## Simon Gregson

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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204 papers 8,334 citations

51 h-index 82 g-index

209 all docs 209 docs citations 209 times ranked 5916 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	The (in)visibility of misdiagnosis in point-of-care HIV testing in Zimbabwe. Medical Anthropology: Cross Cultural Studies in Health and Illness, 2022, , 1-14.	1.2	2
2	Did sexual behaviour differences between HIV infection and treatment groups offset the preventative biological effects of ART roll-out in Zimbabwe?. Population Studies, 2021, 75, 457-476.	2.1	0
3	Understanding the determinants and consequences of HIV status disclosure in Manicaland, Zimbabwe: cross-sectional and prospective analyses. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2021, 33, 1577-1594.	1.2	1
4	Comprehensive investigation of sources of misclassification errors in routine HIV testing in Zimbabwe. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2021, 24, e25700.	3.0	7
5	Association between HIV infection and hypertension: a global systematic review and meta-analysis of cross-sectional studies. BMC Medicine, 2021, 19, 105.	<b>5.</b> 5	32
6	Age patterns of HIV incidence in eastern and southern Africa: a modelling analysis of observational population-based cohort studies. Lancet HIV,the, 2021, 8, e429-e439.	4.7	40
7	Incidence and predictors of attrition among patients receiving ART in eastern Zimbabwe before, and after the introduction of universal †treat-all†policies: A competing risk analysis. PLOS Global Public Health, 2021, 1, e0000006.	1.6	3
8	The determinants and impacts of age-disparate relationships on women in Zimbabwe: A life course perspective. SSM - Population Health, 2021, 16, 100947.	2.7	1
9	Parental obligations, care and HIV treatment: How care for others motivates self-care in Zimbabwe. Journal of Health Psychology, 2020, 25, 2178-2187.	2.3	8
10	Human Immunodeficiency Virus, Antiretroviral Therapy, and Fertility in Sub-Saharan Africa: Pieces Still Missing in the Jigsaw Puzzle. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2020, 221, 1919-1921.	4.0	1
11	The temporalities of policymaking: The case of HIV test-and-treat policy adoption in Zimbabwe. Health and Place, 2020, 61, 102246.	3.3	6
12	Complexities to consider when communicating risk of COVID-19. Public Health, 2020, 186, 283-285.	2.9	7
13	Uncertainties, work conditions and testing biases: Potential pathways to misdiagnosis in point-of-care rapid HIV testing in Zimbabwe. PLoS ONE, 2020, 15, e0237239.	2.5	6
14	Strengthening primary HIV prevention: better use of data to improve programmes, develop strategies and evaluate progress. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2020, 23, e25538.	3.0	3
15	Spillover HIV prevention effects of a cash transfer trial in East Zimbabwe: evidence from a cluster-randomised trial and general-population survey. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 1599.	2.9	4
16	Improving risk perception and uptake of voluntary medical male circumcision with peer-education sessions and incentives, in Manicaland, East Zimbabwe: study protocol for a pilot randomised trial. Trials, 2020, 21, 108.	1.6	5
17	Relationships between changes in HIV risk perception and condom use in East Zimbabwe 2003–2013: population-based longitudinal analyses. BMC Public Health, 2020, 20, 756.	2.9	18
18	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237239.		O

#	Article	IF	Citations
19	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237239.		О
20	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237239.		0
21	Title is missing!. , 2020, 15, e0237239.		0
22	Widespread changes in sexual behaviour in eastern and southern Africa: Challenges to achieving global <scp>HIV</scp> targets? Longitudinal analyses of nationally representative surveys. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2019, 22, e25329.	3.0	6
23	Application of the HIV prevention cascade to identify, develop and evaluate interventions to improve use of prevention methods: examples from a study in east Zimbabwe. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2019, 22, e25309.	3.0	21
24	The multidimensionality of masculine norms in east Zimbabwe. Aids, 2019, 33, 537-546.	2.2	8
25	Improving risk perception and uptake of pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) through interactive feedback-based counselling with and without community engagement in young women in Manicaland, East Zimbabwe: study protocol for a pilot randomized trial. Trials, 2019, 20, 668.	1.6	14
26	Accuracy of HIV Risk Perception in East Zimbabwe 2003–2013. AIDS and Behavior, 2019, 23, 2199-2209.	2.7	12
27	HIV prevention cascades: a unifying framework to replicate the successes of treatment cascades. Lancet HIV,the, 2019, 6, e60-e66.	4.7	56
28	The rebellious man: Next-of-kin accounts of the death of a male relative on antiretroviral therapy in sub-Saharan Africa. Global Public Health, 2019, 14, 1252-1263.	2.0	4
29	Do female sex workers have lower uptake of HIV treatment services than non-sex workers? A cross-sectional study from east Zimbabwe. BMJ Open, 2018, 8, e018751.	1.9	8
30	The growing burden of noncommunicable disease among persons living with HIV in Zimbabwe. Aids, 2018, 32, 773-782.	2.2	51
31	Prevalence and Associations of Psychological Distress, HIV Infection and HIV Care Service Utilization in East Zimbabwe. AIDS and Behavior, 2018, 22, 1485-1495.	2.7	12
32	A longitudinal review of national HIV policy and progress made in health facility implementation in Eastern Zimbabwe. Health Research Policy and Systems, 2018, 16, 92.	2.8	14
33	Does nonlocal women's attendance at antenatal clinics distort HIV prevalence surveillance estimates in pregnant women in Zimbabwe?. Aids, 2017, 31, S95-S102.	2.2	5
34	Education, substance use, and HIV risk among orphaned adolescents in Eastern Zimbabwe. Vulnerable Children and Youth Studies, 2017, 12, 360-374.	1.1	14
35	Empirical validation of the UNAIDS Spectrum model for subnational HIV estimates. Aids, 2017, 31, S41-S50.	2.2	8
36	Age-disparate relationships and HIV incidence in adolescent girls and young women. Aids, 2017, 31, 1461-1470.	2.2	120

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37	The effects of HIV on fertility by infection duration. Aids, 2017, 31, S69-S76.	2.2	19
38	The Cost of Not Retesting: Human Immunodeficiency Virus Misdiagnosis in the Antiretroviral Therapy "Test-and-Offer―Era. Clinical Infectious Diseases, 2017, 65, 522-525.	5.8	17
39	Getting off on the wrong foot? How community groups in Zimbabwe position themselves for partnerships with external agencies in the HIV response. Globalization and Health, 2017, 13, 29.	4.9	8
40	Documenting and explaining the HIV decline in east Zimbabwe: the Manicaland General Population Cohort. BMJ Open, 2017, 7, e015898.	1.9	34
41	Spatial patterns of HIV prevalence and service use in East Zimbabwe: implications for future targeting of interventions. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2017, 20, 21409.	3.0	21
42	Social Contact Structures and Time Use Patterns in the Manicaland Province of Zimbabwe. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0170459.	2.5	84
43	A reconfiguration of the sex trade: How social and structural changes in eastern Zimbabwe left women involved in sex work and transactional sex more vulnerable. PLoS ONE, 2017, 12, e0171916.	2.5	19
44	Rising Levels of HIV Infection in Older Adults in Eastern Zimbabwe. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0162967.	2.5	27
45	Transition to Parenthood and HIV Infection in Rural Zimbabwe. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0163730.	2.5	4
46	Data Resource Profile: Network for Analysing Longitudinal Population-based HIV/AIDS data on Africa (ALPHA Network). International Journal of Epidemiology, 2016, 45, 83-93.	1.9	41
47	Providing a conceptual framework for HIV prevention cascades and assessing feasibility of empirical measurement with data from east Zimbabwe: a case study. Lancet HIV, the, 2016, 3, e297-e306.	4.7	64
48	The relationship between parental education and children's schooling in a time of economic turmoil: The case of East Zimbabwe, 2001 to 2011. International Journal of Educational Development, 2016, 51, 125-134.	2.7	17
49	Implications of Teacher Life–Work Histories for Conceptualisations of â€~Care': Narratives from Rural Zimbabwe. Journal of Community and Applied Social Psychology, 2016, 26, 323-339.	2.4	6
50	Impact of <scp>ART</scp> on the fertility of <scp>HIV</scp> â€positive women in subâ€Saharan Africa. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2016, 21, 1071-1085.	2.3	26
51	Wealth differentials in the impact of conditional and unconditional cash transfers on education: findings from a community-randomised controlled trial in Zimbabwe. Psychology, Health and Medicine, 2016, 21, 909-917.	2.4	7
52	Unpacking †OVC': Locally Perceived Differences Between Orphaned, HIV-Positive and AIDS-Affected Children in Zimbabwe. Cross-cultural Research in Health, Illness and Well-being, 2016, , 23-42.	0.0	3
53	The Incidence Patterns Model to Estimate the Distribution of New HIV Infections in Sub-Saharan Africa: Development and Validation of a Mathematical Model. PLoS Medicine, 2016, 13, e1002121.	8.4	16
54	Can Schools Support HIV/AIDS-Affected Children? Exploring the †Ethic of Care†amongst Rural Zimbabwean Teachers. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0146322.	2.5	17

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55	Might ART Adherence Estimates Be Improved by Combining Biomarker and Self-Report Data?. PLoS ONE, 2016, 11, e0167852.	2.5	8
56	A good patient? How notions of â€~a good patient' affect patient-nurse relationships and ART adherence in Zimbabwe. BMC Infectious Diseases, 2015, 15, 404.	2.9	33
57	P16.11â€Estimating the distribution of new hiv infections by key determinants in generalised epidemics of sub-saharan africa using a validated mathematical model. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2015, 91, A215.3-A216.	1.9	0
58	Do HIV prevalence trends in antenatal clinic surveillance represent trends in the general population in the antiretroviral therapy era? The case of Manicaland, East Zimbabwe. Aids, 2015, 29, 1845-1853.	2.2	16
59	The effects of household wealth on HIV prevalence in Manicaland, Zimbabwe – a prospective household census and populationâ€based open cohort study. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2015, 18, 20063.	3.0	13
60	Factors shaping the HIV-competence of two primary schools in rural Zimbabwe. International Journal of Educational Development, 2015, 41, 226-236.	2.7	7
61	Re-thinking children׳s agency in extreme hardship: Zimbabwean children׳s draw-and-write about their HIV-affected peers. Health and Place, 2015, 31, 54-64.	3.3	16
62	Effects of cash transfers on Children's health and social protection in Sub-Saharan Africa: differences in outcomes based on orphan status and household assets. BMC Public Health, 2015, 15, 511.	2.9	23
63	Migration as a risk factor for school dropout amongst children made vulnerable by HIV/AIDS: a prospective study in eastern Zimbabwe. Vulnerable Children and Youth Studies, 2015, 10, 179-191.	1.1	5
64	Temporal Dynamics of Religion as a Determinant of HIV Infection in East Zimbabwe: A Serial Cross-Sectional Analysis. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e86060.	2.5	21
65	The Distribution of Sex Acts and Condom Use within Partnerships in a Rural Sub-Saharan African Population. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e88378.	2.5	17
66	The impact of HIV on children's education in eastern Zimbabwe. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2014, 26, 1136-1143.	1.2	32
67	Community resistance to a peer education programme in Zimbabwe. BMC Health Services Research, 2014, 14, 574.	2.2	12
68	In what ways do communities support optimal antiretroviral treatment in Zimbabwe?. Health Promotion International, 2014, 29, 645-654.	1.8	11
69	One size does not fit all: Psychometric properties of the Shona Symptom Questionnaire (SSQ) among adolescents and young adults in Zimbabwe. Journal of Affective Disorders, 2014, 167, 358-367.	4.1	8
70	Acceptability of conditions in a community-led cash transfer programme for orphaned and vulnerable children in Zimbabwe. Health Policy and Planning, 2014, 29, 809-817.	2.7	11
71	Children's representations of school support for HIV-affected peers in rural Zimbabwe. BMC Public Health, 2014, 14, 402.	2.9	16
72	Mortality trends in the era of antiretroviral therapy. Aids, 2014, 28, S533-S542.	2.2	92

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73	The Price of Sex: Condom Use and the Determinants of the Price of Sex Among Female Sex Workers in Eastern Zimbabwe. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 210, S569-S578.	4.0	44
74	Translational Epidemiology: Developing and Applying Theoretical Frameworks to Improve the Control of HIV and Other Sexually Transmitted Infections. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 210, S547-S548.	4.0	2
75	Trends in Concurrency, Polygyny, and Multiple Sex Partnerships During a Decade of Declining HIV Prevalence in Eastern Zimbabwe. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2014, 210, S562-S568.	4.0	18
76	The contribution of schools to supporting the well being of children affected by HIV in eastern Zimbabwe. Aids, 2014, 28, S379-S387.	2.2	15
77	Community Group Membership and Stigmatising Attitudes Towards People Living with HIV in Eastern Zimbabwe. Journal of Community Health, 2014, 39, 72-82.	3.8	14
78	Involving Communities in the Targeting of Cash Transfer Programs for Vulnerable Children: Opportunities and Challenges. World Development, 2014, 54, 325-337.	4.9	18
79	HIV in Children in a General Population Sample in East Zimbabwe: Prevalence, Causes and Effects. PLoS ONE, 2014, 9, e113415.	2.5	9
80	The role of community conversations in facilitating local HIV competence: case study from rural Zimbabwe. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 354.	2.9	52
81	Social acceptability and perceived impact of a community-led cash transfer programme in Zimbabwe. BMC Public Health, 2013, 13, 342.	2.9	32
82	Community groups as  critical enablers' of the HIV response in Zimbabwe. BMC Health Services Research, 2013, 13, 195.	2.2	11
83	Effects of unconditional and conditional cash transfers on child health and development in Zimbabwe: a cluster-randomised trial. Lancet, The, 2013, 381, 1283-1292.	13.7	179
84	Asset ownership among households caring for orphans and vulnerable children in rural Zimbabwe: The influence of ownership on children's health and social vulnerabilities. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2013, 25, 126-132.	1.2	16
85	Evidence for a contribution of the community response to HIV decline in eastern Zimbabwe?. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2013, 25, S88-S96.	1.2	15
86	Social capital and HIV Competent Communities: The role of community groups in managing HIV/AIDS in rural Zimbabwe. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2013, 25, S114-S122.	1.2	101
87	O07.4â€The Price of Sex: Insights into the Determinants of the Price of Commercial Sex Among Female Sex Workers in Rural Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2013, 89, A39.2-A39.	1.9	0
88	P3.048â€HIV in Children in a General Population Sample in Southern Africa: Prevalence, Causes and Effects. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2013, 89, A163.1-A163.	1.9	1
89	Modelling the global competing risks of a potential interaction between injectable hormonal contraception and HIV risk. Aids, 2013, 27, 105-113.	2.2	63
90	What can companies do to support HIV-positive workers? Recommendations for medium- and large-sized African workplaces. International Journal of Workplace Health Management, 2013, 6, 174-188.	1.9	4

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91	Grassroots community organizations' contribution to the scale-up of HIV testing and counselling services in Zimbabwe. Aids, 2013, 27, 1657-1666.	2.2	20
92	InterVA-4 as a public health tool for measuring HIV/AIDS mortality: a validation study from five African countries. Global Health Action, 2013, 6, 22448.	1.9	45
93	P3.104â€The Social Organisation of Sex Work in Rural Eastern Zimbabwe and Its Implications For HIV Infection. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2013, 89, A179.4-A180.	1.9	1
94	P5.109â€Knowledge and Uptake of HIV Intervention and Prevention Services in Manicaland, Zimbabwe: Current Determinants of Coverage and Progress Over Time. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2013, 89, A369.1-A369.	1.9	0
95	Is the Risk of HIV Acquisition Increased during and Immediately after Pregnancy? A Secondary Analysis of Pooled HIV Community-Based Studies from the ALPHA Network. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e82219.	2.5	18
96	Increasing Adolescent HIV Prevalence in Eastern Zimbabwe – Evidence of Long-Term Survivors of Mother-to-Child Transmission?. PLoS ONE, 2013, 8, e70447.	2.5	32
97	Household-based cash transfer targeting strategies in Zimbabwe: Are we reaching the most vulnerable children?. Social Science and Medicine, 2012, 75, 2503-2508.	3.8	11
98	Can AIDS stigma be reduced to poverty stigma? Exploring Zimbabwean children's representations of poverty and AIDS. Child: Care, Health and Development, 2012, 38, 732-742.	1.7	16
99	Building adherence-competent communities: Factors promoting children's adherence to anti-retroviral HIV/AIDS treatment in rural Zimbabwe. Health and Place, 2012, 18, 123-131.	3.3	44
100	Monitoring trends in HIV prevalence among young people, aged 15 to 24 years, in Manicaland, Zimbabwe. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2011, 14, 27-27.	3.0	11
101	When masculinity interferes with women's treatment of HIV infection: a qualitative study about adherence to antiretroviral therapy in Zimbabwe. Journal of the International AIDS Society, 2011, 14, 29-29.	3.0	68
102	P1-S5.19 Marriage dissolution and HIV prevalence in rural Zimbabwe 2003-2008. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, A182-A182.	1.9	0
103	S3.4 Multi-level strategies to evaluate the impact of HIV prevention programmes in Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, A4-A4.	1.9	0
104	O1-S04.01 Increasing adolescent HIV prevalence in Northeastern Zimbabwe: evidence of long-term survivors of mother to child transmission. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, A28-A29.	1.9	0
105	O1-S08.02 Who are the women at risk of HIV infection in rural Zimbabwe and how many are there? Insights into their characteristics, locations, and behaviours. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, A41-A41.	1.9	1
106	O1-S06.06 Patterns and trends in concurrency and polygamy in rural Zimbabwe, 1998-2008. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, A37-A38.	1.9	1
107	P1-S6.04 Education and lifetime risk of HIV infection in Manicaland, Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, A197-A197.	1.9	1
108	"We, the AIDS people― How Antiretroviral Therapy Enables Zimbabweans Living With HIV/AIDS to Cope With Stigma. American Journal of Public Health, 2011, 101, 1004-1010.	2.7	80

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109	Social Capital and Women's Reduced Vulnerability to HIV Infection in Rural Zimbabwe. Population and Development Review, 2011, 37, 333-359.	2.1	58
110	A â€~good hospital': Nurse and patient perceptions of good clinical care for HIV-positive people on antiretroviral treatment in rural Zimbabwe—A mixed-methods qualitative study. International Journal of Nursing Studies, 2011, 48, 175-183.	5.6	48
111	Local Perceptions of the Forms, Timing and Causes of Behavior Change in Response to the AIDS Epidemic in Zimbabwe. AIDS and Behavior, 2011, 15, 487-498.	2.7	31
112	Masculinity as a barrier to men's use of HIV services in Zimbabwe. Globalization and Health, 2011, 7, 13.	4.9	225
113	Contextual and psychosocial influences on antiretroviral therapy adherence in rural Zimbabwe: towards a systematic framework for programme planners. International Journal of Health Planning and Management, 2011, 26, 296-318.	1.7	50
114	Sources of motivation and frustration among healthcare workers administering antiretroviral treatment for HIV in rural Zimbabwe. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2011, 23, 797-802.	1.2	16
115	Challenges faced by elderly guardians in sustaining the adherence to antiretroviral therapy in HIV-infected children in Zimbabwe. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2011, 23, 957-964.	1.2	54
116	The forgotten half of the equation. Aids, 2011, 25, 1535-1541.	2.2	106
117	A Surprising Prevention Success: Why Did the HIV Epidemic Decline in Zimbabwe?. PLoS Medicine, 2011, 8, e1000414.	8.4	137
118	Estimating the resources required in the roll-out of universal access to antiretroviral treatment in Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2011, 87, 621-628.	1.9	9
119	Did National HIV Prevention Programs Contribute to HIV Decline in Eastern Zimbabwe? Evidence From a Prospective Community Survey. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2011, 38, 475-482.	1.7	17
120	Estimates of HIV incidence from household-based prevalence surveys. Aids, 2010, 24, 147-152.	2.2	54
121	Patterns of Self-reported Behaviour Change Associated with Receiving Voluntary Counselling and Testing in a Longitudinal Study from Manicaland, Zimbabwe. AIDS and Behavior, 2010, 14, 708-715.	2.7	50
122	Comparison of HIV Prevalence Estimates for Zimbabwe from Antenatal Clinic Surveillance (2006) and the 2005–06 Zimbabwe Demographic and Health Survey. PLoS ONE, 2010, 5, e13819.	<b>2.</b> 5	17
123	HIV decline in Zimbabwe due to reductions in risky sex? Evidence from a comprehensive epidemiological review. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2010, 39, 1311-1323.	1.9	121
124	Verbal autopsy can consistently measure AIDS mortality: a validation study in Tanzania and Zimbabwe. Journal of Epidemiology and Community Health, 2010, 64, 330-334.	3.7	40
125	Causes and consequences of psychological distress among orphans in eastern Zimbabwe. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2010, 22, 988-996.	1.2	95
126	Sexual risk among orphaned adolescents: is country-level HIV prevalence an important factor?. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2010, 22, 927-938.	1.2	18

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127	Measuring and correcting biased child mortality statistics in countries with generalized epidemics of HIV infection. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2010, 88, 761-768.	3.3	17
128	Obstacles to local-level AIDS competence in rural Zimbabwe: putting HIV prevention in context. AIDS Care - Psychological and Socio-Medical Aspects of AIDS/HIV, 2010, 22, 1662-1669.	1.2	41
129	Strong Association Between In-Migration and HIV Prevalence in Urban Sub-Saharan Africa. Sexually Transmitted Diseases, 2010, 37, 240-243.	1.7	59
130	Contrasting causal pathways contribute to poorer health and nutrition outcomes in orphans in Zimbabwe. Vulnerable Children and Youth Studies, 2009, 4, 312-323.	1.1	7
131	Sexual behaviour change in countries with generalised HIV epidemics? Evidence from population-based cohort studies in sub-Saharan Africa. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2009, 85, i1-i2.	1.9	14
132	Measuring trends in age at first sex and age at marriage in Manicaland, Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2009, 85, i34-i40.	1.9	26
133	Role of widows in the heterosexual transmission of HIV in Manicaland, Zimbabwe, 1998-2003. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2009, 85, i41-i48.	1.9	46
134	Is education the link between orphanhood and HIV/HSV-2 risk among female adolescents in urban Zimbabwe?. Social Science and Medicine, 2009, 68, 1810-1818.	3.8	67
135	The role of testing and counselling for HIV prevention and care in the era of scaling-up antiretroviral therapy. Epidemics, 2009, 1, 77-82.	3.0	15
136	Assessing evidence for behaviour change affecting the course of HIV epidemics: A new mathematical modelling approach and application to data from Zimbabwe. Epidemics, 2009, 1, 108-117.	3.0	80
137	From affected to infected? Orphanhood and HIV risk among female adolescents in urban Zimbabwe. Aids, 2008, 22, 759-766.	2.2	122
138	Discrepancies between UN models and DHS survey estimates of maternal orphan prevalence: insights from analyses of survey data from Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2008, 84, i57-i62.	1.9	18
139	Estimating Incidence from Prevalence in Generalised HIV Epidemics: Methods and Validation. PLoS Medicine, 2008, 5, e80.	8.4	117
140	The Impact of Monitoring HIV Patients Prior to Treatment in Resource-Poor Settings: Insights from Mathematical Modelling. PLoS Medicine, 2008, 5, e53.	8.4	25
141	Measuring effectiveness in community randomized trials of HIV prevention. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 77-87.	1.9	20
142	HIV incidence in 3 years of follow-up of a Zimbabwe cohort—1998–2000 to 2001–03: contributions of proximate and underlying determinants to transmission. International Journal of Epidemiology, 2008, 37, 88-105.	1.9	42
143	HIV-Associated Orphanhood and Children's Psychosocial Distress: Theoretical Framework Tested With Data From Zimbabwe. American Journal of Public Health, 2008, 98, 133-141.	2.7	138
144	When Did HIV Incidence Peak in Harare, Zimbabwe? Back-Calculation from Mortality Statistics. PLoS ONE, 2008, 3, e1711.	2.5	20

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145	Critique of early models of the demographic impact of HIV/AIDS in sub-Saharan Africa based on contemporary empirical data from Zimbabwe. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America, 2007, 104, 14586-14591.	7.1	32
146	Impact and Process Evaluation of Integrated Community and Clinic-Based HIV-1 Control: A Cluster-Randomised Trial in Eastern Zimbabwe. PLoS Medicine, 2007, 4, e102.	8.4	111
147	Behaviour change in generalised HIV epidemics: impact of reducing cross-generational sex and delaying age at sexual debut. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2007, 83, i50-i54.	1.9	95
148	Adult Mortality and Erosion of Household Viability in AIDS-Afflicted Towns, Estates, and Villages in Eastern Zimbabwe. Journal of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndromes (1999), 2007, 44, 188-195.	2.1	27
149	Changing patterns of adult mortality as the HIV epidemic matures in Manicaland, eastern Zimbabwe. Aids, 2007, 21, S81-S86.	2,2	22
150	Evaluating the proximate determinants framework for HIV infection in rural Zimbabwe. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2007, 83, i61-i69.	1.9	22
151	Voluntary counselling and testing: uptake, impact on sexual behaviour, and HIV incidence in a rural Zimbabwean cohort. Aids, 2007, 21, 851-860.	2.2	179
152	HIV incidence and poverty in Manicaland, Zimbabwe: is HIV becoming a disease of the poor?. Aids, 2007, 21, S57-S66.	2.2	82
153	Poorer health and nutritional outcomes in orphans and vulnerable young children not explained by greater exposure to extreme poverty in Zimbabwe. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2007, 12, 584-593.	2.3	51
154	Age at First Sex and HIV Infection in Rural Zimbabwe. Studies in Family Planning, 2007, 38, 1-10.	1.8	63
155	HIV in Zimbabwe 1985–2003: Measurement, Trends and Impact. , 2007, , 195-213.		2
156	No difference in HIV incidence and sexual behaviour between out-migrants and residents in rural Manicaland, Zimbabwe. Tropical Medicine and International Health, 2006, 11, 705-711.	2.3	39
157	Declines in HIV prevalence can be associated with changing sexual behaviour in Uganda, urban Kenya, Zimbabwe, and urban Haiti. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2006, 82, i1-i8.	1.9	157
158	Behavioural data as an adjunct to HIV surveillance data. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2006, 82, i57-i62.	1.9	33
159	Creating and Validating an Algorithm to Measure AIDS Mortality in the Adult Population using Verbal Autopsy. PLoS Medicine, 2006, 3, e312.	8.4	78
160	Criteria for detecting and understanding changes in the risk of HIV infection at a national level in generalised epidemics. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2006, 82, i48-i51.	1.9	25
161	HIV prevalence and trends from data in Zimbabwe, 1997-2004. Sexually Transmitted Infections, 2006, 82, i42-i47.	1.9	81
162	HIV Decline Associated with Behavior Change in Eastern Zimbabwe. Science, 2006, 311, 664-666.	12.6	286

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163	Adult HIV mortality in Zimbabwe. Bulletin of the World Health Organization, 2006, 84, 189-197.	3.3	31
164	Rising incidence and prevalence of orphanhood in Manicaland, Zimbabwe, 1998 to 2003. Aids, 2005, 19, 717-725.	2.2	35
165	Seroepidemiology of Trichomonas vaginalis in rural women in Zimbabwe and patterns of association with HIV infection. Epidemiology and Infection, 2005, 133, 315-323.	2.1	25
166	Extended family's and women's roles in safeguarding orphans' education in AIDS-afflicted rural Zimbabwe. Social Science and Medicine, 2005, 60, 2155-2167.	3.8	155
167	Authors' Reply: Don't Let the Hypothesis Slip. PLoS Medicine, 2005, 2, e147.	8.4	1
168	Individual Level Injection History: A Lack of Association with HIV Incidence in Rural Zimbabwe. PLoS Medicine, 2005, 2, e37.	8.4	32
169	Patterns of Movement and Risk of HIV Infection in Rural Zimbabwe. Journal of Infectious Diseases, 2005, 191, S159-S167.	4.0	106
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