

Tore Slagsvold

List of Publications by Year in descending order

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Version: 2024-02-01

69
papers

3,099
citations

126907
33
h-index

161849
54
g-index

73
all docs

73
docs citations

73
times ranked

2312
citing authors

#	ARTICLE	IF	CITATIONS
1	Connecting the data landscape of long-term ecological studies: The SPI-Birds data hub. <i>Journal of Animal Ecology</i> , 2021, 90, 2147-2160.	2.8	25
2	Use of landmarks for nest site choice and small-scale navigation to the nest in birds. <i>Behaviour</i> , 2021, 158, 705-726.	0.8	2
3	No evidence that nest site choice in Pied Flycatchers is mediated by assessing the clutch size of a heterospecific, the Great Tit. <i>Journal of Ornithology</i> , 2021, 162, 997-1007.	1.1	3
4	Egg covering in cavity nesting birds may prevent nest usurpation by other species. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2021, 75, 116.	1.4	4
5	Interspecific aggression and defence of extra nest sites in two species of songbirds. <i>Ethology</i> , 2021, 127, 294-301.	1.1	5
6	Nest decoration: birds exploit a fear of feathers to guard their nest from usurpation. <i>Royal Society Open Science</i> , 2021, 8, 211579.	2.4	4
7	No cultural transmission of use of nest materials in titmice <i>Paridae</i> . <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2020, 170, 27-32.	1.9	6
8	The roles of temperature, nest predators and information parasites for geographical variation in egg covering behaviour of tits (<i>Paridae</i>). <i>Journal of Biogeography</i> , 2020, 47, 1482-1493.	3.0	14
9	Immigrants and locally recruited birds differ in prey delivered to their offspring in blue tits and great tits. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2018, 139, 127-135.	1.9	7
10	On heterospecific learning in birds – comments on Samplonius and Forsman et al. <i>Journal of Avian Biology</i> , 2018, 49, jav-01706.	1.2	5
11	On the use of heterospecific information for nest site selection in birds. <i>Journal of Avian Biology</i> , 2017, 48, 1035-1040.	1.2	18
12	Interactions between demography and environmental effects are important determinants of population dynamics. <i>Science Advances</i> , 2017, 3, e1602298.	10.3	57
13	Low but contrasting neutral genetic differentiation shaped by winter temperature in European great tits. <i>Biological Journal of the Linnean Society</i> , 2016, 118, 668-685.	1.6	17
14	Interspecific variation in the relationship between clutch size, laying date and intensity of urbanization in four species of hole-nesting birds. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2016, 6, 5907-5920.	1.9	47
15	Foraging Trade-offs between Prey Size, Delivery Rate and Prey Type: How Does Niche Breadth and Early Learning of the Foraging Niche Affect Food Delivery?. <i>Ethology</i> , 2015, 121, 1010-1017.	1.1	8
16	Variation in clutch size in relation to nest size in birds. <i>Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 4, 3583-3595.	1.9	49
17	Clutch-size variation in Western Palaearctic secondary hole-nesting passerine birds in relation to nest box design. <i>Methods in Ecology and Evolution</i> , 2014, 5, 353-362.	5.2	36
18	Evolution of parental roles in provisioning birds: diet determines role asymmetry in raptors. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2014, 25, 762-772.	2.2	23

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19	Vertical and horizontal transmission of nest site preferences in titmice. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2013, 85, 323-328.	1.9	19
20	Postfledging movements in birds: Do tit families track environmental phenology?. <i>Auk</i> , 2013, 130, 36-45.	1.4	9
21	Assessing the Effects of Climate on Host-Parasite Interactions: A Comparative Study of European Birds and Their Parasites. <i>PLoS ONE</i> , 2013, 8, e82886.	2.5	38
22	Brood parasites may use gape size constraints to exploit provisioning rules of smaller hosts: an experimental test of mechanisms of food allocation. <i>Behavioral Ecology</i> , 2012, 23, 391-396.	2.2	5
23	Parents adjust feeding effort in relation to nestling age in the Eurasian Kestrel (<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>). <i>Journal of Ornithology</i> , 2012, 153, 1087-1099.	1.1	27
24	Social learning in birds and its role in shaping a foraging niche. <i>Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2011, 366, 969-977.	4.0	148
25	Vocal Plasticity - are Pied Flycatchers, <i>Ficedula Hypoleuca</i> , Open-Ended Learners?. <i>Ethology</i> , 2011, 117, 188-198.	1.1	22
26	Do Male Pied Flycatchers (<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>) Adjust Their Feeding Effort According to Egg Colour?. <i>Ethology</i> , 2011, 117, 309-317.	1.1	15
27	The Design of Artificial Nestboxes for the Study of Secondary Hole-Nesting Birds: A Review of Methodological Inconsistencies and Potential Biases. <i>Acta Ornithologica</i> , 2010, 45, 1-26.	0.5	274
28	Interspecific cross-fostering affects mate guarding behaviour in great tits (<i>Parus major</i>). <i>Behaviour</i> , 2009, 146, 1349-1361.	0.8	7
29	Mouth coloration in nestling birds: increasing detection or signalling quality?. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2009, 78, 1413-1420.	1.9	33
30	Parental Sex Differences in Food Allocation to Junior Brood Members as Mediated by Prey Size. <i>Ethology</i> , 2009, 115, 49-58.	1.1	21
31	Facultative Adjustment of Brood Sex Ratio in Response to Indirect Manipulation of Behaviour. <i>Ethology</i> , 2009, 115, 1057-1065.	1.1	2
32	Reproductive strategy and singing activity: blue tit and great tit compared. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2008, 62, 1633-1641.	1.4	37
33	Imprinted species recognition lasts for life in free-living great tits and blue tits. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2008, 75, 921-927.	1.9	28
34	Learning the ecological niche. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2007, 274, 19-23.	2.6	110
35	No cultural transmission of species recognition between parents and offspring in free-living great tits and blue tits. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 2007, 61, 1203-1209.	1.4	8
36	Effects of social rearing conditions on song structure and repertoire size: experimental evidence from the field. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2006, 72, 83-95.	1.9	31

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37	An Evolutionary Interpretation of Gift-Giving Behavior in Modern Norwegian Society. <i>Evolutionary Psychology</i> , 2006, 4, 147470490600400.	0.9	10
38	Rival imprinting: interspecifically cross-fostered tits defend their territories against heterospecific intruders. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 2003, 65, 1117-1123.	1.9	45
39	Mate choice and imprinting in birds studied by cross-fostering in the wild. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 2002, 269, 1449-1455.	2.6	131
40	Sexual Imprinting and the Origin of Obligate Brood Parasitism in Birds. <i>American Naturalist</i> , 2001, 158, 354-367.	2.1	47
41	Why are some males dull?. <i>Nature</i> , 2000, 407, 955-956.	27.8	1
42	Female pied flycatchers trade between male quality and mating status in mate choice. <i>Proceedings of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences</i> , 1999, 266, 917-921.	2.6	22
43	Does female aggression prevent polygyny? An experiment with pied flycatchers (<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>). <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 1999, 45, 403-410.	1.4	21
44	POPULATION DIVERGENCE IN SEXUAL ORNAMENTS: THE WHITE FOREHEAD PATCH OF NORWEGIAN PIED FLYCATCHERS IS SMALL AND UNSEXY. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1999, 53, 1235-1246.	2.3	31
45	Female Pied Flycatchers Respond Differently to Songs of Mates, Neighbours and Strangers. <i>Behaviour</i> , 1998, 135, 269-285.	0.8	23
46	HATCHING ASYNCHRONY IN GREAT TITS: A BET-HEDGING STRATEGY?. <i>Ecology</i> , 1998, 79, 295-304.	3.2	48
47	Incomplete Female Knowledge of Male Quality May Explain Variation in Extra-Pair Paternity in Birds. <i>Behaviour</i> , 1997, 134, 353-371.	0.8	51
48	Plumage Coloration and Conspicuousness in Birds: Experiments with the Pied Flycatcher. <i>Auk</i> , 1996, 113, 849-857.	1.4	32
49	Risk taking during parental care: a test of three hypotheses applied to the pied flycatcher. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 1996, 39, 31-42.	1.4	106
50	Mate Choice On Multiple Cues, Decision Rules and Sampling Strategies in Female Pied Flycatchers. <i>Behaviour</i> , 1996, 133, 903-944.	0.8	99
51	Predation favours cryptic coloration in breeding male pied flycatchers. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 1995, 50, 1109-1121.	1.9	119
52	Disappearance of Female Pied Flycatchers in Relation to Breeding Stage and Experimentally Induced Molt. <i>Ecology</i> , 1995, 77, 461-471.	3.2	93
53	Female Contests for Nest Sites and Mates in the Pied Flycatcher <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i> . <i>Ethology</i> , 1995, 99, 209-222.	1.1	53
54	Dawn Singing in the Great Tit (<i>Parus Major</i>): Mate Attraction, Mate Guarding, or Territorial Defence?. <i>Behaviour</i> , 1994, 131, 115-138.	0.8	94

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55	Selection by sexual conflict for evenly spaced offspring in blue tits. <i>Nature</i> , 1994, 370, 136-138.	27.8	66
56	Why do female pied flycatchers mate with already mated males: deception or restricted mate sampling?. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 1994, 34, 239-250.	1.4	4
57	Female-Female Aggression and Monogamy in Great Tits <i>Parus major</i> . <i>Ornis Scandinavica</i> , 1993, 24, 155.	1.0	62
58	PLUMAGE COLOR IS A CONDITION-DEPENDENT SEXUAL TRAIT IN MALE PIED FLYCATCHERS. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1992, 46, 825-828.	2.3	40
59	Female-female aggression explains polyterritoriality in male pied flycatchers. <i>Animal Behaviour</i> , 1992, 43, 397-407.	1.9	62
60	Growth and sex ratio of nestlings in two species of crows: how important is hatching asynchrony?. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1992, 90, 43-49.	2.0	14
61	Competition for a mate restricts mate search of female pied flycatchers. <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 1992, 30, 165-176.	1.4	108
62	EVOLUTION OF PLUMAGE COLOR IN MALE PIED FLYCATCHERS (<i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i>): EVIDENCE FOR FEMALE MIMICRY. <i>Evolution; International Journal of Organic Evolution</i> , 1991, 45, 910-917.	2.3	35
63	Influence of Male and Female Quality on Clutch Size in Tits (<i>Parus Spp.</i>). <i>Ecology</i> , 1990, 71, 1258-1266.	3.2	124
64	Experiments on clutch size and nest size in passerine birds. <i>Oecologia</i> , 1989, 80, 297-302.	2.0	65
65	Nest Site Settlement by the Pied Flycatcher: Does the Female Choose Her Mate for the Quality of His House or Himself?. <i>Ornis Scandinavica</i> , 1986, 17, 210.	1.0	84
66	Mate retention and male polyterritoriality in the pied flycatcher <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i> . <i>Behavioral Ecology and Sociobiology</i> , 1986, 19, 25-30.	1.4	45
67	Competition between the Great Tit <i>Parus major</i> and the Pied Flycatcher <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i> : An Experiment. <i>Ornis Scandinavica</i> , 1978, 9, 46.	1.0	35
68	Annual and Geographical Variation in the Time of Breeding of the Great Tit <i>Parus major</i> and the Pied Flycatcher <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i> in Relation to Environmental Phenology and Spring Temperature. <i>Ornis Scandinavica</i> , 1976, 7, 127.	1.0	89
69	Competition between the Great Tit <i>Parus major</i> and the Pied Flycatcher <i>Ficedula hypoleuca</i> in the Breeding Season. <i>Ornis Scandinavica</i> , 1975, 6, 179.	1.0	67