## Jochen Smolka

## List of Publications by Citations

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

20 525 14 21 g-index

21 683 4.2 3.85 ext. papers ext. citations avg, IF L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
20	Neural coding underlying the cue preference for celestial orientation. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , <b>2015</b> , 112, 11395-400	11.5	115
19	Topography of vision and behaviour. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , <b>2009</b> , 212, 3522-32	3	48
18	Diurnal dung beetles use the intensity gradient and the polarization pattern of the sky for orientation. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , <b>2014</b> , 217, 2422-9	3	45
17	The role of the sun in the celestial compass of dung beetles. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2014</b> , 369, 20130036	5.8	39
16	The dung beetle dance: an orientation behaviour?. PLoS ONE, 2012, 7, e30211	3.7	35
15	Dung beetles ignore landmarks for straight-line orientation. <i>Journal of Comparative Physiology A:</i> Neuroethology, Sensory, Neural, and Behavioral Physiology, <b>2013</b> , 199, 17-23	2.3	33
14	Natural visual cues eliciting predator avoidance in fiddler crabs. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2011</b> , 278, 3584-92	4.4	30
13	Stellar performance: mechanisms underlying Milky Way orientation in dung beetles. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2017</b> , 372,	5.8	25
12	Dung beetles use their dung ball as a mobile thermal refuge. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2012</b> , 22, R863-4	6.3	23
11	How animals follow the stars. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , <b>2018</b> , 285,	4.4	22
10	Night sky orientation with diurnal and nocturnal eyes: dim-light adaptations are critical when the moon is out of sight. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , <b>2016</b> , 111, 127-146	2.8	21
9	The sea urchin uses low resolution vision to find shelter and deter enemies. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , <b>2018</b> , 221,	3	21
8	A new galloping gait in an insect. <i>Current Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 23, R913-5	6.3	19
7	Lowresolution vision in a velvet worm (Onychophora). Journal of Experimental Biology, 2018, 221,	3	14
6	Quantifying biologically essential aspects of environmental light. <i>Journal of the Royal Society Interface</i> , <b>2021</b> , 18, 20210184	4.1	10
5	Orienting to polarized light at night - matching lunar skylight to performance in a nocturnal beetle. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , <b>2019</b> , 222,	3	9
4	Flicker is part of a multi-cue response criterion in fiddler crab predator avoidance. <i>Journal of Experimental Biology</i> , <b>2013</b> , 216, 1219-24	3	7

## LIST OF PUBLICATIONS

3 Light pollution forces a change in dung beetle orientation behavior. Current Biology, 2021, 31, 3935-394% 5

Resolving the Trade-off Between Visual Sensitivity and Spatial Acuity-Lessons from Hawkmoths.

Integrative and Comparative Biology, 2017, 57, 1093-1103

Seeing the world through the eyes of a butterfly: visual ecology of the territorial males of Pararge aegeria (Lepidoptera: Nymphalidae). Journal of Comparative Physiology A: Neuroethology, Sensory, Neural, and Behavioral Physiology, 2021, 207, 701-713