

J Ottino-González

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

16
papers

224
citations

1307543

7
h-index

1125717

13
g-index

19
all docs

19
docs citations

19
times ranked

291
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	White matter microstructure differences in individuals with dependence on cocaine, methamphetamine, and nicotine: Findings from the ENIGMA-Addiction working group. <i>Drug and Alcohol Dependence</i> , 2022, 230, 109185.	3.2	12
2	Brain structural covariance network differences in adults with alcohol dependence and heavy-drinking adolescents. <i>Addiction</i> , 2022, 117, 1312-1325.	3.3	4
3	P18. Cortical Profiles of Numerous Neuropsychiatric Disorders and Normal Development Share a Common Pattern. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2022, 91, S94-S95.	1.3	0
4	Alterations in Brain Network Organization in Adults With Obesity as Compared With Healthy-Weight Individuals and Seniors. <i>Psychosomatic Medicine</i> , 2021, 83, 700-706.	2.0	4
5	Characterizing Reward System Neural Trajectories From Adolescence to Young Adulthood. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 89, S325.	1.3	1
6	Brain Structure and Internalizing Psychopathology in Children 9-10 Years of Age: Results From the Adolescent Brain Cognitive Development Study. <i>Biological Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 89, S367.	1.3	0
7	Restrained Eating Is Associated with Lower Cortical Thickness in the Inferior Frontal Gyrus in Adolescents. <i>Brain Sciences</i> , 2021, 11, 978.	2.3	2
8	Association of Cannabis Use During Adolescence With Neurodevelopment. <i>JAMA Psychiatry</i> , 2021, 78, 1031.	11.0	82
9	Mapping cortical and subcortical asymmetries in substance dependence: Findings from the ENIGMA Addiction Working Group. <i>Addiction Biology</i> , 2021, 26, e13010.	2.6	22
10	Characterizing reward system neural trajectories from adolescence to young adulthood. <i>Developmental Cognitive Neuroscience</i> , 2021, 52, 101042.	4.0	8
11	Inflammatory agents partially explain associations between cortical thickness, surface area, and body mass in adolescents and young adulthood. <i>International Journal of Obesity</i> , 2020, 44, 1487-1496.	3.4	21
12	Allostatic load and executive functions in overweight adults. <i>Psychoneuroendocrinology</i> , 2019, 106, 165-170.	2.7	24
13	Effect of the catechol-O-methyltransferase Val158Met polymorphism on theory of mind in obesity. <i>European Eating Disorders Review</i> , 2019, 27, 401-409.	4.1	7
14	Allostatic load and disordered white matter microstructure in overweight adults. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 15898.	3.3	15
15	El volumen de los ganglios basales predice el rendimiento en velocidad de procesamiento en adolescentes con obesidad. <i>Revista Discapacidad Clínica Neurociencias</i> , 2018, 5, 9.	0.0	0
16	Allostatic Load Is Linked to Cortical Thickness Changes Depending on Body-Weight Status. <i>Frontiers in Human Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 11, 639.	2.0	22