Daniel W Spaite

List of Publications by Year in Descending Order

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The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

86 140 7,794 44 h-index g-index citations papers 8,900 5.23 144 4.3 L-index avg, IF ext. citations ext. papers

#	Paper	IF	Citations
140	Advanced Life Support for out-of-hospital Chest Pain: The Opals Study <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2022 , 1-13	2.8	O
139	Effect of Implementing the Out-of-Hospital Traumatic Brain Injury Treatment Guidelines: The Excellence in Prehospital Injury Care for Children Study (EPIC4Kids). <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2021 , 77, 139-153	2.1	0
138	Trends in overdose-related out-of-hospital cardiac arrest in Arizona. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2019 , 134, 122-126	4	12
137	Association of Statewide Implementation of the Prehospital Traumatic Brain Injury Treatment Guidelines With Patient Survival Following Traumatic Brain Injury: The Excellence in Prehospital Injury Care (EPIC) Study. <i>JAMA Surgery</i> , 2019 , 154, e191152	5.4	32
136	Chest compression release velocity factors during out-of-hospital cardiac resuscitation. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2019 , 145, 37-42	4	6
135	Telephone cardiopulmonary resuscitation is independently associated with improved survival and improved functional outcome after out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2018 , 122, 135-140	4	54
134	Quantification of ventilation volumes produced by compressions during emergency department cardiopulmonary resuscitation. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2018 , 36, 1640-1644	2.9	18
133	Duration of Coma in Out-of-Hospital Cardiac Arrest Survivors Treated With Targeted Temperature Management. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 69, 36-43	2.1	14
132	Body Temperature after EMS Transport: Association with Traumatic Brain Injury Outcomes. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2017 , 21, 575-582	2.8	8
131	Barriers to patient positioning for telephone cardiopulmonary resuscitation in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2017 , 115, 163-168	4	14
130	Association of Out-of-Hospital Hypotension Depth and Duration With Traumatic Brain Injury Mortality. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 70, 522-530.e1	2.1	43
129	Disparities in telephone CPR access and timing during out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2017 , 115, 11-16	4	22
128	Mortality and Prehospital Blood Pressure in Patients With Major Traumatic Brain Injury: Implications for the Hypotension Threshold. <i>JAMA Surgery</i> , 2017 , 152, 360-368	5.4	85
127	Description of Abnormal Breathing Is Associated With Improved Outcomes and Delayed Telephone Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Instructions. <i>Journal of the American Heart Association</i> , 2017 , 6,	6	17
126	In reply. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2017, 70, 263-264	2.1	
125	The Effect of Combined Out-of-Hospital Hypotension and Hypoxia on Mortality in Major Traumatic Brain Injury. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2017 , 69, 62-72	2.1	79
124	Association between Prehospital CPR Quality and End-Tidal Carbon Dioxide Levels in Out-of-Hospital Cardiac Arrest. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2016 , 20, 369-77	2.8	32

123	National Prehospital Evidence-Based Guidelines Strategy: A Summary for EMS Stakeholders. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2016 , 20, 175-83	2.8	18
122	Implementation of a Regional Telephone Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation Program and Outcomes After Out-of-Hospital Cardiac Arrest. <i>JAMA Cardiology</i> , 2016 , 1, 294-302	16.2	62
121	Barriers to telephone cardiopulmonary resuscitation in public and residential locations. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2016 , 109, 116-120	4	20
120	The Impact of Professionalism on Transfer of Care to the Emergency Department. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 49, 18-25	1.5	7
119	Measuring and improving cardiopulmonary resuscitation quality inside the emergency department. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2015 , 93, 8-13	4	22
118	Amplitude-spectral area and chest compression release velocity independently predict hospital discharge and good neurological outcome in ventricular fibrillation out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2015 , 92, 122-8	4	21
117	Chest compression release velocity: Association with survival and favorable neurologic outcome after out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2015 , 92, 107-14	4	31
116	Telephone CPR Instructions in Emergency Dispatch Systems: Qualitative Survey of 911 Call Centers. <i>Western Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 16, 736-42	3.3	10
115	The time dependent association of adrenaline administration and survival from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2015 , 96, 180-5	4	37
114	Environmental Hyperthermia in Prehospital Patients with Major Traumatic Brain Injury. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2015 , 49, 375-81	1.5	7
113	Extracorporeal membrane oxygenation (ECMO) for critically ill adults in the emergency department: history, current applications, and future directions. <i>Critical Care</i> , 2015 , 19, 431	10.8	81
112	Analysis of out-of-hospital cardiac arrest location and public access defibrillator placement in Metropolitan Phoenix, Arizona. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2015 , 89, 43-9	4	22
111	Statewide regionalization of postarrest care for out-of-hospital cardiac arrest: association with survival and neurologic outcome. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2014 , 64, 496-506.e1	2.1	115
110	Association of amplitude spectral area of the ventricular fibrillation waveform with survival of out-of-hospital ventricular fibrillation cardiac arrest. <i>Journal of the American College of Cardiology</i> , 2014 , 64, 1362-9	15.1	33
109	The impact of ultra-brief chest compression-only CPR video training on responsiveness, compression rate, and hands-off time interval among bystanders in a shopping mall. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2014 , 85, 1287-90	4	29
108	In reply. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2014, 63, 270-1	2.1	
107	Resumption of chest compressions after successful defibrillation and risk for recurrence of ventricular fibrillation in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Circulation: Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology</i> , 2014 , 7, 633-9	6.4	15
106	Chest compression release velocity is independently associated with survival from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2014 , 85, S1-S2	4	4

105	A standardized template for measuring and reporting telephone pre-arrival cardiopulmonary resuscitation instructions. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2014 , 85, 869-73	4	33
104	Prevalence of difficult airway predictors in cases of failed prehospital endotracheal intubation. Journal of Emergency Medicine, 2014 , 47, 294-300	1.5	30
103	Differential survival for men and women from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest varies by age: results from the OPALS study. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2014 , 21, 1503-11	3.4	55
102	An Evidence-based Guideline for the air medical transportation of prehospital trauma patients. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2014 , 18 Suppl 1, 35-44	2.8	39
101	Degradation of benzodiazepines after 120 days of EMS deployment. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2014 , 18, 368-74	2.8	13
100	Response to letter regarding, "resumption of chest compressions after successful defibrillation and risk for recurrence of ventricular fibrillation in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest". <i>Circulation:</i> Arrhythmia and Electrophysiology, 2014 , 7, 1278	6.4	
99	Disparities in bystander CPR provision and survival from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest according to neighborhood ethnicity. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2014 , 32, 1041-5	2.9	47
98	Evaluation of the impact of implementing the emergency medical services traumatic brain injury guidelines in Arizona: the Excellence in Prehospital Injury Care (EPIC) study methodology. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2014 , 21, 818-30	3.4	22
97	Chest compression depth and survival in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2014 , 85, 182-8	4	173
96	Chest compression quality declines in the minutes preceding scene departure in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2013 , 84, S27	4	2
95	The 60-day temperature-dependent degradation of midazolam and Lorazepam in the prehospital environment. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2013 , 17, 1-7	2.8	19
94	CPR variability during ground ambulance transport of patients in cardiac arrest. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2013 , 84, 592-5	4	28
93	Chest compression-only cardiopulmonary resuscitation performed by lay rescuers for adult out-of-hospital cardiac arrest due to non-cardiac aetiologies. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2013 , 84, 435-9	4	34
92	The influence of scenario-based training and real-time audiovisual feedback on out-of-hospital cardiopulmonary resuscitation quality and survival from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2013 , 62, 47-56.e1	2.1	99
91	An economic toolkit for identifying the cost of emergency medical services (EMS) systems: detailed methodology of the EMS Cost Analysis Project (EMSCAP). <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2012 , 19, 210	-6 ^{3.4}	10
90	A national model for developing, implementing, and evaluating evidence-based guidelines for prehospital care. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2012 , 19, 201-9	3.4	45
89	Increasing hospital volume is not associated with improved survival in out of hospital cardiac arrest of cardiac etiology. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2012 , 83, 862-8	4	59
88	Balancing the potential risks and benefits of out-of-hospital intubation in traumatic brain injury: the intubation/hyperventilation effect. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2012 , 60, 732-6	2.1	20

(2004-2012)

87	Analysis of automated external defibrillator device failures reported to the Food and Drug Administration. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2012 , 59, 103-11	2.1	13
86	Chest-compression-only versus standard CPR. <i>Lancet, The</i> , 2011 , 377, 717; author reply 718-9	40	2
85	Risk adjustment measures and outcome measures for prehospital trauma research: recommendations from the emergency medical services outcomes project (EMSOP). <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2011 , 18, 988-1000	3.4	5
84	The effectiveness of ultrabrief and brief educational videos for training lay responders in hands-only cardiopulmonary resuscitation: implications for the future of citizen cardiopulmonary resuscitation training. <i>Circulation: Cardiovascular Quality and Outcomes</i> , 2011 , 4, 220-6	5.8	57
83	Prehospital care and new models of regionalization. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2010 , 17, 1337-45	3.4	15
82	Chest compression-only CPR by lay rescuers and survival from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 2010 , 304, 1447-54	27.4	322
81	Effect of transport interval on out-of-hospital cardiac arrest survival in the OPALS study: implications for triaging patients to specialized cardiac arrest centers. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 54, 248-55	2.1	8o
80	Lay responder defibrillation, pancake breakfasts, and survival from out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2009 , 54, 236-8	2.1	2
79	Do not pardon the interruption. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 2009, 54, 653-5	2.1	7
78	The OPALS Major Trauma Study: impact of advanced life-support on survival and morbidity. <i>Cmaj</i> , 2008 , 178, 1141-52	3.5	180
77	The impact of prehospital transport interval on survival in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest: implications for regionalization of post-resuscitation care. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2008 , 79, 61-6	4	80
76	A comprehensive framework for determining the cost of an emergency medical services system. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2007 , 49, 304-13	2.1	18
75	Advanced life support for out-of-hospital respiratory distress. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2007 , 356, 2156-64	59.2	94
74	Economic value of out-of-hospital emergency care: a structured literature review. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2006 , 47, 515-24	2.1	27
73	Risk adjustment and outcome measures for out-of-hospital respiratory distress. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 11, 1074-81	3.4	6
72	Establishing the scope and methodological approach to out-of-hospital outcomes and effectiveness research. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 11, 1067-73	3.4	5
71	Nontraumatic out-of-hospital hypotension predicts inhospital mortality. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2004 , 43, 106-13	2.1	164
70	Advanced cardiac life support in out-of-hospital cardiac arrest. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2004 , 351, 647-56	59.2	671

69	Health-related quality of life is better for cardiac arrest survivors who received citizen cardiopulmonary resuscitation. <i>Circulation</i> , 2003 , 108, 1939-44	16.7	180
68	Optimal defibrillation response intervals for maximum out-of-hospital cardiac arrest survival rates. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2003 , 42, 242-50	2.1	147
67	Measuring and Improving Quality in Emergency Medicine. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 9, 1091-	131.47	30
66	Rapid process redesign in a university-based emergency department: decreasing waiting time intervals and improving patient satisfaction. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 39, 168-77	2.1	137
65	Emergency Medical Services Outcomes Project (EMSOP) IV: pain measurement in out-of-hospital outcomes research. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 40, 172-9	2.1	57
64	Emergency Medical Services Outcomes Project III (EMSOP III): the role of risk adjustment in out-of-hospital outcomes research. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2002 , 40, 79-88	2.1	29
63	Application of measurement tools to pediatric emergency medicine. <i>Academic Pediatrics</i> , 2002 , 2, 319-2	22	2
62	Emergency medical services outcomes research: evaluating the effectiveness of prehospital care. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2002 , 6, S52-6	2.8	19
61	Factors associated with CPR certification within an elderly community. <i>Resuscitation</i> , 2001 , 51, 269-74	4	19
60	CPR-only survivors of out-of-hospital cardiac arrest: implications for out-of-hospital care and cardiac arrest research methodology. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 37, 602-8	2.1	31
59	Emergency Medical Services Outcomes Project (EMSOP) II: developing the foundation and conceptual models for out-of-hospital outcomes research. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 37, 657	-63 ¹	56
58	Improving emergency medical services for children with special health care needs: does training make a difference?. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2001 , 19, 474-8	2.9	11
57	Emergency medical services assessment and treatment of children with special health care needs before and after specialized paramedic training. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 2001 , 16, 96-101	0.8	3
56	Use of emergency medical services by children with special health care needs. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2000 , 4, 19-23	2.8	24
55	Cardiac arrest witnessed by emergency medical services personnel: descriptive epidemiology, prodromal symptoms, and predictors of survival. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2000 , 35, 138-146	2.1	60
54	Outcomes of rapid defibrillation by security officers after cardiac arrest in casinos. <i>New England Journal of Medicine</i> , 2000 , 343, 1206-9	59.2	1086
53	Training paramedics: emergency care for children with special health care needs. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 2000 , 4, 178-85	2.8	8
52	Increasing paramedicsRcomfort and knowledge about children with special health care needs. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 2000 , 18, 747-52	2.9	9

Development of an electronic emergency medical services patient care record. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 1999 , 3, 54-9	2.8	8
The Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support (OPALS) study Part II: Rationale and methodology for trauma and respiratory distress patients. OPALS Study Group. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1999 , 34, 256-62	2.1	39
Modifiable factors associated with improved cardiac arrest survival in a multicenter basic life support/defibrillation system: OPALS Study Phase I results. Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1999 , 33, 44-50	2.1	254
Improved out-of-hospital cardiac arrest survival through the inexpensive optimization of an existing defibrillation program: OPALS study phase II. Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support. JAMA - Journal of the American Medical Association, 1999, 281, 1175-81	27.4	265
The Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support (OPALS) Study: rationale and methodology for cardiac arrest patients. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 32, 180-90	2.1	61
Prehospital advanced life support for major trauma: critical need for clinical trials. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 32, 480-9	2.1	54
EMS Agenda for the Future: Where We Are IWhere We Want to Be. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 31, 251-263	2.1	47
Intubation by basic EMTs: lifesaving advance or catastrophic complication?. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998 , 31, 276-7	2.1	11
EMS Agenda for the Future: where we arewhere we want to be. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 1998 , 2, 1-12	2.8	33
Developing a foundation for the evaluation of expanded-scope EMS: a window of opportunity that cannot be ignored. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1997 , 30, 791-6	2.1	30
Estimating effectiveness of cardiac arrest interventions: a logistic regression survival model. <i>Circulation</i> , 1997 , 96, 3308-13	16.7	507
Fatal trauma: the modal distribution of time to death is a function of patient demographics and regional resources. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology,</i> 1997 , 43, 433-40	9.4	84
Model curriculum in emergency medical services for emergency medicine residency programs. SAEM Emergency Medical Services Committee. <i>Academic Emergency Medicine</i> , 1996 , 3, 716-22	3.4	15
Emergency medical service systems research: problems of the past, challenges of the future. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 26, 146-52	2.1	58
Using Epidemiologic Methods to Evaluate Out-of-Hospital Care: The Ecologic Study. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 26, 153-157	2.1	7
Comparison of clinically significant infection rates among prehospital-versus in-hospital-initiated i.v. lines. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995 , 25, 502-6	2.1	19
A prospective investigation of the impact of alcohol consumption on helmet use, injury severity, medical resource utilization, and health care costs in bicycle-related trauma. <i>Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology</i> , 1995 , 38, 287-90	9.4	45
Comparison of Clinically Significant Infection Rates Among Prehospital Versus In-hospital Initiated Intravenous lines. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1994 , 9, S53-S53	0.8	
	The Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support (OPALS) study Part II: Rationale and methodology for trauma and respiratory distress patients. OPALS Study Group. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1999, 34, 256-62 Modifiable factors associated with improved cardiac arrest survival in a multicenter basic life support/defibrilation system: OPALS Study Phase I results. Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1999, 33, 44-50 Improved out-of-hospital cardiac arrest survival through the inexpensive optimization of an existing defibrillation program: OPALS Study phase II. Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support. <i>JANA - Journal of the American Medical Association</i> , 1999, 281, 1175-81 The Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support (OPALS) Study: rationale and methodology for cardiac arrest patients. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998, 32, 180-90 Prehospital advanced life support for major trauma: critical need for clinical trials. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998, 32, 480-9 EMS Agenda for the Future: Where We Are (Where We Want to Be. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1998, 31, 276-7 EMS Agenda for the Future: where we arewhere we want to be. <i>Prehospital Emergency Care</i> , 1998, 2, 1-12 Developing a foundation for the evaluation of expanded-scope EMS: a window of opportunity that cannot be ignored. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1997, 30, 791-6 Estimating effectiveness of cardiac arrest interventions: a logistic regression survival model. <i>Circulation</i> , 1997, 96, 3308-13 Fatal trauma: the modal distribution of time to death is a function of patient demographics and regional resources. <i>Arteriosclerosis</i> , <i>Thrombosis</i> , and Vascular Biology, 1997, 43, 433-40 Model curriculum in emergency medical services for emergency medicine residency programs. SAEM Emergency Medicine, 1995, 26, 146-52 Using Epidemiologic Methods to Evaluate Out-of-Hospital Care: The Ecologic Study. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1995, 26, 146-52 Using Epidemiologic Methods of Emergency Medicine, 1995,	The Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support (OPALS) study Part II: Rationale and methodology for trauma and respiratory distress patients. OPALS Study Group. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1999, 34, 256-62. Modifiable factors associated with improved cardiac arrest survival in a multicenter basic life Support Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1999, 33, 44-50. Modifiable factors associated with improved cardiac arrest survival in a multicenter basic life Support. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1999, 33, 44-50. Improved out-of-Phospital cardiac arrest survival through the inexpensive optimization of an existing defibrillation program: OPALS study phase II. Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support. JaNia-Journal of the American Medical Association, 1999, 281, 1175-81. The Ontario Prehospital Advanced Life Support (OPALS) Study: rationale and methodology for cardiac arrest patients. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1998, 32, 180-90. Prehospital advanced life support for major trauma: critical need for clinical trials. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1998, 31, 251-263. Intubation by basic EMTs: lifesaving advance or catastrophic complication?. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1998, 31, 276-7. EMS Agenda for the Future: Where We Are IWhere We Want to Be. Prehospital Emergency Care, 1998, 2, 1-12. Developing a foundation for the evaluation of expanded-scope EMS: a window of opportunity that cannot be ignored. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1997, 30, 791-6. Estimating effectiveness of cardiac arrest interventions: a logistic regression survival model. Circulation, 1997, 96, 3308-13. Fatal trauma: the modal distribution of time to death is a function of patient demographics and regional resources. Arteriosclerosis, Thrombosis, and Vascular Biology, 1997, 43, 433-40. Model curriculum in emergency medical services for emergency medicine, 1996, 3, 716-22. Emergency Medicine, 1995, 26, 146-52. Using Epidemiologic Methods to Evaluate Out-of-Hospital Care: The Ecologic Study. Annals of Emergency Medicine, 1995, 26, 146-52.

33	Relative Risk of Injury by Hispanic Status. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1994 , 9, S52-S52	0.8	
32	A prospective in-field comparison of intravenous line placement by urban and nonurban emergency medical services personnel. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1994 , 24, 209-14	2.1	32
31	Cricothyrotomy performed by prehospital personnel. <i>American Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1993 , 11, 310	2.9	2
30	Barriers to EMS System Evaluation: Problems Associated with Field Data Collection. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1993 , 8, S35-S40	0.8	9
29	Physician in-field observation of prehospital advanced life support personnel: a statewide evaluation. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1993 , 8, 299-302	0.8	3
28	Outcome analysis in EMS systems. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1993 , 22, 1310-1	2.1	16
27	Emergency vehicle intervals versus collapse-to-CPR and collapse-to-defibrillation intervals: monitoring emergency medical services system performance in sudden cardiac arrest. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1993 , 22, 1678-83	2.1	60
26	Prospective validation of a new model for evaluating emergency medical services systems by in-field observation of specific time intervals in prehospital care. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1993 , 22, 638-45	2.1	123
25	Guidelines for implementation of early defibrillation/automated external defibrillator programs. American College of Emergency Physicians. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1993 , 22, 740-1	2.1	21
24	A Prospective Evaluation of the Impact of Initial Glasgow Coma Score on Prehospital Treatment and Transport of Seizure Patients. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1992 , 7, 127-132	0.8	4
23	A New Model for Evaluating the Impact of Major System Changes on Emergency Air Medical Scene Responses in a Regional EMS System. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1992 , 7, 19-23	0.8	1
22	Estimated Cost-Effectiveness of Dispatcher CPR Instruction via Telephone to Bystanders During Out-of-Hospital Ventricular Fibrillation. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1992 , 7, 229-233	0.8	9
21	Emergency Physician Interpretation of Prehospital, Paramedic-Acquired Electrocardiograms. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1992 , 7, 251-255	0.8	1
20	Meeting the goals of academia: characteristics of emergency medicine faculty academic work styles. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1992 , 21, 298-302	2.1	13
19	The impact of injury severity and prehospital procedures on scene time in victims of major trauma. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1991 , 20, 1299-305	2.1	85
18	Spaite et al Responds. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1991 , 6, 76-76	0.8	1
17	Analysis of Prehospital Scene Time and Survival from Out-of-Hospital, Non-Traumatic, Cardiac Arrest. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1991 , 6, 21-27	0.8	9
16	Prehospital cardiac arrest: the impact of witnessed collapse and bystander CPR in a metropolitan EMS system with short response times. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1990 , 19, 1264-9	2.1	106

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15	Prehospital data entry compliance by paramedics after institution of a comprehensive EMS data collection tool. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1990 , 19, 1270-3	2.1	15
14	24-hour coverage in academic emergency medicine: ways of dealing with the issue. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1990 , 19, 430-4	2.1	4
13	Cost-effectiveness analysis of paramedic emergency medical services in the treatment of prehospital cardiopulmonary arrest. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1990 , 19, 1407-11	2.1	60
12	Geriatric injury: an analysis of prehospital demographics, mechanisms, and patterns. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1990 , 19, 1418-21	2.1	49
11	A Prospective Evaluation of Prehospital Patient Assessment by Direct In-field Observation: Failure of ALS Personnel to Measure Vital Signs. <i>Prehospital and Disaster Medicine</i> , 1990 , 5, 325-333	0.8	14
10	Banning alcohol in a major college stadium: impact on the incidence and patterns of injury and illness. <i>Journal of American College Health</i> , 1990 , 39, 125-8	2.2	24
9	Evaluation of EMS management training offered during emergency medicine residency training. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1989 , 18, 812-4	2.1	8
8	Thermal stability of prehospital medications. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1989 , 18, 173-6	2.1	31
7	Implementation of a computerized management information system in an urban fire department. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1989 , 18, 573-8	2.1	11
6	Medical versus regulatory necessity: regulation of ambulance service in Arizona. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1989 , 7, 253-6	1.5	4
5	Railroad accidents: a metropolitan experience of death and injury. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1988 , 17, 620-5	2.1	17
4	Skin testing in cases of possible crotalid envenomation. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1988 , 17, 105-6	2.1	10
3	A new model for providing prehospital medical care in large stadiums. <i>Annals of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1988 , 17, 825-8	2.1	48
2	Allocation of time in three academic specialties. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1988 , 6, 435-7	1.5	14
1	Psychiatric presentation of medical illness. <i>Journal of Emergency Medicine</i> , 1987 , 5, 367-73	1.5	