation of maternal and child health programme in Nigeria. BMC Health Services Research, 2020, 20, 884.	2.2	5
29	Combating the COVID-19 Epidemic: Experiences from Vietnam. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health, 2020, 17, 3125.	2.6	81
30	Did an Intervention Programme Aimed at Strengthening the Maternal and Child Health Services in Nigeria Improve the Completeness of Routine Health Data Within the Health Management Information System?. International Journal of Health Policy and Management, 2020, , .	0.9	1
31	Rethinking health systems in the context of urbanisation: challenges from four rapidly urbanising low-income and middle-income countries. BMJ Global Health, 2019, 4, e001501.	4.7	46
32	Is evidence-informed urban health planning a myth or reality? Lessons from a qualitative assessment in three Asian cities. Health Policy and Planning, 2019, 34, 773-783.	2.7	8
33	Dealing with context in logic model development: Reflections from a realist evaluation of a community health worker programme in Nigeria. Evaluation and Program Planning, 2019, 73, 97-110.	1.6	41
34	Affirmative action, minorities, and public services in India: Charting a future research and practice agenda. Indian Journal of Medical Ethics, 2019, IV, 265-273.	0.4	6
35	Utilization of Services Provided by Village-Based Ethnic Minority Midwives in Vietnam: Lessons From Implementation Research. Journal of Public Health Management and Practice, 2018, 24, S9-S18.	1.4	4
36	Improving household surveys and use of data to address health inequities in three Asian cities: protocol for the Surveys for Urban Equity (SUE) mixed methods and feasibility study. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e024182.	1.9	13

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
37	Impact of using eHealth tools to extend health services to rural areas of Nigeria: protocol for a mixed-method, non-randomised cluster trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e022174.	1.9	12
38	Key strategies to improve systems for managing patient complaints within health facilities – what can we learn from the existing literature?. Global Health Action, 2018, 11, 1458938.	1.9	33
39	Protocol for a mixed-methods realist evaluation of a health service user feedback system in Bangladesh. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e017743.	1.9	12
40	What is health systems responsiveness? Review of existing knowledge and proposed conceptual framework. BMJ Global Health, 2017, 2, e000486.	4.7	128
41	Planning, for Public Health Policy. , 2017, , 489-499.		1
42	Contextual influences on the role of evidence in health policy development: what can we learn from six policies in India and Nigeria?. Evidence and Policy, 2017, 13, 59-79.	1.0	15
43	Utilization of services provided by village based ethnic minority midwives in mountainous villages of Vietnam. International Journal of Women's Health, 2016, Volume 8, 571-580.	2.6	8
44	Contribution of health workforce to health outcomes: empirical evidence from Vietnam. Human Resources for Health, 2016, 14, 68.	3.1	18
45	Developing learning diaries for action research on healthcare management in Ghana, Tanzania and Uganda. Action Research, 2016, 14, 412-434.	1.2	4
46	Strengthening post-graduate educational capacity for health policy and systems research and analysis: the strategy of the Consortium for Health Policy and Systems Analysis in Africa. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2016, 14, 29.	2.8	14
47	Study protocol: realist evaluation of effectiveness and sustainability of a community health workers programme in improving maternal and child health in Nigeria. Implementation Science, 2015, 11, 83.	6.9	38
48	Role and use of evidence in policymaking: an analysis of case studies from the health sector in Nigeria. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2015, 13, 46.	2.8	38
49	Patient complaints in healthcare services in Vietnam's health system. SAGE Open Medicine, 2015, 3, 205031211561012.	1.8	21
50	Framework for assessing the capacity of a health ministry to conduct health policy processes-a case study from Tajikistan. International Journal of Health Planning and Management, 2015, 30, 173-185.	1.7	6
51	Shaping the Health Policy Agenda: The Case of Safe Motherhood Policy in Vietnam. International Journal of Health Policy and Management, 2015, 4, 741-746.	0.9	12
52	Coherence between health policy and human resource strategy: lessons from maternal health in Vietnam, India and China. Health Policy and Planning, 2015, 30, 111-120.	2.7	15
53	Negotiating Compliance: The Case of Autonomous Hospitals in Vietnam. Development Policy Review, 2015, 33, 373-390.	1.8	8
54	A new methodology for assessing health policy and systems research and analysis capacity in African universities. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2014, 12, 59.	2.8	7

#	Article	IF	Citations
55	Understanding road safety in Kenya: views of matatu drivers. International Health, 2014, 6, 242-248.	2.0	11
56	Assessment of capacity for Health Policy and Systems Research and Analysis in seven African universities: results from the CHEPSAA project. Health Policy and Planning, 2014, 29, 831-841.	2.7	38
57	Contextual influences on the role of evidence in health policy development: insights from India and Nigeria. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, .	2.2	2
58	Evidence informed health policy making: role of evidence in six health policies in India and Nigeria. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14 , .	2.2	2
59	Participation of policy actors in the development of health policies in India and Nigeria and the implications for the role of evidence in policy-making. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, .	2.2	1
60	Central Asian Post-Soviet health systems in transition: has different aid engagement produced different outcomes?. Global Health Action, 2014, 7, 24978.	1.9	20
61	Can action research strengthen district health management and improve health workforce performance? A research protocol. BMJ Open, 2013, 3, e003625.	1.9	15
62	Role of evidence in maternal health policy processes in Vietnam, India and China: findings from the HEPVIC project. Evidence and Policy, 2013, 9, 493-511.	1.0	18
63	Research-policy partnerships - experiences of the Mental Health and Poverty Project in Ghana, South Africa, Uganda and Zambia. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2012, 10, 30.	2.8	19
64	Health policy processes in maternal health: A comparison of Vietnam, India and China. Health Policy, 2011, 100, 167-173.	3.0	28
65	Cost implications of delays to tuberculosis diagnosis among pulmonary tuberculosis patients in Ethiopia. BMC Public Health, 2010, 10, 173.	2.9	38
66	Health SWAps and external aid—a case study from Tajikistan. International Journal of Health Planning and Management, 2010, 25, 270-286.	1.7	8
67	Mental health policy process: a comparative study of Ghana, South Africa, Uganda and Zambia. International Journal of Mental Health Systems, 2010, 4, 24.	2.7	65
68	Health System Impacts on Maternal and Child Health., 2009,, 83-97.		2
69	Community-based DOTS and family member DOTS for TB control in Nepal: costs and cost-effectiveness. Cost Effectiveness and Resource Allocation, 2008, 6, 20.	1.5	13
70	Is the Mongolian Health Sector Ready for a Sector-Wide Approach?. Asian Social Work and Policy Review, 2008, 2, 111-125.	1.4	4
71	Planning, for Public Health Policy. , 2008, , 121-132.		4
72	Progress towards health reform in Tajikistan. Journal of Health Organization and Management, 2007, 21, 495-505.	1.3	22

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
73	Inâ€country capacity development of a training institute: an Iranian experience. Journal of Health Organization and Management, 2007, 21, 519-532.	1.3	6
74	Primary Health Care and England: The coming of age of Alma Ata?. Health Policy, 2007, 80, 11-31.	3.0	33
75	Costs of a successful public-private partnership for TB control in an urban setting in Nepal. BMC Public Health, 2007, 7, 84.	2.9	24
76	Roundtable Discussion on the Third Global Symposium on Health Systems Research: Why Prioritise Talk Over Aid in the Midst of the Ebola Crisis?. SSRN Electronic Journal, 0, , .	0.4	0