

Richard T Libby

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

79
papers

6,923
citations

70961

41
h-index

76769

74
g-index

83
all docs

83
docs citations

83
times ranked

6008
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Axons of retinal ganglion cells are insulted in the optic nerve early in DBA/2J glaucoma. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2007, 179, 1523-1537.	2.3	523
2	Molecular clustering identifies complement and endothelin induction as early events in a mouse model of glaucoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2011, 121, 1429-1444.	3.9	388
3	Inherited glaucoma in DBA/2J mice: Pertinent disease features for studying the neurodegeneration. <i>Visual Neuroscience</i> , 2005, 22, 637-648.	0.5	355
4	Susceptibility to Neurodegeneration in a Glaucoma Is Modified by Bax Gene Dosage. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2005, 1, e4.	1.5	348
5	Retinal ganglion cell degeneration is topological but not cell type specific in DBA/2J mice. <i>Journal of Cell Biology</i> , 2005, 171, 313-325.	2.3	342
6	Laminin Expression in Adult and Developing Retinae: Evidence of Two Novel CNS Laminins. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2000, 20, 6517-6528.	1.7	247
7	Reduced climbing and increased slipping adaptation in cochlear hair cells of mice with <i>Myo7a</i> mutations. <i>Nature Neuroscience</i> , 2002, 5, 41-47.	7.1	239
8	Glaucoma: Thinking in new ways – a role for autonomous axonal self-destruction and other compartmentalised processes?. <i>Progress in Retinal and Eye Research</i> , 2005, 24, 639-662.	7.3	225
9	Modification of Ocular Defects in Mouse Developmental Glaucoma Models by Tyrosinase. <i>Science</i> , 2003, 299, 1578-1581.	6.0	216
10	Radiation treatment inhibits monocyte entry into the optic nerve head and prevents neuronal damage in a mouse model of glaucoma. <i>Journal of Clinical Investigation</i> , 2012, 122, 1246-1261.	3.9	192
11	Intravitreal Injection of AAV2 Transduces Macaque Inner Retina. , 2011, 52, 2775.		177
12	COMPLEX GENETICS OF GLAUCOMA SUSCEPTIBILITY. <i>Annual Review of Genomics and Human Genetics</i> , 2005, 6, 15-44.	2.5	159
13	Disruption of Laminin β 2 Chain Production Causes Alterations in Morphology and Function in the CNS. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 1999, 19, 9399-9411.	1.7	148
14	Adaptive optics retinal imaging in the living mouse eye. <i>Biomedical Optics Express</i> , 2012, 3, 715.	1.5	139
15	Role of myosin VIIa and Rab27a in the motility and localization of RPE melanosomes. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2004, 117, 6473-6483.	1.2	137
16	Genetic context determines susceptibility to intraocular pressure elevation in a mouse pigmented glaucoma. <i>BMC Biology</i> , 2006, 4, 20.	1.7	130
17	Loss of myosin VI reduces secretion and the size of the Golgi in fibroblasts from Snell's waltzer mice. <i>EMBO Journal</i> , 2003, 22, 569-579.	3.5	127
18	JNK2 and JNK3 are major regulators of axonal injury-induced retinal ganglion cell death. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2012, 46, 393-401.	2.1	127

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19	High-dose radiation with bone marrow transfer prevents neurodegeneration in an inherited glaucoma. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2005, 102, 4566-4571.	3.3	126
20	Absence of glaucoma in DBA/2J mice homozygous for wild-type versions of Gpnmb and Tyrp1. <i>BMC Genetics</i> , 2007, 8, 45.	2.7	117
21	An ocular glymphatic clearance system removes β -amyloid from the rodent eye. <i>Science Translational Medicine</i> , 2020, 12, .	5.8	116
22	Molecular regulation of cigarette smoke induced-oxidative stress in human retinal pigment epithelial cells: implications for age-related macular degeneration. <i>American Journal of Physiology - Cell Physiology</i> , 2009, 297, C1200-C1210.	2.1	114
23	Transcription Factors SOX4 and SOX11 Function Redundantly to Regulate the Development of Mouse Retinal Ganglion Cells. <i>Journal of Biological Chemistry</i> , 2013, 288, 18429-18438.	1.6	114
24	Optical properties of the mouse eye. <i>Biomedical Optics Express</i> , 2011, 2, 717.	1.5	100
25	KLF9 and JNK3 Interact to Suppress Axon Regeneration in the Adult CNS. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2017, 37, 9632-9644.	1.7	91
26	Intrinsic axonal degeneration pathways are critical for glaucomatous damage. <i>Experimental Neurology</i> , 2013, 246, 54-61.	2.0	86
27	Mutations in a P-Type ATPase Gene Cause Axonal Degeneration. <i>PLoS Genetics</i> , 2012, 8, e1002853.	1.5	81
28	Early immune responses are independent of RGC dysfunction in glaucoma with complement component C3 being protective. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2017, 114, E3839-E3848.	3.3	80
29	DLK-dependent signaling is important for somal but not axonal degeneration of retinal ganglion cells following axonal injury. <i>Neurobiology of Disease</i> , 2014, 69, 108-116.	2.1	77
30	In-vivo imaging of retinal nerve fiber layer vasculature: imaging - histology comparison. <i>BMC Ophthalmology</i> , 2009, 9, 9.	0.6	76
31	JUN regulates early transcriptional responses to axonal injury in retinal ganglion cells. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2013, 112, 106-117.	1.2	76
32	MATH5 controls the acquisition of multiple retinal cell fates. <i>Molecular Brain</i> , 2010, 3, 36.	1.3	72
33	Using genetic mouse models to gain insight into glaucoma: Past results and future possibilities. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2015, 141, 42-56.	1.2	69
34	BARHL2 Differentially Regulates the Development of Retinal Amacrine and Ganglion Neurons. <i>Journal of Neuroscience</i> , 2009, 29, 3992-4003.	1.7	66
35	Axon injury signaling and compartmentalized injury response in glaucoma. <i>Progress in Retinal and Eye Research</i> , 2019, 73, 100769.	7.3	63
36	Role of SARM1 and DR6 in retinal ganglion cell axonal and somal degeneration following axonal injury. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2018, 171, 54-61.	1.2	57

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37	The Usher 1B protein, MYO7A, is required for normal localization and function of the visual retinoid cycle enzyme, RPE65. <i>Human Molecular Genetics</i> , 2011, 20, 2560-2570.	1.4	56
38	Myosin Va is required for normal photoreceptor synaptic activity. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2004, 117, 4509-4515.	1.2	55
39	Together JUN and DDIT3 (CHOP) control retinal ganglion cell death after axonal injury. <i>Molecular Neurodegeneration</i> , 2017, 12, 71.	4.4	50
40	Tumor necrosis factor alpha has an early protective effect on retinal ganglion cells after optic nerve crush. <i>Journal of Neuroinflammation</i> , 2014, 11, 194.	3.1	49
41	Neuroprotection for glaucoma: Requirements for clinical translation. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2017, 157, 34-37.	1.2	48
42	Phospholipid flippase ATP8A2 is required for normal visual and auditory function and photoreceptor and spiral ganglion cell survival. <i>Journal of Cell Science</i> , 2014, 127, 1138-49.	1.2	47
43	Datgan, a reusable software system for facile interrogation and visualization of complex transcription profiling data. <i>BMC Genomics</i> , 2011, 12, 429.	1.2	46
44	BBC3 (PUMA) regulates developmental apoptosis but not axonal injury induced death in the retina. <i>Molecular Neurodegeneration</i> , 2011, 6, 50.	4.4	44
45	Ocular Fibroblast Diversity: Implications for Inflammation and Ocular Wound Healing. , 2011, 52, 4859.		44
46	JUN is important for ocular hypertension-induced retinal ganglion cell degeneration. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2017, 8, e2945-e2945.	2.7	44
47	Mouse genetic models: an ideal system for understanding glaucomatous neurodegeneration and neuroprotection. <i>Progress in Brain Research</i> , 2008, 173, 303-321.	0.9	43
48	Cdh23 mutations in the mouse are associated with retinal dysfunction but not retinal degeneration. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2003, 77, 731-739.	1.2	40
49	Col4a1 mutations cause progressive retinal neovascular defects and retinopathy. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2016, 6, 18602.	1.6	38
50	The Bcl-2 family member BIM has multiple glaucoma-relevant functions in DBA/2J mice. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2012, 2, 530.	1.6	37
51	Notch2 regulates BMP signaling and epithelial morphogenesis in the ciliary body of the mouse eye. <i>Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America</i> , 2013, 110, 8966-8971.	3.3	36
52	Inducible nitric oxide synthase, Nos2, does not mediate optic neuropathy and retinopathy in the DBA/2J glaucoma model. <i>BMC Neuroscience</i> , 2007, 8, 108.	0.8	35
53	Endoplasmic Reticulum Stress as a Primary Pathogenic Mechanism Leading to Age-Related Macular Degeneration. <i>Advances in Experimental Medicine and Biology</i> , 2010, 664, 403-409.	0.8	34
54	Identification of the cellular source of laminin γ 2 in adult and developing vertebrate retinae. , 1997, 389, 655-667.		33

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55	The roles of unconventional myosins in hearing and deafness. <i>Essays in Biochemistry</i> , 2000, 35, 159-174.	2.1	30
56	BCL2L1 (BCL-X) promotes survival of adult and developing retinal ganglion cells. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2012, 51, 53-59.	1.0	28
57	Quantitative measurement of retinal ganglion cell populations via histology-based random forest classification. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2016, 146, 370-385.	1.2	23
58	Mkk4 and Mkk7 are important for retinal development and axonal injury-induced retinal ganglion cell death. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2018, 9, 1095.	2.7	21
59	DBA/2J Mice Are Susceptible to Diabetic Nephropathy and Diabetic Exacerbation of IOP Elevation. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e107291.	1.1	19
60	Assessment of intrinsic and extrinsic signaling pathway in excitotoxic retinal ganglion cell death. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2018, 8, 4641.	1.6	19
61	Pou4f1 and Pou4f2 Are Dispensable for the Long-Term Survival of Adult Retinal Ganglion Cells in Mice. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2014, 9, e94173.	1.1	19
62	Focal damage to macaque photoreceptors produces persistent visual loss. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2014, 119, 88-96.	1.2	17
63	Strain-Dependent Anterior Segment Dysgenesis and Progression to Glaucoma in <i>Col4a1</i> Mutant Mice. , 2015, 56, 6823.		17
64	G-Protein-Coupled Receptor-2-Interacting Protein-1 Controls Stalk Cell Fate by Inhibiting Delta-like 4-Notch1 Signaling. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2016, 17, 2532-2541.	2.9	17
65	DDIT3 (CHOP) contributes to retinal ganglion cell somal loss but not axonal degeneration in DBA/2J mice. <i>Cell Death Discovery</i> , 2019, 5, 140.	2.0	17
66	Myosin VI is required for normal retinal function. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2005, 81, 116-120.	1.2	16
67	Jnk2 deficiency increases the rate of glaucomatous neurodegeneration in ocular hypertensive DBA/2J mice. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2018, 9, 705.	2.7	16
68	Roles of the Extracellular Matrix in Retinal Development and Maintenance. <i>Results and Problems in Cell Differentiation</i> , 2000, 31, 115-140.	0.2	15
69	Endothelin 1-induced retinal ganglion cell death is largely mediated by JUN activation. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2020, 11, 811.	2.7	13
70	Deficiency in Bim, Bid and Bbc3 (Puma) do not prevent axonal injury induced death. <i>Cell Death and Differentiation</i> , 2013, 20, 182-182.	5.0	12
71	The polyether ionophore salinomycin targets multiple cellular pathways to block proliferative vitreoretinopathy pathology. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2019, 14, e0222596.	1.1	11
72	Vascular derived endothelin receptor A controls endothelin-induced retinal ganglion cell death. <i>Cell Death Discovery</i> , 2022, 8, 207.	2.0	7

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73	Novel axon projection after stress and degeneration in the Dscam mutant retina. <i>Molecular and Cellular Neurosciences</i> , 2016, 71, 1-12.	1.0	5
74	Ciliary margin-derived BMP4 does not have a major role in ocular development. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2018, 13, e0197048.	1.1	5
75	Gabor domain optical coherence microscopy combined with laser scanning confocal fluorescence microscopy. <i>Biomedical Optics Express</i> , 2019, 10, 6242.	1.5	5
76	Salinomycin inhibits proliferative vitreoretinopathy formation in a mouse model. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2020, 15, e0243626.	1.1	5
77	Trabecular meshwork morphogenesis: A comparative analysis of wildtype and anterior segment dysgenesis mouse models. <i>Experimental Eye Research</i> , 2018, 170, 81-91.	1.2	3
78	Transcriptional control of retinal ganglion cell death after axonal injury. <i>Cell Death and Disease</i> , 2022, 13, 244.	2.7	2
79	Adding Metabolomics to the Toolbox for Studying Retinal Disease. , 2013, 54, 4260.		1