## Denise S Fernandez-Twinn

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Maternal but not fetoplacental health can be improved by metformin in a murine dietâ€ <del>i</del> nduced model of maternal obesity and glucose intolerance. Journal of Physiology, 2022, 600, 903-919.	1.3	16
2	Effects of maternal diet-induced obesity on metabolic disorders and age-associated miRNA expression in the liver of male mouse offspring. International Journal of Obesity, 2022, 46, 269-278.	1.6	10
3	Maternal diet-induced obesity during pregnancy alters lipid supply to mouse E18.5 fetuses and changes the cardiac tissue lipidome in a sex-dependent manner. ELife, 2022, 11, .	2.8	8
4	A mouse model of gestational diabetes shows dysregulated lipid metabolism post-weaning, after return to euglycaemia. Nutrition and Diabetes, 2022, 12, 8.	1.5	9
5	Programming of cardiometabolic health: the role of maternal and fetal hyperinsulinaemia. Journal of Endocrinology, 2022, 253, R47-R63.	1.2	8
6	Metformin Exposure <i>in utero</i> Programmes Hypertension in a Sexâ€&pecific Manner in Adult Offspring of Obese Mice. FASEB Journal, 2022, 36, .	0.2	0
7	Sex differences in the intergenerational inheritance of metabolic traits. Nature Metabolism, 2022, 4, 507-523.	5.1	25
8	Exploring Telomere Dynamics in Aging Male Rat Tissues: Can Tissue-Specific Differences Contribute to Age-Associated Pathologies?. Gerontology, 2021, 67, 233-242.	1.4	5
9	Maternal obesity during pregnancy leads to adipose tissue ER stress in mice via miR-126-mediated reduction in Lunapark. Diabetologia, 2021, 64, 890-902.	2.9	15
10	Lipid Metabolism Is Dysregulated before, during and after Pregnancy in a Mouse Model of Gestational Diabetes. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 7452.	1.8	19
11	Maternal Metformin Intervention during Obese Glucose-Intolerant Pregnancy Affects Adiposity in Young Adult Mouse Offspring in a Sex-Specific Manner. International Journal of Molecular Sciences, 2021, 22, 8104.	1.8	21
12	Variably methylated retrotransposons are refractory to a range of environmental perturbations. Nature Genetics, 2021, 53, 1233-1242.	9.4	23
13	Exposure to maternal obesity programs sex differences in pancreatic islets of the offspring in mice. Diabetologia, 2020, 63, 324-337.	2.9	43
14	A high-throughput platform for detailed lipidomic analysis of a range of mouse and human tissues. Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry, 2020, 412, 2851-2862.	1.9	28
15	Impact of maternal obesity on placental transcriptome and morphology associated with fetal growth restriction in mice. International Journal of Obesity, 2020, 44, 1087-1096.	1.6	21
16	A suboptimal maternal diet combined with accelerated postnatal growth results in an altered aging profile in the thymus of male rats. FASEB Journal, 2019, 33, 239-253.	0.2	11
17	Exercise alters the molecular pathways of insulin signaling and lipid handling in maternal tissues of obese pregnant mice. Physiological Reports, 2019, 7, e14202.	0.7	18
18	Intrauterine programming of obesity and type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2019, 62, 1789-1801.	2.9	167

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19	Maternal diet-induced obesity programmes cardiac dysfunction in male mice independently of post-weaning diet. Cardiovascular Research, 2018, 114, 1372-1384.	1.8	88
20	Ageing-associated DNA methylation dynamics are a molecular readout of lifespan variation among mammalian species. Genome Biology, 2018, 19, 22.	3.8	62
21	Maternal exercise intervention in obese pregnancy improves the cardiovascular health of the adult male offspring. Molecular Metabolism, 2018, 16, 35-44.	3.0	51
22	Programming of central and peripheral insulin resistance by low birthweight and postnatal catch-up growth in male mice. Diabetologia, 2018, 61, 2225-2234.	2.9	49
23	A Westernâ€style obesogenic diet alters maternal metabolic physiology with consequences for fetal nutrient acquisition in mice. Journal of Physiology, 2017, 595, 4875-4892.	1.3	60
24	Exercise rescues obese mothers' insulin sensitivity, placental hypoxia and male offspring insulin sensitivity. Scientific Reports, 2017, 7, 44650.	1.6	88
25	Poor maternal nutrition and accelerated postnatal growth induces an accelerated aging phenotype and oxidative stress in skeletal muscle of male rats. DMM Disease Models and Mechanisms, 2016, 9, 1221-1229.	1.2	45
26	Maternal Obesity in Pregnancy Developmentally Programs Adipose Tissue Inflammation in Young, Lean Male Mice Offspring. Endocrinology, 2016, 157, 4246-4256.	1.4	73
27	Cell-autonomous programming of rat adipose tissue insulin signalling proteins by maternal nutrition. Diabetologia, 2016, 59, 1266-1275.	2.9	10
28	Coenzyme Q10 prevents hepatic fibrosis, inflammation, and oxidative stress in a male rat model of poor maternal nutrition and accelerated postnatal growth. American Journal of Clinical Nutrition, 2016, 103, 579-588.	2.2	73
29	Proximity to Delivery Alters Insulin Sensitivity and Glucose Metabolism in Pregnant Mice. Diabetes, 2016, 65, 851-860.	0.3	34
30	Coenzyme Q10 Prevents Insulin Signaling Dysregulation and Inflammation Prior to Development of Insulin Resistance in Male Offspring of a Rat Model of Poor Maternal Nutrition and Accelerated Postnatal Growth. Endocrinology, 2015, 156, 3528-3537.	1.4	28
31	Intergenerational epigenetic inheritance in models of developmental programming of adult disease. Seminars in Cell and Developmental Biology, 2015, 43, 85-95.	2.3	78
32	Glucose tolerance is associated with differential expression of microRNAs in skeletal muscle: results from studies of twins with and without type 2 diabetes. Diabetologia, 2015, 58, 363-373.	2.9	53
33	Oxidative stress and altered lipid homeostasis in the programming of offspring fatty liver by maternal obesity. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2014, 307, R26-R34.	0.9	106
34	Nutritional programming of coenzyme Q: potential for prevention and intervention?. FASEB Journal, 2014, 28, 5398-5405.	0.2	14
35	Effects of pregnancy on obesity-induced inflammation in a mouse model of fetal programming. International Journal of Obesity, 2014, 38, 1282-1289.	1.6	32
36	Maternal Diet-induced Obesity Programs Cardiovascular Dysfunction in Adult Male Mouse Offspring Independent of Current Body Weight. Endocrinology, 2014, 155, 3970-3980.	1.4	98

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37	Downregulation of IRS-1 in adipose tissue of offspring of obese mice is programmed cell-autonomously through post-transcriptional mechanisms. Molecular Metabolism, 2014, 3, 325-333.	3.0	99
38	Coenzyme Q10 prevents accelerated cardiac aging in a rat model of poor maternal nutrition and accelerated postnatal growth. Molecular Metabolism, 2013, 2, 480-490.	3.0	44
39	Poor maternal nutrition followed by accelerated postnatal growth leads to alterations in DNA damage and repair, oxidative and nitrosative stress, and oxidative defense capacity in rat heart. FASEB Journal, 2013, 27, 379-390.	0.2	79
40	Catch-up growth following intra-uterine growth-restriction programmes an insulin-resistant phenotype in adipose tissue. International Journal of Obesity, 2013, 37, 1051-1057.	1.6	102
41	Poor maternal nutrition programmes a pro-atherosclerotic phenotype in ApoEâ^'/â^' mice. Clinical Science, 2012, 123, 251-257.	1.8	13
42	The Programming of Cardiac Hypertrophy in the Offspring by Maternal Obesity Is Associated with Hyperinsulinemia, AKT, ERK, and mTOR Activation. Endocrinology, 2012, 153, 5961-5971.	1.4	122
43	Programming of adipose tissue miR-483-3p and GDF-3 expression by maternal diet in type 2 diabetes. Cell Death and Differentiation, 2012, 19, 1003-1012.	5.0	128
44	Leptin-Independent Programming of Adult Body Weight and Adiposity in Mice. Endocrinology, 2011, 152, 476-482.	1.4	28
45	Poor early growth and excessive adult calorie intake independently and additively affect mitogenic signaling and increase mammary tumor susceptibility. Carcinogenesis, 2010, 31, 1873-1881.	1.3	16
46	Altered hepatic insulin signalling in male offspring of obese mice. Journal of Developmental Origins of Health and Disease, 2010, 1, 184-191.	0.7	24
47	Early life nutrition and metabolic programming. Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences, 2010, 1212, 78-96.	1.8	134
48	Maternal obesity during pregnancy and lactation programs the development of offspring non-alcoholic fatty liver disease in mice. Journal of Hepatology, 2010, 52, 913-920.	1.8	271
49	Early growth restriction programs an accelerated pro-atherosclerotic phenotype in Apo-E homozygous knockout mice. Atherosclerosis, 2010, 213, e11.	0.4	Ο
50	Altered skeletal muscle insulin signaling and mitochondrial complex II-III linked activity in adult offspring of obese mice. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2009, 297, R675-R681.	0.9	92
51	Diet-Induced Obesity in Female Mice Leads to Offspring Hyperphagia, Adiposity, Hypertension, and Insulin Resistance. Hypertension, 2008, 51, 383-392.	1.3	798
52	Mechanisms by which poor early growth programs type-2 diabetes, obesity and the metabolic syndrome. Physiology and Behavior, 2006, 88, 234-243.	1.0	258
53	Compensatory mammary growth following protein restriction during pregnancy and lactation increases early-onset mammary tumor incidence in rats. Carcinogenesis, 2006, 28, 545-552.	1.3	37
54	Maternal low-protein diet programs cardiac β-adrenergic response and signaling in 3-mo-old male offspring. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2006, 291, R429-R436.	0.9	55

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55	Maternal protein restriction leads to hyperinsulinemia and reduced insulin-signaling protein expression in 21-mo-old female rat offspring. American Journal of Physiology - Regulatory Integrative and Comparative Physiology, 2005, 288, R368-R373.	0.9	232
56	Fetal growth and adult diseases. Seminars in Perinatology, 2004, 28, 81-87.	1.1	137
57	The maternal endocrine environment in the low-protein model of intra-uterine growth restriction. British Journal of Nutrition, 2003, 90, 815-822.	1.2	142