Cinzia Cameli

List of Publications by Year
in descending order

11	207	1163117 8	1281871 11
papers	citations	h-index	g-index

11	11	11	523
all docs	docs citations	times ranked	citing authors

#	Article	IF	Citations
1	Contribution of CACNA1H Variants in Autism Spectrum Disorder Susceptibility. Frontiers in Psychiatry, 2022, 13, 858238.	2.6	4
2	An increased burden of rare exonic variants in NRXN1 microdeletion carriers is likely to enhance the penetrance for autism spectrum disorder. Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine, 2021, 25, 2459-2470.	3.6	3
3	ELMOD3 â€•SH2D6 gene fusion as a possible coâ€star actor in autism spectrum disorder scenario. Journal of Cellular and Molecular Medicine, 2020, 24, 2064-2069.	3.6	12
4	An integrated analysis of rare CNV and exome variation in Autism Spectrum Disorder using the Infinium PsychArray. Scientific Reports, 2020, 10, 3198.	3.3	42
5	Contribution of ultrarare variants in mTOR pathway genes to sporadic focal epilepsies. Annals of Clinical and Translational Neurology, 2019, 6, 475-485.	3.7	15
6	Analysis of a Sardinian Multiplex Family with Autism Spectrum Disorder Points to Post-Synaptic Density Gene Variants and Identifies CAPG as a Functionally Relevant Candidate Gene. Journal of Clinical Medicine, 2019, 8, 212.	2.4	17
7	Genetic variation in CHRNA7 and CHRFAM7A is associated with nicotine dependence and response to varenicline treatment. European Journal of Human Genetics, 2018, 26, 1824-1831.	2.8	13
8	Integrated DNA methylation analysis identifies topographical and tumoral biomarkers in pilocytic astrocytomas. Oncotarget, 2018, 9, 13807-13821.	1.8	18
9	A genome-wide analysis in cluster headache points to neprilysin and PACAP receptor gene variants. Journal of Headache and Pain, 2016, 17, 114.	6.0	38
10	O015. Evaluation of the genetic polymorphism of the Î±3 (CHRNA3) and Î±5 (CHRNA5) nicotinic receptor subunits, in patients with cluster headache. Journal of Headache and Pain, 2015, 16, A88.	6.0	4
11	Analysis of CHRNA7 rare variants in autism spectrum disorder susceptibility. American Journal of Medical Genetics, Part A, 2015, 167, 715-723.	1.2	41