

Agnes Soares da Silva

List of Publications by Year in descending order

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8434861/publications.pdf>

Version: 2024-02-01

18
papers

903
citations

623574

14
h-index

794469

19
g-index

20
all docs

20
docs citations

20
times ranked

1440
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Global Trends in the Use of Insecticides to Control Vector-Borne Diseases. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2012, 120, 577-582.	2.8	185
2	Children's Health in Latin America: The Influence of Environmental Exposures. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2015, 123, 201-209.	2.8	109
3	Pesticide exposures and chronic kidney disease of unknown etiology: an epidemiologic review. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2017, 16, 49.	1.7	93
4	LPG fuel subsidies in Latin America and the use of solid fuels to cook. <i>Energy Policy</i> , 2017, 107, 188-196.	4.2	84
5	WHO Air Quality Guidelines 2021 "Aiming for Healthier Air for all: A Joint Statement by Medical, Public Health, Scientific Societies and Patient Representative Organisations. <i>International Journal of Public Health</i> , 2021, 66, 1604465.	1.0	77
6	Chronic kidney disease of non-traditional origin in Mesoamerica: a disease primarily driven by occupational heat stress. <i>Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2020, 44, 1.	0.6	68
7	What are the blood lead levels of children living in Latin America and the Caribbean?. <i>Environment International</i> , 2017, 101, 46-58.	4.8	40
8	Blood lead and cadmium levels in preschool children and associated risk factors in São Paulo, Brazil. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2018, 240, 831-838.	3.7	38
9	Status of Legislation and Regulatory Control of Public Health Pesticides in Countries Endemic with or at Risk of Major Vector-Borne Diseases. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2011, 119, 1517-1522.	2.8	37
10	Adoption of LPG for cooking in two rural communities of Chiapas, Mexico. <i>Energy Policy</i> , 2019, 133, 110925.	4.2	35
11	Chronic Kidney Disease Epidemic in Central America: Urgent Public Health Action Is Needed amid Causal Uncertainty. <i>PLoS Neglected Tropical Diseases</i> , 2014, 8, e3019.	1.3	34
12	High blood lead levels are associated with lead concentrations in households and day care centers attended by Brazilian preschool children. <i>Environmental Pollution</i> , 2018, 239, 681-688.	3.7	24
13	Use of passive diffusion sampling method for defining NO2 concentrations gradient in São Paulo, Brazil. <i>Environmental Health</i> , 2006, 5, 19.	1.7	20
14	Status of pesticide management in the practice of vector control: a global survey in countries at risk of malaria or other major vector-borne diseases. <i>Malaria Journal</i> , 2011, 10, 125.	0.8	17
15	Monitoring and modeling of household air quality related to use of different Cookfuels in Paraguay. <i>Indoor Air</i> , 2019, 29, 252-262.	2.0	15
16	Worker health and safety and climate change in the Americas: issues and research needs. <i>Revista Panamericana De Salud Publica/Pan American Journal of Public Health</i> , 2016, 40, 192-197.	0.6	12
17	Afecciones respiratorias por el uso de leña y carbón en comunidades de Paraguay. <i>Pediatría</i> , 2018, 45, 45-52.	0.0	4
18	Clean household air for the Americas. <i>BMJ: British Medical Journal</i> , 2019, 364, l330.	2.4	3