

Kimberly A Johnson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/852269/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

11
papers

1,145
citations

933447

10
h-index

1372567

10
g-index

11
all docs

11
docs citations

11
times ranked

2020
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Cover Image: Volume 22, Issue 4. <i>Evolution & Development</i> , 2020, 22, i.	2.0	0
2	von Willebrand factor D and EGF domains is an evolutionarily conserved and required feature of blastemas capable of multitissue appendage regeneration. <i>Evolution & Development</i> , 2020, 22, 297-311.	2.0	25
3	Treatment with Human Amniotic Suspension Allograft Improves Tendon Healing in a Rat Model of Collagenase-Induced Tendinopathy. <i>Cells</i> , 2019, 8, 1411.	4.1	17
4	Common themes in tetrapod appendage regeneration: a cellular perspective. <i>EvoDevo</i> , 2019, 10, 11.	3.2	13
5	Systemic cell cycle activation is induced following complex tissue injury in axolotl. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2018, 433, 461-472.	2.0	47
6	Transcriptomic landscape of the blastema niche in regenerating adult axolotl limbs at single-cell resolution. <i>Nature Communications</i> , 2018, 9, 5153.	12.8	133
7	A Tissue-Mapped Axolotl De Novo Transcriptome Enables Identification of Limb Regeneration Factors. <i>Cell Reports</i> , 2017, 18, 762-776.	6.4	752
8	Identification of regenerative roadblocks via repeat deployment of limb regeneration in axolotls. <i>Npj Regenerative Medicine</i> , 2017, 2, 30.	5.2	42
9	Gfap ⁺ positive radial glial cells are an essential progenitor population for later-born neurons and glia in the zebrafish spinal cord. <i>Glia</i> , 2016, 64, 1170-1189.	4.9	70
10	Radial glia inhibit peripheral glial infiltration into the spinal cord at motor exit point transition zones. <i>Glia</i> , 2016, 64, 1138-1153.	4.9	26
11	Kif11 dependent cell cycle progression in radial glial cells is required for proper neurogenesis in the zebrafish neural tube. <i>Developmental Biology</i> , 2014, 387, 73-92.	2.0	20