

Morton Lippmann

List of Publications by Citations

Source: <https://exaly.com/author-pdf/8359112/morton-lippmann-publications-by-citations.pdf>

Version: 2024-04-25

This document has been generated based on the publications and citations recorded by exaly.com. For the latest version of this publication list, visit the link given above.

The third column is the impact factor (IF) of the journal, and the fourth column is the number of citations of the article.

38

papers

1,121

citations

18

h-index

33

g-index

47

ext. papers

1,217

ext. citations

5

avg, IF

4.78

L-index

#	Paper	IF	Citations
38	Cardiovascular effects of nickel in ambient air. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2006 , 114, 1662-9	8.4	257
37	Toxicological and epidemiological studies of cardiovascular effects of ambient air fine particulate matter (PM _{2.5}) and its chemical components: coherence and public health implications. <i>Critical Reviews in Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 44, 299-347	5.7	123
36	Health effects of concentrated ambient air particulate matter (CAPs) and its components. <i>Critical Reviews in Toxicology</i> , 2009 , 39, 865-913	5.7	120
35	The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency Particulate Matter Health Effects Research Centers Program: a midcourse report of status, progress, and plans. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2003 , 111, 1074-92	8.4	98
34	Toxicological and epidemiological studies on effects of airborne fibers: coherence and public [corrected] health implications. <i>Critical Reviews in Toxicology</i> , 2014 , 44, 643-95	5.7	51
33	PM source apportionment for short-term cardiac function changes in ApoE ^{-/-} mice. <i>Environmental Health Perspectives</i> , 2005 , 113, 1575-9	8.4	50
32	National Particle Component Toxicity (NPACT) Initiative: integrated epidemiologic and toxicologic studies of the health effects of particulate matter components. <i>Research Report (health Effects Institute)</i> , 2013 , 5-13	0.9	50
31	Effects of thoracic and fine PM and their components on heart rate and pulmonary function in COPD patients. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2011 , 21, 464-72	6.7	37
30	Semi-continuous speciation analyses for ambient air particulate matter: an urgent need for health effects studies. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2009 , 19, 235-47	6.7	31
29	Effects of subchronic exposures to concentrated ambient particles in mice. IX. Integral assessment and human health implications of subchronic exposures of mice to CAPs. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2005 , 17, 255-61	2.7	31
28	Monitor-to-monitor temporal correlation of air pollution and weather variables in the North-Central U.S. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2001 , 11, 21-32	6.7	30
27	and toxicity of urban and rural particulate matter from California. <i>Atmospheric Environment</i> , 2015 , 103, 256-262	5.3	26
26	Alteration of cardiac function in ApoE ^{-/-} mice by subchronic urban and regional inhalation exposure to concentrated ambient PM _{2.5} . <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2010 , 22, 580-92	2.7	26
25	Effects of subchronic exposures to concentrated ambient particles (CAPs) in mice. I. Introduction, objectives, and experimental plan. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2005 , 17, 177-87	2.7	26
24	Oxidant generation capacity of source-apportioned PM _{2.5} . <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2010 , 22 Suppl 2, 29-36.	2.7	23
23	Ambient particulate matter air pollution and cardiopulmonary diseases. <i>Seminars in Respiratory and Critical Care Medicine</i> , 2015 , 36, 422-32	3.9	22
22	Inhalation toxicology methods: the generation and characterization of exposure atmospheres and inhalational exposures. <i>Current Protocols in Toxicology / Editorial Board, Mahin D Maines (editor-in-chief) [et Al]</i> , 2015 , 63, 24.4.1-24.4.23	1	19

21	Particulate matter (PM) air pollution and health: regulatory and policy implications. <i>Air Quality, Atmosphere and Health</i> , 2012 , 5, 237-241	5.6	18
20	Targeting the components most responsible for airborne particulate matter health risks. <i>Journal of Exposure Science and Environmental Epidemiology</i> , 2010 , 20, 117-8	6.7	14
19	Lead and Compounds757-809		12
18	Volatile Organic Compounds and Sick Building Syndrome241-256		8
17	Diesel Exhaust551-631		7
16	The search for non-linear exposure-response relationships at ambient levels in environmental epidemiology. <i>Nonlinearity in Biology, Toxicology, Medicine</i> , 2005 , 3, 125-44		5
15	Contributions that epidemiological studies can make to the search for a mechanistic basis for the health effects of ultrafine and larger particles. <i>Philosophical Transactions Series A, Mathematical, Physical, and Engineering Sciences</i> , 2000 , 358, 2787-2797	3	5
14	World Trade Center Dust induces airway inflammation while promoting aortic endothelial dysfunction. <i>Toxicology and Applied Pharmacology</i> , 2020 , 400, 115041	4.6	4
13	International Workshop on the Design and Analysis of Experimental Studies using PM Concentrator Technologies, Boston, May 5, 2004. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2005 , 17, 839-50	2.7	3
12	Ambient Air Particulate Matter317-365		3
11	Formaldehyde and Other Aldehydes257-316		3
10	Asbestos and Other Mineral and Vitreous Fibers395-458		2
9	Benzene459-498		2
8	Secondhand Smoke703-755		2
7	World Trade Center dust induces nasal and neurological tissue injury while propagating reduced olfaction capabilities and increased anxiety behaviors.. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2022 , 1-14	2.7	2
6	Radon and Lung Cancer1089-1120		1
5	Integrative Summary of the Third PM Colloquium. <i>Inhalation Toxicology</i> , 2000 , 12, 3-6	2.7	1
4	Ozone869-936		1

3 Clinical Perspective on Respiratory Toxicology 77-106

1

2 Drinking Water Disinfection By-Products 121-196

1 CONTRIBUTIONS THAT EPIDEMIOLOGICAL STUDIES CAN MAKE TO THE SEARCH FOR A
MECHANISTIC BASIS FOR THE HEALTH EFFECTS OF ULTRAFINE AND LARGER PARTICLES **2003**, 289-301