

# Andreas Ensslin

## List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8580446/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

14  
papers

919  
citations

933447

10  
h-index

1058476

14  
g-index

14  
all docs

14  
docs citations

14  
times ranked

1571  
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Historical comparisons show evolutionary changes in drought responses in European plant species after two decades of climate change. <i>Basic and Applied Ecology</i> , 2022, 58, 26-38.	2.7	12
2	Aboveground Deadwood Biomass and Composition Along Elevation and Land-Use Gradients at Mount Kilimanjaro. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2022, 9, .	2.2	2
3	Evolution of plant drought strategies and herbivore tolerance after two decades of climate change. <i>New Phytologist</i> , 2022, 235, 773-785.	7.3	16
4	Species richness is more important for ecosystem functioning than species turnover along an elevational gradient. <i>Nature Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2021, 5, 1582-1593.	7.8	35
5	Ex situ cultivation impacts on plant traits and drought stress response in a multi-species experiment. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2020, 248, 108630.	4.1	11
6	Climate–land-use interactions shape tropical mountain biodiversity and ecosystem functions. <i>Nature</i> , 2019, 568, 88-92.	27.8	313
7	Elevational transplantation suggests different responses of African submontane and savanna plants to climate warming. <i>Journal of Ecology</i> , 2018, 106, 296-305.	4.0	4
8	Ex situ cultivation entails high risk of seed dormancy loss on short-lived wild plant species. <i>Journal of Applied Ecology</i> , 2018, 55, 1145-1154.	4.0	31
9	Predictors of elevational biodiversity gradients change from single taxa to the multi-taxa community level. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2016, 7, 13736.	12.8	229
10	Fitness decline and adaptation to novel environments in ex situ plant collections: Current knowledge and future perspectives. <i>Biological Conservation</i> , 2015, 192, 394-401.	4.1	57
11	Effects of elevation and land use on the biomass of trees, shrubs and herbs at Mount Kilimanjaro. <i>Ecosphere</i> , 2015, 6, 1-15.	2.2	106
12	Variation in life-history traits and their plasticities to elevational transplantation among seed families suggests potential for adaptive evolution of 15 tropical plant species to climate change. <i>American Journal of Botany</i> , 2015, 102, 1371-1379.	1.7	13
13	Forest structure and composition of previously selectively logged and non-logged montane forests at Mt. Kilimanjaro. <i>Forest Ecology and Management</i> , 2015, 337, 61-66.	3.2	40
14	Vertical and Horizontal Vegetation Structure across Natural and Modified Habitat Types at Mount Kilimanjaro. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2015, 10, e0138822.	2.5	50