## Jacqueline F Gould

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Diathesis-stress or differential susceptibility? Comparing the theories when determining the outcomes for children born before 33Âweeks' gestation. Acta Psychologica, 2022, 224, 103533.	0.7	1
2	A Systematic Review of Vitamin D during Pregnancy and Postnatally and Symptoms of Depression in the Antenatal and Postpartum Period from Randomized Controlled Trials and Observational Studies. Nutrients, 2022, 14, 2300.	1.7	2
3	Parent concerns for child development following admission to neonatal intensive or special care: From birth to adolescence. Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health, 2022, 58, 1539-1547.	0.4	1
4	DHA supplementation in infants born preterm and the effect on attention at 18 months' corrected age: follow-up of a subset of the N3RO randomised controlled trial. British Journal of Nutrition, 2021, 125, 420-431.	1.2	12
5	The Influence of Omega-3 Long-Chain Polyunsaturated Fatty Acid, Docosahexaenoic Acid, on Child Behavioral Functioning: A Review of Randomized Controlled Trials of DHA Supplementation in Pregnancy, the Neonatal Period and Infancy. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 415.	1.7	15
6	Protocol for assessing whether cognition of preterm infants <29 weeks' gestation can be improved by an intervention with the omega-3 long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acid docosahexaenoic acid (DHA): a follow-up of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e041597.	0.8	6
7	New Methodologies for Conducting Maternal, Infant, and Child Nutrition Research in the Era of COVID-19. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 941.	1.7	5
8	Protocol for assessing if behavioural functioning of infants born <29 weeks' gestation is improved by omega-3 long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acids: follow-up of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2021, 11, e044740.	0.8	6
9	Psychologist attitudes, self-reported competence and practices associated with the use of dietary interventions for children presenting for psychological treatment. Australian Psychologist, 2021, 56, 394-405.	0.9	4
10	The Influence of Prenatal DHA Supplementation on Individual Domains of Behavioral Functioning in School-Aged Children: Follow-Up of a Randomized Controlled Trial. Nutrients, 2021, 13, 2996.	1.7	1
11	Consequences of using chronological age versus corrected age when testing cognitive and motor development in infancy and intelligence quotient at school age for children born preterm. PLoS ONE, 2021, 16, e0256824.	1.1	17
12	The Influence of DHA on Language Development: A Review of Randomized Controlled Trials of DHA Supplementation in Pregnancy, the Neonatal Period, and Infancy. Nutrients, 2020, 12, 3106.	1.7	12
13	Association of Poor Postnatal Growth with Neurodevelopmental Impairment in Infancy and Childhood: Comparing the Fetus and the Healthy Preterm Infant References. Journal of Pediatrics, 2020, 225, 37-43.e5.	0.9	14
14	Can the Bayley Scales of Infant Development at 18 months predict child behaviour at 7 years?. Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health, 2019, 55, 74-81.	0.4	15
15	Prenatal n-3 Long-Chain Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids and Children's Executive Functions. , 2019, , 83-105.		7
16	Docosahexaenoic acid supplementation of preterm infants and parent-reported symptoms of allergic disease at 7 years corrected age: follow-up of a randomized controlled trial. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2019, 109, 1600-1610.	2.2	6
17	Omega-3 fatty acids to prevent preterm birth: Australian pregnant women's preterm birth awareness and intentions to increase omega-3 fatty acid intake. Nutrition Journal, 2019, 18, 74.	1.5	11
18	Omega-3 Fatty Acid Addition During Pregnancy. Obstetrical and Gynecological Survey, 2019, 74, 189-191.	0.2	6

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
19	Omega-3 fatty acid addition during pregnancy. The Cochrane Library, 2018, 2018, CD003402.	1.5	183
20	Assessing whether early attention of very preterm infants can be improved by an omega-3 long-chain polyunsaturated fatty acid intervention: a follow-up of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e020043.	0.8	13
21	Polyunsaturated Fatty Acids: Metabolism and Nutritional Requirements in Pregnancy and Infancy. , 2018, , 111-134.		5
22	Seven-Year Follow-up of Children Born to Women in a Randomized Trial of Prenatal DHA Supplementation. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2017, 317, 1173.	3.8	56
23	Complementary Feeding, Micronutrients and Developmental Outcomes of Children. Nestle Nutrition Institute Workshop Series, 2017, 87, 13-28.	1.5	14
24	Perinatal nutrition interventions and post-partum depressive symptoms. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2017, 224, 2-9.	2.0	14
25	Association of cord blood vitamin D with early childhood growth and neurodevelopment. Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health, 2017, 53, 75-83.	0.4	43
26	Does n-3 LCPUFA supplementation during pregnancy increase the IQ of children at school age? Follow-up of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2016, 6, e011465.	0.8	16
27	Association of cord blood vitamin D at delivery with postpartum depression in Australian women. Australian and New Zealand Journal of Obstetrics and Gynaecology, 2015, 55, 446-452.	0.4	21
28	Neurodevelopmental outcomes at 7 years' corrected age in preterm infants who were fed high-dose docosahexaenoic acid to term equivalent: a follow-up of a randomised controlled trial. BMJ Open, 2015, 5, e007314-e007314.	0.8	84
29	Four-Year Follow-up of Children Born to Women in a Randomized Trial of Prenatal DHA Supplementation. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 2014, 311, 1802.	3.8	60
30	Randomized controlled trial of maternal omega-3 long-chain PUFA supplementation during pregnancy and early childhood development of attention, working memory, and inhibitory control. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2014, 99, 851-859.	2.2	59
31	The effect of maternal omega-3 (n-3) LCPUFA supplementation during pregnancy on early childhood cognitive and visual development: a systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2013, 97, 531-544.	2.2	184