Angel M Alonso-Gmez

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43
papers

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citations

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avg, IF

20
g-index

3.02
L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
43	Urea Cycle Metabolites and Atrial Fibrillation or Heart Failure Risk: Two Case-Control Studies in the PREDIMED Trial. <i>Current Developments in Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 5, 18-18	0.4	78
42	Effect of a Nutritional and Behavioral Intervention on Energy-Reduced Mediterranean Diet Adherence Among Patients With Metabolic Syndrome: Interim Analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus Randomized Clinical Trial. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2019 , 322, 1486-1499	27.4	38
41	Dietary Polyphenol Intake is Associated with HDL-Cholesterol and A Better Profile of other Components of the Metabolic Syndrome: A PREDIMED-Plus Sub-Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	33
40	Total and Subtypes of Dietary Fat Intake and Its Association with Components of the Metabolic Syndrome in a Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11,	6.7	30
39	Dysfunctional High-Density Lipoproteins Are Associated With a Greater Incidence of Acute Coronary Syndrome in a Population at High Cardiovascular Risk: A Nested Case-Control Study. <i>Circulation</i> , 2020 , 141, 444-453	16.7	28
38	Quality of Dietary Fat Intake and Body Weight and Obesity in a Mediterranean Population: Secondary Analyses within the PREDIMED Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2018 , 10,	6.7	26
37	Effects of a Mediterranean Eating Plan on the Need for Glucose-Lowering Medications in Participants With Type 2 Diabetes: A Subgroup Analysis of the PREDIMED Trial. <i>Diabetes Care</i> , 2019 , 42, 1390-1397	14.6	25
36	Carbohydrate quality changes and concurrent changes in cardiovascular risk factors: a longitudinal analysis in the PREDIMED-Plus randomized trial. <i>American Journal of Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 111, 291-3	304	22
35	Associations between Dietary Polyphenols and Type 2 Diabetes in a Cross-Sectional Analysis of the PREDIMED-Plus Trial: Role of Body Mass Index and Sex. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2019 , 8,	7.1	17
34	Diet quality and nutrient density in subjects with metabolic syndrome: Influence of socioeconomic status and lifestyle factors. A cross-sectional assessment in the PREDIMED-Plus study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 1161-1173	5.9	17
33	Dietary Diversity and Nutritional Adequacy among an Older Spanish Population with Metabolic Syndrome in the PREDIMED-Plus Study: A Cross-Sectional Analysis. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11,	6.7	14
32	Variety in fruits and vegetables, diet quality and lifestyle in an older adult mediterranean population. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 1510-1518	5.9	10
31	Leisure-Time Physical Activity, Sedentary Behaviour and Diet Quality are Associated with Metabolic Syndrome Severity: The PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	10
30	Long Daytime Napping Is Associated with Increased Adiposity and Type 2 Diabetes in an Elderly Population with Metabolic Syndrome. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2019 , 8,	5.1	9
29	Use of Different Food Classification Systems to Assess the Association between Ultra-Processed Food Consumption and Cardiometabolic Health in an Elderly Population with Metabolic Syndrome (PREDIMED-Plus Cohort). <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	9
28	Adherence to the Mediterranean Lifestyle and Desired Body Weight Loss in a Mediterranean Adult Population with Overweight: A PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	8
27	Metabolic Syndrome Features and Excess Weight Were Inversely Associated with Nut Consumption after 1-Year Follow-Up in the PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 150, 3161-3170	4.1	7

(2021-2019)

26	associations with cardiometabolic health in the PREDIMED-Plus study. <i>International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity</i> , 2019 , 16, 137	8.4	7	
25	Sleep Duration is Inversely Associated with Serum Uric Acid Concentrations and Uric Acid to Creatinine Ratio in an Elderly Mediterranean Population at High Cardiovascular Risk. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2019 , 11,	6.7	6	
24	Leisure time physical activity is associated with improved HDL functionality in high cardiovascular risk individuals: a cohort study. <i>European Journal of Preventive Cardiology</i> , 2020 , 2047487320925625	3.9	6	
23	Association between dairy product consumption and hyperuricemia in an elderly population with metabolic syndrome. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2020 , 30, 214-222	4.5	6	
22	Fruit consumption and cardiometabolic risk in the PREDIMED-plus study: A cross-sectional analysis. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 1702-1713	4.5	6	
21	Mediterranean Diet and White Blood Cell Count-A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Foods</i> , 2021 , 10,	4.9	4	
20	Effect of changes in adherence to Mediterranean diet on nutrient density after 1-year of follow-up: results from the PREDIMED-Plus Study. <i>European Journal of Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 59, 2395-2409	5.2	4	
19	Association between the 2018 WCRF/AICR and the Low-Risk Lifestyle Scores with Colorectal Cancer Risk in the Predimed Study. <i>Journal of Clinical Medicine</i> , 2020 , 9,	5.1	3	
18	Mediterranean Diet Decreases the Initiation of Use of Vitamin K Epoxide Reductase Inhibitors and Their Associated Cardiovascular Risk: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	3	
17	Longitudinal changes in adherence to the portfolio and DASH dietary patterns and cardiometabolic risk factors in the PREDIMED-Plus study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 2825-2836	5.9	3	
16	Diastolic dysfunction and exercise capacity in patients with metabolic syndrome and overweight/obesity. <i>IJC Heart and Vasculature</i> , 2019 , 22, 67-72	2.4	3	
15	Persistent Pulmonary Hypertension in Corrected Valvular Heart Disease: Hemodynamic Insights and Long-Term Survival. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2021 , 10, e019949	6	3	
14	High Fruit and Vegetable Consumption and Moderate Fat Intake Are Associated with Higher Carotenoid Concentration in Human Plasma. <i>Antioxidants</i> , 2021 , 10,	7.1	2	
13	Nutrient adequacy and diet quality in a Mediterranean population with metabolic syndrome: A cross-sectional study. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2020 , 39, 853-861	5.9	2	
12	Impact of Life's Simple 7 on the incidence of major cardiovascular events in high-risk Spanish adults in the PREDIMED study cohort. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2020 , 73, 205-211	0.7	2	
11	Dietary Quality Changes According to the Preceding Maximum Weight: A Longitudinal Analysis in the PREDIMED-Plus Randomized Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2020 , 12,	6.7	1	
10	Relationship between olive oil consumption and ankle-brachial pressure index in a population at high cardiovascular risk. <i>Atherosclerosis</i> , 2020 , 314, 48-57	3.1	1	
9	Energy Balance and Risk of Mortality in Spanish Older Adults. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	1	

8	Fruit and Vegetable Consumption is Inversely Associated with Plasma Saturated Fatty Acids at Baseline in Predimed Plus Trial. <i>Molecular Nutrition and Food Research</i> , 2021 , 65, e2100363	5.9	1
7	Mediterranean Diet Maintained Platelet Count within a Healthy Range and Decreased Thrombocytopenia-Related Mortality Risk: A Randomized Controlled Trial. <i>Nutrients</i> , 2021 , 13,	6.7	1
6	Physical activity and metabolic syndrome severity among older adults at cardiovascular risk: 1-Year trends. <i>Nutrition, Metabolism and Cardiovascular Diseases</i> , 2021 , 31, 2870-2886	4.5	1
5	Association between ankle-brachial index and cognitive function in participants in the PREDIMED-Plus study: cross-sectional assessment. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2021 , 74, 846-853	0.7	O
4	Simple sugar intake and cancer incidence, cancer mortality and all-cause mortality: A cohort study from the PREDIMED trial. <i>Clinical Nutrition</i> , 2021 , 40, 5269-5277	5.9	О
3	Contribution of cardio-vascular risk factors to depressive status in the PREDIMED-PLUS Trial. A cross-sectional and a 2-year longitudinal study <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2022 , 17, e0265079	3.7	O
2	Integrative development of a short screening questionnaire of highly processed food consumption (sQ-HPF) International Journal of Behavioral Nutrition and Physical Activity, 2022 , 19, 6	8.4	
1	Association between maximal oxygen consumption and physical activity and sedentary lifestyle in metabolic syndrome. Usefulness of questionnaires. <i>Revista Espanola De Cardiologia (English Ed)</i> , 2020 , 73, 145-152	0.7	