Heidi Maria Nistelberger

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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840119 752256 20 646 11 20 citations h-index g-index papers 20 20 20 1208 docs citations times ranked citing authors all docs

| # | Article | IF | CITATIONS |
|----|--|------|-----------|
| 1 | As old as the hills: Pliocene palaeogeographical processes influence patterns of genetic structure in the widespread, common shrub Banksia sessilis. Ecology and Evolution, 2021, 11, 1069-1082. | 0.8 | 5 |
| 2 | Extensive Genetic Connectivity and Historical Persistence Are Features of Two Widespread Tree Species in the Ancient Pilbara Region of Western Australia. Genes, 2020, 11, 863. | 1.0 | 5 |
| 3 | Tracking Five Millennia of Horse Management with Extensive Ancient Genome Time Series. Cell, 2019, 177, 1419-1435.e31. | 13.5 | 195 |
| 4 | Sexing Viking Age horses from burial and non-burial sites in Iceland using ancient DNA. Journal of Archaeological Science, 2019, 101, 115-122. | 1.2 | 19 |
| 5 | Persistence and stochasticity are key determinants of genetic diversity in plants associated with banded iron formation inselbergs. Biological Reviews, 2019, 94, 753-772. | 4.7 | 25 |
| 6 | Ancient DNA reveals the Arctic origin of Viking Age cod from Haithabu, Germany. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2017, 114, 9152-9157. | 3.3 | 66 |
| 7 | Combining bleach and mild predigestion improves ancient <scp>DNA</scp> recovery from bones. Molecular Ecology Resources, 2017, 17, 742-751. | 2.2 | 77 |
| 8 | Phylogeography and population differentiation in terrestrial island populations of <i>B</i> arborea (Proteaceae). Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2015, 114, 860-872. | 0.7 | 18 |
| 9 | Isolation and characterisation of ten microsatellite loci from a Western Australian tree, Banksia sessilis (Proteaceae). Conservation Genetics Resources, 2015, 7, 513-515. | 0.4 | 2 |
| 10 | A cryptic genetic boundary in remnant populations of a long-lived, bird-pollinated shrubBanksia sphaerocarpavar.caesia(Proteaceae). Biological Journal of the Linnean Society, 2015, 115, 241-255. | 0.7 | 9 |
| 11 | Genetic drift drives evolution in the bird-pollinated, terrestrial island endemic <i>G</i> ci>revillea georgeana(Proteaceae). Botanical Journal of the Linnean Society, 2015, 178, 155-168. | 0.8 | 30 |
| 12 | Isolation and characterization of 11 microsatellite loci in the short-range endemic shrub Grevillea georgeana McGill (Proteaceae). Conservation Genetics Resources, 2014, 6, 221-222. | 0.4 | 1 |
| 13 | Phylogeographic evidence for two mesic refugia in a biodiversity hotspot. Heredity, 2014, 113, 454-463. | 1.2 | 29 |
| 14 | Strong Phylogeographic Structure in a Millipede Indicates Pleistocene Vicariance between Populations on Banded Iron Formations in Semi-Arid Australia. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e93038. | 1.1 | 10 |
| 15 | Isolation and characterisation of 14 microsatellite loci from a short-range endemic, Western Australian tree, Banksia arborea (C.A. Gardner). Conservation Genetics Resources, 2013, 5, 1143-1145. | 0.4 | 2 |
| 16 | Isolation and characterisation of 11 microsatellite loci from the Western Australian Spirostreptid millipede, Atelomastix bamfordi. Conservation Genetics Resources, 2013, 5, 533-535. | 0.4 | 2 |
| 17 | Complex interactions between remnant shape and the mating system strongly influence reproductive output and progeny performance in fragmented populations of a bird-pollinated shrub. Biological Conservation, 2013, 164, 129-139. | 1.9 | 21 |
| 18 | Evaluating the influence of different aspects of habitat fragmentation on mating patterns and pollen dispersal in the birdâ€pollinated ⟨i⟩Banksia sphaerocarpa⟨/i⟩ var. ⟨i⟩caesia⟨/i⟩. Molecular Ecology, 2012, 21, 314-328. | 2.0 | 76 |

| - 1 | # | Article | lF | CITATIONS |
|-----|----|---|-----|-----------|
| : | 19 | Isolation and characterization of microsatellites in the woody shrub, <i>Banksia sphaerocarpa</i> var. <i>caesia</i> (Proteaceae). Molecular Ecology Resources, 2009, 9, 148-149. | 2.2 | 4 |
| : | 20 | Lotononis angolensis forms nitrogen fixing, lupinoid nodules with phylogenetically unique, fast-growing, pink-pigmented bacteria, which do not nodulate L. bainesii or L. listii. Soil Biology and Biochemistry, 2007, 39, 1680-1688. | 4.2 | 50 |