

Michael Spate

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

15
papers

147
citations

1307594

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h-index

1281871

11
g-index

15
all docs

15
docs citations

15
times ranked

113
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	New evidence from the Kashmir Valley indicates the adoption of East and West Asian crops in the western Himalayas by 4400 years ago. <i>Quaternary Science Advances</i> , 2020, 2, 100011.	1.9	26
2	The Northern Neolithic of the Western Himalayas: New Research in the Kashmir Valley. <i>Archaeological Research in Asia</i> , 2019, 18, 17-39.	0.7	20
3	New evidence for early 4th millennium BP agriculture in the Western Himalayas: Qasim Bagh, Kashmir. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2017, 11, 568-577.	0.5	16
4	Inner Asian agro-pastoralism as optimal adaptation strategy of Wupu inhabitants (3000â€“2400 cal BP) in Xinjiang, China. <i>Holocene</i> , 2021, 31, 203-216.	1.7	16
5	Early Neolithic agriculture (2700â€“2000Â±bc) and Kushan period developments (ad 100â€“300): macrobotanical evidence from Kanispur in Kashmir, India. <i>Vegetation History and Archaeobotany</i> , 2017, 27, 477.	2.1	13
6	Investigation of the diverse plant uses at the South Aisikexiaer Cemetery (~ 2700â€“2400 years bp) in the Hami Basin of Xinjiang, Northwest China. <i>Archaeological and Anthropological Sciences</i> , 2019, 11, 699-711.	1.8	10
7	The wind that shakes the barley: the role of East Asian cuisines on barley grain size. <i>World Archaeology</i> , 2021, 53, 287-304.	1.1	10
8	Palaeoenvironmental proxies indicate long-term development of agro-pastoralist landscapes in Inner Asian mountains. <i>Scientific Reports</i> , 2022, 12, 554.	3.3	9
9	Linking past cultural developments to palaeoenvironmental changes from 5000 BP to present: A climate-culture reconstruction from Harshad estuary, Saurashtra, Gujarat, India. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2019, 507, 188-196.	1.5	7
10	Variable monsoons and human adaptations: Archaeological and palaeoenvironmental records during the last 1400 years in north-western India. <i>Holocene</i> , 2020, 30, 1332-1344.	1.7	6
11	Re-examining climate-driven Malthusian collapse in Kashmir: New palaeoenvironmental context for the archaeological record. <i>Quaternary International</i> , 2022, 623, 127-138.	1.5	5
12	Reconsidering Archaeological and Environmental Proxies for Long Term Human-Environment Interactions in the Valley of Kashmir. , 2019, , 123-149.		3
13	Reviewing the Palaeoenvironmental Record to Better Understand Long-Term Human-Environment Interaction in Inner Asia During the Late Holocene. <i>Frontiers in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 0, 10, .	2.2	3
14	Cereal size, AMS and charcoal data from phase 1 of the Kashmir Prehistory Project. <i>Journal of Archaeological Science: Reports</i> , 2022, 42, 103369.	0.5	2
15	Multiproxy analysis on Indian wild ass (<i>Equus hemionus khur</i>) dung from Little Rann of Western India and its implications for the palaeoecology and archaeology of arid regions. <i>Review of Palaeobotany and Palynology</i> , 2022, 304, 104700.	1.5	1