## Sorin J Brull

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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242 papers 6,354 citations

94269 37 h-index 76769 74 g-index

249 all docs

249 docs citations

times ranked

249

2887 citing authors

#	Article	IF	CITATIONS
1	Quantitative Neuromuscular Monitoring and Postoperative Outcomes: A Narrative Review. Anesthesiology, 2022, 136, 345-361.	1.3	12
2	Peace, not war in Ukraine or anywhere else, please. Anaesthesia, Critical Care & Dain Medicine, 2022, 41, 101068.	0.6	5
3	Quantitative Neuromuscular Monitoring: "Love All, Trust a Few, Do Wrong to None― Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2022, 135, 35-38.	1.1	1
4	The Clinical Use of Cricoid Pressure: First, Do No Harm. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, 132, 261-267.	1.1	19
5	In Response. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, 132, e61-e63.	1.1	O
6	The "True―Risk of Postoperative Pulmonary Complications and the Socratic Paradox: "l Know that I Know Nothing― Anesthesiology, 2021, 134, 828-831.	1.3	5
7	The Time to Seriously Reassess the Use and Misuse of Neuromuscular Blockade in Children Is Now. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, 132, 1514-1517.	1.1	O
8	Health technology assessment: ownership through shared responsibility and accountability—sugammadex as an example. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2021, 68, 1442-1443.	0.7	1
9	Ipsilateral and Simultaneous Comparison of Responses from Acceleromyography- and Electromyography-based Neuromuscular Monitors. Anesthesiology, 2021, 135, 597-611.	1.3	21
10	2021 adaptation of the editorial policy of Anaesthesia Critical Care and Pain Medicine (ACCPM). Anaesthesia, Critical Care & Car	0.6	3
11	In Response. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, 132, e21-e22.	1.1	0
12	In Response. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2021, 132, e24-e25.	1.1	0
13	Is less really more? A critical appraisal of a POPULAR study reanalysis. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2020, 124, 12-14.	1.5	4
14	Anesthesiology Residents' Documentation of Depth of Neuromuscular Blockade. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2020, 130, e110-e111.	1.1	3
15	Sugammadex and negative pressure pulmonary edema: what you see is not what you get. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2020, 67, 109971.	0.7	O
16	Not another requiem for succinylcholine. Comment on Br J Anaesth 2020; 125: 423–5. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2020, 125, e349-e350.	1.5	1
17	Postoperative Opioid-Induced Respiratory Depression: 3 Steps Forward. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2020, 131, 1007-1011.	1.1	5
18	Epidemiology and outcomes of residual neuromuscular blockade: A systematic review of observational studies. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2020, 66, 109962.	0.7	22

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19	Detrimental Effects of Filling Laryngotracheal Airways To Excessive Pressure (DEFLATE-P): a quality improvement initiative. BMC Anesthesiology, 2020, 20, 46.	0.7	О
20	The French Guidelines on muscle relaxants and reversal in anaesthesia: The chain is finally broken and the soul is freed. Anaesthesia, Critical Care & Medicine, 2020, 39, 31-33.	0.6	2
21	Perceptions of gender equity in departmental leadership, research opportunities, and clinical work attitudes: an international survey of 11 781 anaesthesiologists. British Journal of Anaesthesia, 2020, 124, e160-e170.	1.5	37
22	Incidence of residual neuromuscular blockade and use of neuromuscular blocking agents with or without antagonists: A systematic review and meta-analysis of randomized controlled trials. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2020, 64, 109818.	0.7	31
23	Neuromuscular blockade management in the critically Ill patient. Journal of Intensive Care, 2020, 8, 37.	1.3	39
24	Clarifications on Technologies to Optimize Care of Severe COVID-19 Patients. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2020, 131, e192-e193.	1.1	3
25	Lack of recall after sedation for cataract surgery and its effect on the validity of measuring patient satisfaction. Korean Journal of Anesthesiology, 2020, 73, 319-325.	0.9	7
26	Anesthesiologists' Overconfidence in Their Perceived Knowledge of Neuromuscular Monitoring and Its Relevance to All Aspects of Medical Practice: An International Survey. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2019, 128, 1118-1126.	1.1	55
27	Neuromuscular monitoring and reversal: responses to the POPULAR study. Lancet Respiratory Medicine,the, 2019, 7, e4.	5.2	2
28	The RECITE-US study: Stacking the odds in a chronic patient safety threat. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2019, 56, 132-133.	0.7	0
29	Proposal for a Revised Classification of the Depth of Neuromuscular Block and Suggestions for Further Development in Neuromuscular Monitoring. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2019, 128, 1361-1363.	1.1	17
30	Hand Hygiene and Relearning Lessons From the Past. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2019, 129, 1446-1449.	1.1	2
31	In Response. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2019, 129, e139-e140.	1.1	O
32	Quantitative Assessment of Statistical Reviews of Patient Safety Research Articles. Journal of Patient Safety, 2019, 15, 184-190.	0.7	1
33	Quantitative Neuromuscular Monitoring: Current Devices, New Technological Advances, and Use in Clinical Practice. Current Anesthesiology Reports, 2018, 8, 134-144.	0.9	6
34	Monitoring Neuromuscular Function. New England Journal of Medicine, 2018, 378, e6.	13.9	9
35	How to Catch Unicorns (and Other Fairytales). Anesthesiology, 2018, 128, 1-3.	1.3	7
36	Clinical Pharmacology of Drugs Acting at the Neuromuscular Junction. , 2018, , 139-159.		3

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37	Consensus Statement on Perioperative Use of Neuromuscular Monitoring. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2018, 127, 71-80.	1.1	207
38	Patient Survey of Referral From One Surgeon to Another to Reduce Maximum Waiting Time for Elective Surgery and Hours of Overutilized Operating Room Time. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2018, 126, 1249-1256.	1.1	8
39	In Reply. Anesthesiology, 2018, 129, 383-384.	1.3	O
40	Workflow Eats Optimum Care for Lunch. Anesthesiology, 2018, 129, 864-866.	1.3	2
41	Is lower-dose sugammadex a cost-saving strategy for reversal of deep neuromuscular block? Facts and fiction. BMC Anesthesiology, 2018, 18, 159.	0.7	17
42	Vascular Air Embolism and Endoscopy: Every Bubble Matters. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2018, 127, 333-335.	1.1	7
43	Clinical application of limiting laryngeal mask airway cuff pressures utilizing inflating syringe intrinsic recoil. Romanian Journal of Anaesthesia and Intensive Care, 2018, 25, 11-18.	0.3	3
44	Neuromuscular Monitoring as the Art of Probability. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2017, 124, 1400-1402.	1,1	3
45	Revolutionizing medication administration safety: Automated carts are here - Are anesthesiologists ready?. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2017, 40, 105-106.	0.7	1
46	Current Status of Neuromuscular Reversal and Monitoring. Anesthesiology, 2017, 126, 173-190.	1.3	209
47	Anesthesiologists' perceptions of minimum acceptable work habits of nurse anesthetists. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 2017, 38, 107-110.	0.7	9
48	Conceptual and technical insights into the basis of neuromuscular monitoring. Anaesthesia, 2017, 72, 16-37.	1.8	170
49	Clarification: Current Status of Neuromuscular Reversal and Monitoring, Challenges and Opportunities. Anesthesiology, 2017, 127, 730-730.	1.3	2
50	Vascular air embolism: A silent hazard to patient safety. Journal of Critical Care, 2017, 42, 255-263.	1.0	80
51	Neuromuscular monitoring and the cost of antagonism: when will we learn?. Anaesthesia, 2017, 72, 1557-1558.	1.8	5
52	In Reply. Anesthesiology, 2017, 127, 724-725.	1.3	0
53	Preparing for the unexpected: special considerations and complications after sugammadex administration. BMC Anesthesiology, 2017, 17, 140.	0.7	26
54	Psychogenic non-epileptic seizures in the post-anesthesia recovery unit. Brazilian Journal of Anesthesiology (Elsevier), 2016, 66, 426-429.	0.2	8

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55	The Effect of Quantitative Neuromuscular Monitoring on the Incidence of Residual Neuromuscular Blockade and Clinical Outcomes. Current Anesthesiology Reports, 2016, 6, 170-177.	0.9	О
56	In Response. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2016, 123, 799-800.	1.1	0
57	J'Accuse! Failure to Prevent Epidural and Spinal Catheter Misconnections. A & A Case Reports, 2016, 6, 107-110.	0.7	7
58	In Response. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 121, 1680-1682.	1.1	0
59	Dialogue on the Future of Anesthesiology. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 120, 1152-1154.	1.1	7
60	Reversal of Neuromuscular Blockade. Anesthesiology, 2015, 122, 1183-1185.	1.3	13
61	Anesthesiology Graduate Medical Education. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 121, 1428-1429.	1.1	2
62	The Future of Anesthesiology. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 120, 1142-1148.	1.1	32
63	Is "Ol' Reliable―Still Reliable?. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 121, 1-3.	1.1	5
64	Survey of the National Drug Shortage Effect on Anesthesia and Patient Safety. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 121, 502-506.	1.1	25
65	Perioperative Management of Multiple Noncardiac Implantable Electronic Devices. A & A Case Reports, 2015, 5, 189-191.	0.7	2
66	If One Is Good, Are Two Always Better?. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2015, 120, 706-708.	1.1	7
67	Into the deep end: a look at the functional changes of neuronal pathways in the deeply anesthetized state. Romanian Journal of Anaesthesia and Intensive Care, 2015, 22, 75-76.	0.3	0
68	More Muscle Relaxation Does Not Necessarily Mean Better Surgeons or "The Problem of Muscle Relaxation in Surgery― Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2014, 119, 1019-1021.	1.1	7
69	Deadly Heat. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2014, 119, 1235-1237.	1.1	20
70	Editorial Comment. A & A Case Reports, 2014, 2, 16.	0.7	2
71	Is Postoperative Residual Neuromuscular Block Associated with Adverse Clinical Outcomes? What Is the Evidence?. Current Anesthesiology Reports, 2013, 3, 114-121.	0.9	5
72	Cohort study of cases with prolonged tracheal extubation times to examine the relationship with duration of workday. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2013, 60, 1070-1076.	0.7	35

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73	Management Principles to Reduce the Risk of Residual Neuromuscular Blockade. Current Anesthesiology Reports, 2013, 3, 130-138.	0.9	6
74	Anesthesiology Residents' and Nurse Anesthetists' Perceptions of Effective Clinical Faculty Supervision by Anesthesiologists. Survey of Anesthesiology, 2013, 57, 281.	0.1	0
75	Low-dose Sugammadex Reversal. Anesthesiology, 2013, 119, 10-12.	1.3	10
76	Anesthesiology Residents' and Nurse Anesthetists' Perceptions of Effective Clinical Faculty Supervision by Anesthesiologists. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2013, 116, 1352-1355.	1.1	26
77	Reasoning of an Anomaly. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2013, 117, 297-300.	1.1	13
78	Monitoring Neuromuscular Blockade. , 2013, , 307-327.		0
79	A Review of the Safety and Efficacy of Sugammadex in Anesthetic Practice. Clinical Medicine Reviews in Therapeutics, 2012, 4, 97-108.	0.4	1
80	Advances in Drug Safety. Current Pharmaceutical Design, 2012, 18, 6266-6283.	0.9	3
81	Effect of jaw thrust and cricoid pressure maneuvers on glottic visualization during GlideScope videolaryngoscopy. Journal of Anesthesia, 2012, 26, 362-368.	0.7	17
82	Patients' Perspective on Full Disclosure and Informed Consent Regarding Postoperative Visual Loss Associated With Spinal Surgery in the Prone Position. Mayo Clinic Proceedings, 2011, 86, 865-868.	1.4	33
83	Hemodynamic Changes Induced by Pneumoperitoneum and Measured With ECOM. Journal of Medical Devices, Transactions of the ASME, $2011,5,\ldots$	0.4	0
84	Using the inflating syringe as a safety valve to limit laryngeal mask airway cuff pressure. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 2011, 25, 405-410.	0.7	9
85	Complications of peripheral nerve catheter removal at home: case series of five ambulatory interscalene blocks. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2011, 58, 62-67.	0.7	19
86	Sugammadex: a novel approach to reversal of neuromuscular blockade. Expert Review of Neurotherapeutics, 2011, 11, 185-198.	1.4	9
87	Surgical Site Infections and the Anesthesia Professionals' Microbiome. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2011, 112, 4-7.	1.1	23
88	Pharmacology of Neuromuscular Blockers. , 2011, , 211-230.		1
89	What We Know. Anesthesiology, 2011, 115, 918-920.	1.3	21
90	Cholecystectomy, Laparoscopic. , 2011, , 435.		0

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91	Cholecystectomy, Open., 2011, , 436.		O
92	Review of Neuromuscular Junction Anatomy and Function. , 2011, , 205-210.		0
93	Residual Neuromuscular Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2010, 111, 129-140.	1.1	243
94	Residual Neuromuscular Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2010, 111, 120-128.	1.1	396
95	The Normalization of Deviance. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2010, 110, 1499-1502.	1.1	30
96	Visionaries and Dreamers. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2010, 111, 1080-1081.	1.1	46
97	A Survey of Current Management of Neuromuscular Block in the United States and Europe. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2010, 111, 110-119.	1.1	286
98	Selective reversal of muscle relaxation in general anesthesia: focus on sugammadex. Drug Design, Development and Therapy, 2009, 3, 119.	2.0	10
99	Real-time three-dimensional ultrasound for continuous interscalene brachial plexus blockade. Journal of Anesthesia, 2009, 23, 466-468.	0.7	16
100	Sugammadex: a novel selective relaxant binding agent. Expert Review of Clinical Pharmacology, 2009, 2, 37-53.	1.3	36
101	Patient Safety Revisited: Reliability Is Paramount. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2009, 108, 702-703.	1.1	5
102	Update on neuromuscular pharmacology. Current Opinion in Anaesthesiology, 2009, 22, 483-490.	0.9	25
103	Reversal of Profound Rocuronium-induced Blockade with Sugammadex. Anesthesiology, 2008, 109, 816-824.	1.3	320
104	Lipid Emulsion for the Treatment of Local Anesthetic Toxicity: Patient Safety Implications. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2008, 106, 1337-1339.	1.1	55
105	Residual Neuromuscular Block: Rediscovering the Obvious. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2008, 107, 11-14.	1.1	37
106	Quality management, regulation, and accreditation., 2008,, 371-395.		0
107	The Anesthetic Implications of Crigler-Najjar Syndrome. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2007, 104, 435-436.	1.1	9
108	Combined spinal-epidural analgesia for labor in a patient with Marfan's syndrome. International Journal of Obstetric Anesthesia, 2007, 16, 274-276.	0.2	17

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109	Brief review: Nondepolarizing neuromuscular blocking drugs and critical illness myopathy. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2006, 53, 1148-1156.	0.7	30
110	Haemodynamic changes induced by hyperbaric bupivacaine during lateral decubitus or supine spinal anaesthesia. European Journal of Anaesthesiology, 2005, 22, 717-722.	0.7	20
111	Spinal anesthesia. Current Opinion in Anaesthesiology, 2005, 18, 527-533.	0.9	25
112	Strict blood glucose control in the ICU: Panacea or Pandora's box?. Journal of Cardiothoracic and Vascular Anesthesia, 2004, 18, 687-689.	0.6	8
113	Recovery of neuromuscular function after a combination of mivacurium and rocuronium. Yale Journal of Biology and Medicine, 2004, 77, 149-54.	0.2	2
114	Anesthesia: what you should know. People often fret about "going under", but recent improvements in anesthesia methods and materials should calm their concerns. Health News, 2004, 10, 4-5.	0.4	0
115	Intradermal sufentanil does not improve lidocaine-induced local anesthesia. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2003, 50, 153-158.	0.7	2
116	A comparison of chronic pain behavior following local application of tumor necrosis factor $\hat{l}_{\pm}$ to the normal and mechanically compressed lumbar ganglia in the rat. Pain, 2002, 95, 239-246.	2.0	114
117	Increased Sensitivity of Sensory Neurons to Tumor Necrosis Factor α in Rats With Chronic Compression of the Lumbar Ganglia. Journal of Neurophysiology, 2002, 88, 1393-1399.	0.9	87
118	Acute Topical Application of Tumor Necrosis Factor α Evokes Protein Kinase A-Dependent Responses in Rat Sensory Neurons. Journal of Neurophysiology, 2002, 88, 1387-1392.	0.9	112
119	Neuromuscular monitoring and clinical applications: What to do, when, and why?. Seminars in Anesthesia, 2002, 21, 104-119.	0.3	2
120	Thermosensitivity of large primary sensory neurons. Brain Research, 2002, 926, 18-26.	1.1	7
121	Effects of Bupivacaine and Ropivacaine on High-voltage–activated Calcium Currents of the Dorsal Horn Neurons in Newborn Rats. Anesthesiology, 2001, 95, 139-143.	1.3	15
122	Topical Application of Acidic Bupivacaine to the Lumbar Ganglion Induces Mechanical Hyperalgesia in the Rat. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2001, 93, 466-471.	1.1	14
123	Topical Application of Acidic Bupivacaine to the Lumbar Ganglion Induces Mechanical Hyperalgesia in the Rat. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2001, 93, 466-471.	1.1	19
124	Preemptive analgesia I: physiological pathways and pharmacological modalities. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2001, 48, 1000-1010.	0.7	246
125	Preemptive analgesia II: recent advances and current trends. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 2001, 48, 1091-1101.	0.7	146
126	Basic Science (33). Pain Practice, 2001, 1, 96-96.	0.9	0

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127	Basic Science (33). Pain Practice, 2001, 1, 96-96.	0.9	O
128	Room 310, $10/17/2000$ 3: 30 PM - 5: 00 PM (PD) Tumor Necrosis Factor $\hat{l}_{\pm}$ Mediates Spontaneous Activity in Chronically Compressed Dorsal Root Ganglion Neurons in the RatÂ. Anesthesiology, 2000, 93, A-978.	1.3	0
129	Room 301, 10/18/2000 9: 00 AM - 10: 30 AM (PD) Effects of Bupivacaine and Ropivacaine on the High VoltageActivated Calcium Currents of Rat Dorsal Horn NeuronsA. Anesthesiology, 2000, 93, A-984.	1.3	0
130	Room A, 10/17/2000 2: 00 PM - 4: 00 PM (PS) Temperature Dependency of Ectopic Discharges from Chronically Compressed Sensory Neurons in the RatÂ. Anesthesiology, 2000, 93, A-962.	1.3	0
131	Chapter 2 Effective Monitoring of Muscle Relaxants. Refresher Courses in Anesthesiology, 2000, 28, 15-25.	0.1	0
132	The Effect of Heart Rate Control on Myocardial Ischemia Among High-Risk Patients After Vascular Surgery. Survey of Anesthesiology, 2000, 44, 10.	0.1	0
133	Succinylcholine-Induced Hyperkalemia in Patients with Renal Failure: An Old Question Revisited. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2000, 91, 237-241.	1.1	43
134	Succinylcholine-Induced Hyperkalemia in Patients with Renal Failure: An Old Question Revisited. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 2000, 91, 237-241.	1.1	69
135	Perfusion of the Mechanically Compressed Lumbar Ganglion With Lidocaine Reduces Mechanical Hyperalgesia and Allodynia in the Rat. Journal of Neurophysiology, 2000, 84, 798-805.	0.9	46
136	Comparison of Ropivacaine 0.2% and Lidocaine 0.5% for Intravenous Regional Anesthesia in Volunteers. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 89, 727.	1.1	21
137	Enhancement of experimental pruritus and mechanically evoked dysesthesiae with local anesthesia. Somatosensory & Motor Research, 1999, 16, 291-298.	0.4	100
138	Attenuation of experimental pruritus and mechanically evoked dysesthesiae in an area of cutaneous allodynia. Somatosensory & Motor Research, 1999, 16, 299-303.	0.4	79
139	A method for overcoming the ceiling effect of bounded pain scales. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 1999, 15, 455-459.	0.7	5
140	INTRAOPERATIVE USE OF ANTICOAGULANTS AND ANTITHROMBOTICS. Anesthesiology Clinics, 1999, 17, 831-860.	1.4	2
141	The Effect of Heart Rate Control on Myocardial Ischemia Among High-Risk Patients After Vascular Surgery. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 88, 477-482.	1.1	123
142	Identification of a New Therapeutic Approach for Iliac Crest Donor Site Chronic Pain: A Case Report. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 89, 1538.	1.1	1
143	The Effect of Heart Rate Control on Myocardial Ischemia Among High-Risk Patients After Vascular Surgery. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 88, 477-482.	1.1	359
144	Identification of a New Therapeutic Approach for Iliac Crest Donor Site Chronic Pain: A Case Report. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 89, 1538.	1.1	8

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145	Comparison of Ropivacaine 0.2% and Lidocaine 0.5% for Intravenous Regional Anesthesia in Volunteers. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 89, 727.	1.1	32
146	504 DOES ASA PHYSICAL STATUS PREDICT CLINICAL OUTCOME AND RESOURCE UTILIZATION IN TREATMENT OF INTRACRANIAL ANEURYSMS?. Journal of Neurosurgical Anesthesiology, 1999, 11, 319.	0.6	0
147	USE OF MEDTRONIC 3625 SCREENER DEVICE FOR LOCALIZATION OF SENSORY NERVES. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1999, 88, 408S.	1.1	0
148	Electromyographic assessment of ulnar nerve motor block induced by lidocaine. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1998, 10, 641-645.	0.7	8
149	Effect of Isoflurane on Endothelin-1 Mediated Airway Smooth Muscle Contraction. Pulmonary Pharmacology and Therapeutics, 1998, 11, 227-230.	1.1	3
150	The Use of Relational Databases in the Transition from Quality Assurance to Continuous Quality Improvement: A Clinical Practice Model. American Journal of Medical Quality, 1998, 13, 228-239.	0.2	3
151	Eyelid Movement During Complete Neuromuscular Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1998, 86, 1332-1333.	1.1	0
152	Health-care Report Cards and Implications for AnesthesiaÂ. Anesthesiology, 1998, 88, 809-819.	1.3	1
153	The Effect of Intravenous Ketorolac Given Intraoperatively Versus Postoperatively on Outcome from Gynecologic Abdominal Surgery. Survey of Anesthesiology, 1998, 42, 299???300.	0.1	0
154	Eyelid Movement During Complete Neuromuscular Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1998, 86, 1332-1333.	1.1	0
155	POSTOPERATIVE ANALGESIA WITH EPIDURAL ROPIVACAINE VERSUS PCA MORPHINE FOR TOTAL KNEE REPLACEMENT. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1998, 86, 254S.	1.1	4
156	MEASUREMENT OF TROPONIN I (Tnl) WITH CK-MB IMPROVES DETECTION OF PERIOPERATIVE ISCHEMIA. Anesthesiology, 1998, 89, 268A.	1.3	1
157	DOES THE ADDITION OF KETOROLAC TO ROPIVACAINE IMPROVE TOURNIQUET TOLERANCE? A VOLUNTEER STUDY. Anesthesiology, 1998, 89, 890A.	1.3	1
158	EFFECTS OF LIDOCAINE ON ENDOTHELIN-1 INDUCED CONSTRICTION IN RAT TRACHEA. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1998, 86, 424S.	1.1	0
159	THE EFFECT OF DESFLURANE ON ROCURONIUM ONSET AND EARLY RECOVERY. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1998, 86, 506S.	1.1	0
160	FENTANYL PLUS LIDOCAINE VS. PLAIN LIDOCAINE FOR TOURNIQUET PAIN DURING INTRAVENOUS REGIONAL ANESTHESIA. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1998, 86, 274S.	1.1	0
161	EFFECT OF LIDOCAINE ON ENDOTHELIN-1 INDUCED CONSTRICTION IN RAT TRACHEA IN THE ABSENCE OF EXTRACELLULAR CALCIUM. Anesthesiology, 1998, 89, 1408A.	1.3	0
162	The Effect of Intradermal Administration of Lidocaine and Morphine on the Response to Thermal Stimulation. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1997, 84, 1340-1343.	1.1	13

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163	The Effect of Intradermal Administration of Lidocaine and Morphine on the Response to Thermal Stimulation. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1997, 84, 1340-1343.	1.1	10
164	Indicators of Recovery of Neuromuscular FunctionÂ. Anesthesiology, 1997, 86, 755-757.	1.3	25
165	ReplyÂ. Anesthesiology, 1997, 87, 1258-1259.	1.3	O
166	Comparative recovery of 50-Hz and 100-Hz posttetanic twitch following profound neuromuscular block. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1997, 9, 48-51.	0.7	1
167	The effect of solubility and hyperlipidemia on perioperative arterial blood gas tensions. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1997, 9, 331-333.	0.7	0
168	The effect of intravenous ketorolac given intraoperatively versus postoperatively on outcome from gynecologic abdominal surgery. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1997, 9, 358-364.	0.7	89
169	Patient awareness during general anesthesia: a shocking outcome. Journal of Clinical Monitoring and Computing, 1997, 13, 51-52.	0.6	2
170	Efficacy and safety of divided dose administration of mivacurium for a 90-second tracheal intubation. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1996, 8, 276-281.	0.7	15
171	Lidocaine plasma levels following two techniques of obturator nerve block. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1996, 8, 535-539.	0.7	20
172	Subcutaneous cysts: Another cause of "failed―spinal anesthesia?. Journal of Clinical Anesthesia, 1996, 8, 603-604.	0.7	8
173	Compound Motor Action Potential Recording Distinguishes Differential Onset of Motor Block of the Obturator Nerve in Response to Etidocaine or Bupivacaine. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1996, 82, 317-320.	1.1	3
174	Reduction of Postburn Hyperalgesia after Local Injection of Ketorolac in Healthy Volunteers. Anesthesiology, 1996, 84, 502-509.	1.3	31
175	Assessment of Neuromuscular Block. Anesthesiology, 1996, 84, 1007-1008	1.3	0
176	Electromyographic Comparison of Obturator Nerve Block to 3-in-1 Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1996, 83, 437.	1.1	2
177	Early neuromuscular recovery characteristics following administration of mivacurium plus vecuronium. Canadian Journal of Anaesthesia, 1996, 43, 358-361.	0.7	3
178	Electromyographic Comparison of Obturator Nerve Block to 3-in-1 Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1996, 83, 437.	1.1	2
179	Compound Motor Action Potential Recording Distinguishes Differential Onset of Motor Block of the Obturator Nerve in Response to Etidocaine or Bupivacaine. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1996, 82, 317-320.	1.1	13
180	Electromyographic Comparison of Obturator Nerve Block to Three-in-One Block. Anesthesia and Analgesia, 1995, 81, 529-533.	1.1	37

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